

ARTICLE 6. CONDITIONAL USES

SECTION 6.010. AUTHORIZATION TO GRANT OR DENY CONDITIONAL USES.

A conditional use listed in this ordinance shall be permitted, altered or denied in accordance with the standards and procedures of this ordinance and this Article by action of the Planning Commission or Article 9 Administrative Provisions unless exempted by Section 6.015. In the case of a use existing prior to the effective date of this ordinance and classified in this ordinance as a conditional use, a change in use or in lot area or an alteration of structure shall conform with the requirements for a conditional use.

SECTION 6.015. REQUIREMENTS UNDER A STATE ENERGY FACILITY SITE CERTIFICATE.

If a holder of a Site Certificate issued by the Oregon Energy Facility Siting Council requests a conditional use permit for an energy facility as outlined under ORS 469.401(3) and pays the requisite fee, the Planning Director shall issue such conditional use permit. The conditional use permit shall incorporate only the standards and conditions in Morrow County's land use and other ordinances as contained in the site certificate. Issuance of the Conditional Use Permit shall be done promptly, not taking more than four weeks once it has been determined that a valid Site Certificate has been issued, the applicant has submitted a complete application and the fee has been received

SECTION 6.020. GENERAL CRITERIA.

In judging whether a conditional use proposal shall be approved or denied, the Commission shall weigh the proposal's appropriateness and desirability, or the public convenience or necessity to be served against any adverse conditions that would result from authorizing the particular development at the location proposed and, to approve such use, shall find that the following criteria are either met or can be met by observance of conditions.

- A. The proposal will be consistent with the Comprehensive Plan and the objectives of the Zoning Ordinance and other applicable policies and regulations of the County.
- B. If located within the Urban Growth Boundary of a city, that said city has had an opportunity to review and comment on the subject proposal.
- C. The proposal will not exceed carrying capacities of natural resources or public facilities.

SECTION 6.025. RESOURCE ZONE STANDARDS FOR APPROVAL.

- A. In the Exclusive Farm Use zone, a conditional use permit may be approved only when the County finds that the use will not:
 - 1. Force a significant change in accepted farm or forest practices on surrounding lands devoted to farm or forest use; or
 - 2. Significantly increase the cost of accepted farm or forest practices on surrounding lands devoted to farm or forest use.
- B. In the Forest Use Zone, a conditional use permit may be approved only when requirements that are designed to make the use compatible with forest operations and agriculture and to conserve values found on forest lands are met. A conditional use may be approved only when the County finds that the use will not:
 - 1. Force a significant change in, or significantly increase the cost of, accepted farming or forest practices on agriculture or forest lands;

2. Significantly increase fire hazard, significantly increase fire suppression costs, or significantly increase risks to fire suppression personnel; and
3. A written statement recorded with the deed or written contract with the County is obtained from the land owner that recognizes the rights of adjacent and nearby land owners to conduct forest operations consistent with the Forest Practices Act and Rules. (MC OR-1-2013)

SECTION 6.030. GENERAL CONDITIONS.

In addition to the standards and conditions set forth in a specific zone, this article, and other applicable regulations; in permitting a new conditional use or an alteration to an existing conditional use, the Commission may impose conditions which it finds necessary to avoid a detrimental impact and to otherwise protect the best interests of the surrounding area or the County as a whole. These conditions may include the following:

A. Limiting the manner in which the use is conducted including restricting the time an activity may take place and restraints to minimize such environmental effects as noise, vibration, air pollution, glare and odor.

B. Establishing a special yard or other open space or lot area or dimension.

C. Limiting the height, size or location of a building or other structure.

D. Designating the size, number, location and nature of vehicle access points.

1. Where access to a county road is needed, a permit from Morrow County Public Works department is required. Where access to a state highway is needed, a permit from ODOT is required.

