

MORROW COUNTY BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS MEETING AGENDA

Wednesday, January 19, 2022 at 9:00 a.m.

Bartholomew Building Upper Conference Room

110 N. Court St., Heppner, Oregon

See Zoom Meeting Information on Page 2

AMENDED

1. **Call to Order and Pledge of Allegiance: 9:00 a.m.**
2. **City/Citizen Comments:** Individuals may address the Board on issues not on the agenda
3. **Open Agenda:** The Board may introduce subjects not already on the agenda
4. **Consent Calendar**
 - a. Approve Accounts Payable & Payroll Payables
 - b. Appoint Budget Officer
 - c. Fair Board Reappointment Requests
 - d. Letter of Agreement with Teamsters Local Union 223 – Morrow County Sheriff’s Office Association
5. **Public Hearing: Supplemental Budget Resolution No. R-2022-1: Unforeseen Special Revenue Funds (Kate Knop, Finance Director)**
6. **Business Items**
 - a. U.S. Treasury Final Ruling on American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 Funds (Kate Knop)
 - b. Tax Foreclosure Sale to Previous Owner (Mike Gorman, Assessor/Tax Collector)
 - c. Idaho Power/Boardman to Hemingway (B2H) Update (Oregon Department of Energy: Kellen Tardaewether, Senior Siting Analyst; Idaho Power: Joe Stippel, Project Manager, Kurtis Funke, Real Estate Specialist & Jeff Maffuccio, Siting Coordinator)
 - d. Emergency Management Performance Grant, CFDA #97.042, Grant No. 21-525 (Paul Gray, Emergency Manager)
 - e. Grazing Permits and Agreements with Horseshoe Hereford Ranch, Inc. & Triangle Ranches for Property in Morrow County and Grant County
 - f. Columbia River Enterprise Zone II Appropriation Discussion
 - g. Decision Based Upon Courthouse Feasibility Study
 - h. Command Team Update
 - i. Building Project Updates
7. **Department Reports**
 - a. Juvenile Department Quarterly Report (Christy Kenny)
 - b. The Loop Quarterly Report (Katie Imes)
 - c. Emergency Management Quarterly Report (Paul Gray)
8. **Correspondence**
9. **Commissioner Reports**
10. **Sign documents**
11. **Adjournment**

Agendas are available every Friday on our website (www.co.morrow.or.us/boc under “Upcoming Events”). Meeting Packets are also available the following Monday.

The meeting location is accessible to persons with disabilities. A request for an interpreter for the hearing impaired or for other accommodations for persons with disabilities should be made at least 48 hours before the meeting to Roberta Lutcher at (541) 676-5613.

Pursuant to ORS 192.640, this agenda includes a list of the principal subjects anticipated to be considered at the meeting; however, the Board may consider additional subjects as well. This meeting is open to the public and interested citizens are invited to attend. Executive sessions are closed to the public; however, with few exceptions and under specific guidelines, are open to the media. The Board may recess for lunch depending on the anticipated length of the meeting and the topics on the agenda. If you have anything that needs to be on the agenda, please notify the Board office before noon of the preceding Friday. If something urgent comes up after this publication deadline, please notify the office as soon as possible. If you have any questions about items listed on the agenda, please contact Darrell J. Green, County Administrator at (541) 676-2529.

Zoom Meeting Information

<https://zoom.us/j/5416762546>

PASSWORD: 97836

Meeting ID: 541-676-2546

Zoom Call-In Numbers for Audio Only:

- 1-346-248-7799, Meeting ID: 541 676 2546#
- 1-669-900-6833, Meeting ID: 541 676 2546#
- 1-312-626-6799, Meeting ID: 541-676-2546#
- 1-929-436-2866, Meeting ID: 541-676-2546#
- 1-253-215-8782, Meeting ID: 541-676-2546#
- 1-301-715-8592, Meeting ID: 541-676-2546#



AGENDA ITEM COVER SHEET
 Morrow County Board of Commissioners
 (Page 1 of 2)

(For BOC Use)
 Item #
 4b

Please complete for each agenda item submitted for consideration by the Board of Commissioners
 (See notations at bottom of form)

Presenter at BOC: Kate Knop

Date submitted to reviewers:

Department: Finance

Requested Agenda Date: 01/19/2022

Short Title of Agenda Item:

Nomination of Budget Officer for Fiscal Year 2022-2023

(No acronyms please)

This Item Involves: (Check all that apply for this meeting.)

- | | |
|---|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Order or Resolution | <input type="checkbox"/> Appointments |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Ordinance/Public Hearing: | <input type="checkbox"/> Update on Project/Committee |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 1st Reading <input type="checkbox"/> 2nd Reading | <input type="checkbox"/> Consent Agenda Eligible |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Public Comment Anticipated: | <input type="checkbox"/> Discussion & Action |
| Estimated Time: | Estimated Time: |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Document Recording Required | <input type="checkbox"/> Purchase Pre-Authorization |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Contract/Agreement | <input type="checkbox"/> Other |

N/