2. In addition to the other standards and conditions set forth in this section, a Traffic Impact Analysis (TIA) will be required for all projects generating more than 400 passenger car equivalent trips per day. A TIA will include: trips generated by the project, trip distribution for the project, identification of intersections for which the project adds 30 or more peak hour passenger car equivalent trips, and level of service assessment, impacts of the project, and mitigation of the impacts. If the corridor is a State Highway, use ODOT standards.(MC-C-8-98)

E. Increasing the amount of street dedication, roadway width or improvements within the street right-of-way.

1. It is the responsibility of the land owner to provide appropriate access for emergency vehicles at the time of development. (MC-C-8-98)

F. Designating the size, location, screening, drainage, surfacing or other improvement of a parking area or loading area.

G. Limiting the number, size, location, height, and lighting of signs.

H. Limiting the location and intensity of outdoor lighting and requiring its shielding.

I. Requiring diking, screening, landscaping or another facility to protect adjacent or nearby property and designating standards for its installation and maintenance.

J. Designating the size, height, location and materials for a fence.

K. Protecting and preserving existing trees, vegetation, water resources, wildlife habitat or other significant natural resources.

L. Other conditions necessary to permit the development of the County in conformity with the intent and purpose of this Ordinance and the policies of the Comprehensive Plan.

SECTION 6.040. PERMIT AND IMPROVEMENTS ASSURANCE.

The Commission may require an applicant to furnish the County with a performance bond or such other form of assurance that the Commission deems necessary to guarantee development in accordance with the standards established and the conditions attached in granting a conditional use permit.

SECTION 6.050. STANDARDS GOVERNING CONDITIONAL USES.

A conditional use shall comply with the standards of the zone in which it is located and with the standards set forth in this subsection.

A. Airports, aircraft landing fields, aircraft charter, rental, service and maintenance facilities not located in an Aircraft Approach Zone: The Planning Commission shall find that the location and site design of the proposed facility will not be hazardous to the safety and general welfare of surrounding properties, nor that the location will unnecessarily restrict existing and future development of surrounding lands as designated by the Comprehensive Plan.

B. Automobile wrecking yard or junk yard: In considering a conditional use application for an automobile wrecking yard or junk yard, the Commission shall require that it be enclosed and screened from public view by a sight-obscuring fence not less than six feet in height. If applicable, the Commission shall be assured that the proposal is in conformance with applicable State regulations.

C. Cemeteries: The Commission shall require evidence and shall find that the terrain and soil types of a proposed location are suitable for interment, and that the nature of the subsoil and drainage will not have a detrimental effect on ground water sources or domestic water supplies in the area of the proposed use.

D. Church, hospital, nursing home, convalescent home, retirement home:

1. Such uses may be authorized as a conditional use only after consideration of the following factors:
 - a. Sufficient area provided for the building, required yards, and off-street parking (related structures and uses such as a manse, parochial school, or parish house are considered separate principal uses and additional lot areas shall be required therefore).
 - b. Location of the site relative to the service area.
 - c. Probable growth and needs therefore.
 - d. Site location relative to land uses in the vicinity.

e. Adequacy of access to and from principal streets together with the probable effects on the traffic volumes of abutting and nearby streets.

2. Such uses or related buildings shall be at least 30 feet from a side or rear lotline.

3. Such uses may be built to exceed the height limitations of the zone in which it is located to a maximum height of 50 feet if the total floor area of the building does not exceed the area of the site and if the yard dimensions in each case are equal to at least two-thirds of the height of the principal structure.

D. Clinics, clubs, lodges, fraternal organizations, community centers and grange halls, golf courses, grounds and buildings for games or sports, country clubs, swimming, boating, tennis clubs, and similar activities, governmental structures and land uses, parks, playgrounds. In considering the above, the Planning Commission may authorize the conditional use after assurance that the following are to be provided:

1. Adequate access from principal streets.

2. Adequate off-street parking.

3. Adequate building and site design provisions to minimize noise and glare from the building and site.

E. Dog Pounds and Kennels: The Planning Commission may authorize a dog pound or kennel as a conditional use provided that building and site design provisions are adequate to minimize noise and odor. When necessary to protect surrounding properties, the Planning Commission may require a sight-obscuring fence or hedge, and may restrict vehicular access and loading facilities, especially those required by trucks transporting large animals.

F. Home Occupations, when permitted as a conditional use and conducted as an accessory use, shall be subject to the following limitations:

1. The home occupation is to be secondary to the main use of the property as a residence and shall be conducted within the same dwelling or in an accessory building on the same property.

2. No structural alterations shall be allowed to accommodate the home occupation except when otherwise required by law, and then only after the plans for such alteration have been reviewed and approved. Such structural alterations shall not detract from the outward appearance of the building as an accessory structure to a residence.

3. One non-illuminated sign not to exceed 200 square inches and bearing only the name and occupation of the resident shall be permitted. Applicant must show consistency with applicable sign provisions in Article 4 of this Ordinance.

4. No materials or mechanical equipment shall be used which will be detrimental to the residential use of the property or adjoining residences because of vibration, noise, dust, smoke, odor, interferences with radio or television reception, or other factors.

5. No materials or commodities shall be delivered to or from the property which are of such bulk or quantity as to require delivery by a commercial vehicle or a trailer or the

parking of customer's vehicles in a manner or frequency as to cause disturbance or inconvenience to nearby residents or necessitate off-street parking.

6. Retail sales shall be limited or accessory to a service.
7. Be operated by a resident or employee of a resident of the property on which the business is located.
8. The permit allowing a home occupation shall be reviewed every 12 months following the date the permit was issued and may continue the permit if the home occupation continues to comply with the requirements of this section.
9. Employ on the site no more than five full-time or part-time persons.
10. Not unreasonably interfere with other uses permitted in the zone in which the property is located.
11. When a bed and breakfast facility is sited as a home occupation on the same tract as a winery established pursuant to Section 3.010 and is operated in association with the winery:
 - a. The bed and breakfast facility may prepare and serve two meals per day to the registered guests of the bed and breakfast facility; and
 - b. The meals may be served at the bed and breakfast facility or at the winery.

G. Landfill, solid waste disposal site: The Planning Commission may authorize a landfill or other solid waste disposal site as a conditional use, subject to the following standards:

1. The facility shall be designed to minimize conflicts with existing and permitted uses allowed under plan designations for adjacent parcels as outlined in policies of the Comprehensive Plan.
2. The facility must be of a size and design to minimize noise or other detrimental effects when located adjacent to farm, forest, and grazing dwellings or a residential zone.
3. The facility shall be fenced when the site is located adjacent to dwelling(s) or a residential zone, and landscaping, buffering, and/or screening shall be provided.
4. If located in a forested area, the county shall condition approval to ensure that minimum fire safety measures will be taken, including but not limited to requiring that the area surrounding the facility is kept free from litter and debris.
5. Access roads or easements for the facility shall be improved to the county's Transportation System Plan standards and comply with grades recommended by the Public Works Director.
6. The county may limit hours of operation for the facility to be compatible with adjacent uses.
7. Comply with other conditions deemed necessary.

I. Mining, or other extraction activity: The following uses shall be permitted subject to the review standards of this Ordinance: mining more than 1000 cubic yards of material or excavation preparatory to mining of a surface area of more than one acre on land zoned for Farm Use (EFU and RRI) and 5000 cubic yards in other zones (i.e. PI, MG, SAI and FU) of material, stockpiling and processing of mineral and aggregate materials. Temporary use of offices, shops or other accessory structures used for the management and maintenance of mining and processing equipment; sale of mining products extracted and processed on-site; storage of transportation equipment or storage of machinery or equipment used in conjunction with on-site mining or processing; other activities including buildings and structures necessary and accessory to development or reclamation of a mineral or aggregate resource should be part of the overall conditional permit application. (MC OR-1-2013)

General Permitting Provisions:

1. New Permit: For an application for mining to be complete an applicant must provide a map and other documentation to show the permit area boundary, property lines and other pertinent information that will address the requirements of the Approval Criteria.
2. Continuation: When a mine has been lawfully permitted in the County and the owner or operator was issued and continuously renewed a State permit, the permit will remain valid as long as the operation still conforms to the Conditions of the local and State permits. After a period of inactivity of 12 years, and the owner or operator wishes to renew mine activity, a new Zoning Permit (along with the usual Zoning Permit fee) must be submitted to the Planning Department in order to review the Conditions of Approval. Approval of this type of request is not a land use decision and shall be an administrative action by the Planning Director without a public hearing but shall be subject to a minimum 14- day notice to affected landowners.
3. Alteration: Requests for permit alteration shall be made when the operator or owner proposes changes to the mining activity that no longer conform to the requirements of the original permit. For alterations if the decision does not involve an amendment to the Comprehensive Plan, it shall be an administrative decision by the Planning Director without a public hearing but shall be subject to a minimum 14-day public notice period to provide an opportunity for any person adversely affected, or who is entitled to notice, to file an appeal.
4. Emergency Permits. In concurrence with a DOGAMI emergency operating permit, the Planning Director may issue an emergency aggregate mining approval in response to a natural disaster with the intent to abate the imminent threat. The permit will be valid for the duration of the concurrent DOGAMI permit. If after termination of the emergency operating permit the operator wishes to continue the mining operation, the operator shall follow the procedures for an aggregate mine approval as required in the use zone the mining operation is located in. (MC OR-1-2013)

Local Permit Approval Criteria: An application for mineral or aggregate mining must address provisions found in Article 6 Conditional Uses Section 6.020 General Criteria, Section 6.025 Resource Zone Standards for Approval when in a Farm or Forest Zone, and the following:

1. Proposed hours and/or days of operation. The conditions as to when the mining and processing would be restricted to specific hours of operation or days when mining operations would be limited. For operations conducted after dark, limiting the location and intensity of outdoor lighting and requiring its shielding.
2. Limiting or otherwise designating the number, size, location, height, and lighting of signs. Signs other than safety signs must comply with the sign requirements in Section 4 of the Zoning Ordinance.
3. A rock crusher, washer or sorter shall not be located within 500 feet from a residential or commercial use unless it can be established that the use will meet DEQ performance standards for noise and not be expected to cause a noise nuisance at nearby residential or commercial uses. In farm or forest use zones the processing of rock, aggregate or minerals shall not be within one-half mile of a noise sensitive area if the operation operates more than nine hours per day or for more than five days per week. (ORS 467.120(2)).
4. All water necessary for the proposed operation shall be appropriated and legally available to the site.
5. The discharge of airborne contaminants and dust created by mining shall comply with applicable DEQ ambient air quality and emissions standards, or approval shall be conditioned to ensure that such standards will not be violated.
6. A Reclamation Plan approved by DOGAMI will be required for mining operations. When reviewing an applicant's submittal regarding a proposed reclamation plan, Morrow County will review the plan against the following criteria:
 - a. A description of the present land use and planned beneficial use of the site following the mining activity. The applicant must demonstrate that the planned beneficial use is compatible with the Comprehensive Plan and Zoning Ordinance.
 - b. Provisions for the backfilling, recontouring, topsoil replacement, seedbed preparation, mulching, fertilizing, selection of plant species, seeding or planting rates, and schedules;
 - c. Provisions for adequate setbacks and slopes to protect adjacent property and public safety;
 - d. A proposed time schedule for surface mining and reclamation procedures for the removal or disposal of all equipment, refuse, structures, and foundations from the permit area except permanent structures that are part of an approved Reclamation Plan.
7. In accordance with the Transportation System Plan, the requirements of the Public Works Department or the Oregon Department of Transportation shall be complied with regarding the minimization of potential conflicts to local roads used for access and egress to the mining site.
8. Designating the size, number, location and nature of vehicle access points.
 - a. Where access to a county road is needed, a permit from Morrow County Public Works department is required. Where access to a state highway is needed, a permit from ODOT is required.

- b. In addition to the other standards and conditions set forth in this section, a Traffic Impact Analysis (TIA) will be required for all projects generating more than 400 passenger car equivalent trips per day. A TIA will include: trips generated by the project, trip distribution for the project, identification of intersections for which the project adds 30 or more peak hour passenger car equivalent trips, and level of service assessment, impacts of the project, and mitigation of the impacts. If the corridor is a State Highway, use ODOT standards.(MC-C-8-98)
- 9. Increasing the amount of street dedication, roadway width or improvements within the street right-of-way. It is the responsibility of the land owner to provide appropriate access for emergency vehicles at the time of development. (MC-C-8-98)
- 10. An application for a mining operation contiguous to an existing operation approved under this section shall be evaluated in conjunction with the existing site when it appears the sites will be managed and operated as one.
- 11. Ensuring adequate space for parking and loading.
- 12. Approvals for or that include operations that batch and blend mineral and aggregate into asphalt cement may not be authorized within two miles of a planted vineyard.(one or more vineyards totaling 40 acres or more that are planted as of the date the application for batching and blending is filed).
- 13. A plan for the control of noxious weeds. (MC OR-1-2013)

J. Commercial use or accessory use not wholly enclosed within a building or a retail establishment, office, service commercial establishment, financial institution, or personal or business service establishment on a lot in a residential zone. In any zone, permitting a commercial use or accessory use not wholly enclosed within a building or a retail establishment, office, service commercial establishment, financial institution, or personal or business service establishment on a lot abutting or across the street from a lot in a residential zone may be permitted as a conditional use subject to the following standards:

- 1. A sight-obscuring fence or evergreen hedge may be required by the Planning Commission when, in its judgment, such a fence or hedge or combination thereof is necessary to preserve the values of nearby properties or to protect the aesthetic character of the neighborhood or vicinity.
- 2. In addition to the requirements of the applicable zone, the Planning Commission may further regulate the placement and design of signs and lights in order to preserve the values of nearby properties; to protect them from glare, noise, or other distractions; or to protect the aesthetic character of the neighborhood or vicinity.
- 3. In order to avoid unnecessary traffic congestion and hazards, the Planning Commission may limit access to the property.

K. Commercial amusement establishment. A commercial amusement establishment may be authorized after consideration of the following factors:

1. Adequacy of access from principal streets together with the probable effect of traffic volumes of abutting and nearby streets.
2. Adequacy of off-street parking.
3. Adequacy of building and site design provisions to maintain a reasonable minimum of noise and glare from the building and site.

L. Mobile Home Park. A mobile home park shall be built to state standards in effect at the time of construction, the following provisions, and any additional conditions set forth in the Commission's approval prior to occupancy.

1. Evidence shall be provided that the park will be eligible for a certificate of sanitation as required by state law.
2. The space provided for each mobile home shall be provided with piped potable water and electrical and sewerage connections and shall not be less than 30 feet in width nor less than 40 feet in length.
3. The number of spaces for mobile homes shall not exceed 12 for each acre of the total area in the mobile home park. Except that the Commission may vary this density as follows:
 - a. If dedicated open space equals 50% or more of the total area of the park, a maximum 10% increase in units per acre may be granted.
 - b. If in addition to (a) a maintained playground area with approved equipment, such as goal posts, swings, slides, etc., is provided, the maximum increase in units per acre may be increased an additional 5%.
 - c. If in addition to (a) and (b) an approved recreation/community building is provided, an additional 10% increase of units/acre may be allowed (maximum total increase possible - 25%).
4. A mobile home shall occupy not more than 40 percent of the contiguous space provided for the exclusive use of the occupants of the mobile homes and exclusive of space provided for the common use of tenants, such as roadways, general use structures, parking spaces, walkways, and areas for recreation and landscaping.
5. No mobile home in the park shall be located closer than 15 feet from another mobile home or from a general use building in the park. No mobile home accessory building or other building or structure on a mobile home space shall be closer than 10 feet from a mobile home accessory building or other building or structure on another mobile home space. No mobile home or other building or structure shall be within 25 feet of a public street property boundary or 10 feet of another property boundary.
6. A mobile home permitted in the park shall meet the following standards as determined by an inspection by the building official:

- a. It shall have a state insignia indicating compliance with Oregon State Home Construction Standards in effect at the time of manufacture and including compliance for reconstruction or equipment installation made after manufacture.
- b. Notwithstanding deterioration which may have occurred due to misuse, neglect, accident or other cause, the mobile home shall meet the state standards for mobile home construction evidenced by the insignia.
- c. It shall contain not less than 225 square feet of space as determined by measurement of the exterior of the unit exclusive of any trailer hitch device.
- d. It shall contain a water closet, lavatory, shower or tub, and a sink in a kitchen or other food preparation space.

7. A mobile home permitted in the park shall be provided with a continuous skirting, and if a single-wide unit, shall be tied down with devices that meet state standards for tie down devices.

8. There shall be no outdoor storage of furniture, tools, equipment, building materials or supplies belonging to the occupants or management of the park.

9. The land which is used for park purposes shall be surrounded, except at entry and exit places, by a sight-obscuring fence or hedge not less than six feet in height. The fence or hedge shall be maintained in a neat appearance.

10. If the park provides spaces for 50 or more mobile home units, each vehicular way in the park shall be named and marked with signs which are similar in appearance to those used to identify public streets. A map of the named vehicular ways shall be provided to the appropriate fire department.

11. If a mobile home space or permanent structure in a park within the Urban Growth Boundary of a city is more than 500 feet from a public fire hydrant, the park shall have water supply mains designed to serve fire hydrants and hydrants shall be provided within 500 feet of such space or structure. Each hydrant within the park shall be located on a vehicular way and shall conform in design and capacity to the public hydrants in the affected city.

12. Open Space. A minimum of at least 2,500 square feet plus 100 square feet per mobile home space shall be provided for a recreational play area group or community activities. (No play area is required if the individual mobile home spaces contain in excess of 4,000 square feet). The Planning Commission may require this area to be protected from streets, parking areas, or the like, by a fence or the equivalent, that conforms to fence regulations, but at least 30 inches in height where allowed by fence ordinances. Unless otherwise approved, no required open space area shall contain less than 2,500 square feet. Recreation areas shall be improved with grass, plantings, surfacing or buildings suitable for recreational use.

No recreation facility created within a mobile home park wholly to satisfy the requirements of this section shall be open to, or offered in itself to, the general public.

13. Parking space requirement. A parking space shall be provided for each mobile home space on the site. In addition, guest parking spaces shall also be provided in every mobile home park within 200 feet of the mobile home spaces and at a ratio of one parking space for each two mobile home spaces. Parking spaces shall have durable and dustless surfaces adequately maintained for all-weather use and shall be properly drained.

14. All mobile home parks over 10 acres in size shall be located so as to have access on a street designated as a collector street.

15. All trailer parks containing a total site area of 20 acres or more shall provide a secondary access to the trailer park. Such secondary access shall enter the public street system at least 150 feet from the primary access.

16. Lighting shall be installed along the access ways of the trailer park and the recreation area with lights of 100 watts or better not over 100 feet apart. Wire for service to light poles and trailer spaces shall be underground.

17. Roadways within the park shall be improved with an all-weather dustless surface and shall not be less than 30 feet in width if parking is permitted on the margin of the roadway, or less than 20 feet in width if parking is not permitted on the edge of the roadway and an adequate designated area is provided and improved for guest parking and tenant recreational vehicles (such area shall be designed and improved to provide not less than one parking space per each two spaces in the park).

18. No mobile home park shall be created on a site less than one acre.

M. Multi-Family Dwelling Complex. A multi-family dwelling complex shall comply with the following provisions, and any additional conditions set forth in the Commission's approval, and shall be constructed pursuant thereto prior to occupancy.

1. The number of units permitted by the applicable zone per gross square footage of a site may be increased as follows:

a. If dedicated open space which is developed and landscaped equals 50% or more of the total area of the site, a maximum 10% increase in the number of units may be granted.

b. If in addition to (a) a maintained playground area with approved equipment, such as goal posts, swings, slides, etc., is provided, the number of units permitted may be increased 5%.

c. If in addition to (a) and (b) an approved recreational community building is provided, an additional 10% increase of units may be granted. (Maximum total increase possible is 25%).

2. There shall be no outdoor storage of furniture, tools, equipment, building materials or supplies belonging to the occupants or management of the complex.

3. If such a complex or any unit thereof is more than 500 feet from a public fire hydrant, such shall be provided at appropriate locations on a vehicular way and shall conform in design and capacity to the public hydrants in the affected way.

4. A minimum of at least 2,500 square feet plus 100 square feet per dwelling unit shall be provided for a recreational play area, group or community activities. Such area shall be improved with grass, plantings, surfacing, equipment or buildings suitable for recreational use. The Commission may require this area to be protected from streets, parking areas, or the like, by a fence or the equivalent. (No play area is required if more than 70% of the area is preserved as open space and is sufficiently developed and landscaped, or the development is to be occupied solely by the elderly.

5. All such complexes with more than 20 dwelling units shall be located so as to have access on a street designated as a collector unless otherwise approved by the Commission.

6. All such complexes shall provide both an ingress and egress.

7. All roadways and parking areas shall be paved, and roadways shall not be less than 20 feet in width, except as approved by the Commission.

8. A sight-obscuring fence or evergreen hedge may be required by the Commission when, in its judgment, such screening is necessary to preserve the values of nearby properties, protect the aesthetic character of the neighborhood or vicinity, and to provide security for occupants of the subject complex.

9. All accessory structures associated with such a complex shall be set back 50 feet from the property line of an abutting single-family residential lot or use.

N. Recreational Vehicle Park (RV Park). A recreational vehicle park shall be built to state building code and public health standards in effect at the time of construction, with the following provisions and any additional conditions set forth in the Commission's approval prior to occupancy. RV Parks constructed or operated on resource land to address temporary workforce housing needs shall conform with Oregon Administrative Rule.

1. Roadways shall be not less than 30 feet in width if parking is permitted on the margin of the roadway, or less than 20 feet in width if parking is not permitted on the edge of the roadway.

2. Roadways shall be paved with asphalt, concrete or similar impervious surface and designed to permit easy access to each RV space.

3. Trash receptacles for the disposal of solid waste materials shall be provided at a rate of one 30 gallon container for each four RV spaces and be located within 300 feet of each RV space.

4. Recreational Vehicles may be permitted to stay in RV Parks indefinitely provided that the following conditions are met:

a. It is lawfully connected to water and electrical supply systems and a sewage disposal system.

b. Winterizing and skirting shall be required.

c. There shall be no outdoor storage.

d. Occupancy of each RV shall not exceed the number of persons for which the RV was designed and manufactured.

e. A copy of the park rules shall be submitted by the park owner and kept on file in the Planning Department. (MC-C-1-01)

5. The total number of parking spaces in the park, exclusive of parking provided for the exclusive use of the manager or employees of the park shall be equal to one space per RV space. Parking spaces shall be covered with crushed gravel or paved with asphalt, concrete or similar material.

O. Radio, television tower, utility station or substation:

1. In a residential zone, all equipment storage on the site may be required to be within an enclosed building.

2. The use may be required to be fenced and provided with landscaping.

3. The minimum lot size for a public utility facility may be waived on finding that the waiver will not result in noise or other detrimental effects to adjacent property.

4. Transmission towers, hoses, overhead wires, plumbing stations, and similar gear shall be so located, designed and installed as to minimize their conflict with scenic values.

SECTION 6.060. PROCEDURE FOR TAKING ACTION ON A CONDITIONAL USE APPLICATION.

The procedure for taking action on a conditional use application shall follow the procedures outlined in Article 9 and as further defined below:

A. A property owner may initiate a request for a conditional use by filing an application with the Planning Department, using forms prescribed pursuant to Article 9. Applications shall be filed with the Planning Department at least 35 days prior to the Planning Commission meeting of submittal thereto.

B. If an application for a conditional use involves property and a use located within the Urban Growth Boundary of an incorporated city the Joint Management Agreement in place with that city will govern. (MC OR-1-2013)

SECTION 6.070. TIME LIMIT TO INITIATE A CONDITIONAL USE.

A. On land zoned for Farm Use or Forest Use a conditional use permit is valid for two years from the date of the final decision. The County may grant ministerially an extension period of up to 12 months on land zoned for Farm Use or Forest Use if:

1. An applicant makes a written request for an extension of the development approval period;

2. The request is submitted to the county prior to the expiration of the approval period;

3. Provisions of the County Code applicable to the original approval have not changed.

- B. In Farm and Forest zones outside of an Urban Growth Boundary, permits for residential development are valid for four years and an extension, when requested using the provisions above, is valid for two years.
- C. On land zoned other than Farm or Forest Use, a conditional use is valid for two years. In the case of appeals, the two year permit period shall be tolled until a decision by a review authority with final jurisdiction is made that is not appealed.

An additional one-year extension may be authorized by county staff without providing notice and opportunity for a hearing under the following conditions:

1. An applicant makes a written request for an extension of the development approval period;
 2. The request is submitted to the county prior to the expiration of the approval period, excepting any request under consideration on the date of adoption of this amendment;
 3. Provisions of the County Code applicable to the original approval have not changed.
- D. Approval of an extension granted under this Section is a ministerial decision, is not a land use decision as described in ORS 197.015 and is not subject to appeal as a land use decision.
 - E. The time periods described above do not take effect until all appeals are complete. (MC OR-1-2013)
 - F. A Zoning Permit is required prior to building permit approval for all structures approved through the Conditional Use Permit process. A Conditional Use Permit is vested when an associated Zoning Permit has been approved for the development.

SECTION 6.075. LENGTH OF PERMITS, PERMIT HOLDER, RENEWAL AND REVOCATION.

- A. Length of Permit and Permit Holder: The County may evaluate how long a particular conditional use is expected to remain valid. Some conditional uses may be considered “permanent” as a fully developed use that “runs with the land” and it attaches to and benefits the land and is not limited to a particular landowner. The County may require the owner of the original conditional use permit to record the permitted use on the deed record. The permit is the responsibility of the current owner of the property, whether that is the original applicant or a successor.

A conditional use permit may allow a use that would benefit the permit owner on a sporadic or temporary basis until the purpose for the conditional use permit no longer exists. Upon termination of the use, the land must be in a condition that it may be re-developed in compliance with its current zoning designation. The County may authorize a conditional use permit until a particular date, for a stated period of time, or until the occurrence of a particular event. Additionally, the County may stipulate that a Conditional Use Permit will be reviewed or renewable after a stated time period.

- B. Reviews and Renewals. If a review or renewal date is included as a condition by which a conditional use permit is granted, initial review would be ministerial and completed by

the Planning Director. The holder of the conditional use permit will be required to make application and pay the requisite fee for review. The review would evaluate the permit conditions and adherence to them, determine if any changes had taken place with the uses allowed in the zone, and determine whether any complaints had been logged concerning the property or the conditional use. If any concerns arise further review will take place at a public hearing with notice. If no concerns arise the permit will be renewed.

For conditional use permits without a review or renewal condition, or if complaints are received concerning a conditional use permit, the County may review any valid conditional use permit for compliance with the conditions of the permit. This review would be a ministerial review done by the Planning Director. If it is deemed necessary by the Planning Director to amend or revoke the permit, a public hearing with notice must be held before the Planning Commission. If action is based on a complaint the complainant may be required to pay any permit review or renewal application fees.

- C. Revocation or Vacation. Any conditional use permit may be vacated by the current landowner or by the County after appropriate notice and hearing when:
- The use has been terminated and there is no expectation by the land owner and the County that the use will continue;
 - The use is not being conducted in compliance with the stated conditions of the permit, or
 - The County finds that the use jeopardizes the public health, safety and welfare of Morrow County and the use does not conform to the Morrow County Code Enforcement Ordinance or other adopted ordinances. (MC OR-1-2013)

SECTION 6.080. ZONING PERMIT.

a zoning permit is required prior to building permit approval for any conditional use permitted and approved pursuant to the provisions of this Ordinance. A Conditional Use Permit is vested when an associated Zoning Permit has been approved for the development. The intent of the zoning permit requirement is to ensure compliance with the requirements and conditions of the approved Conditional Use Permit.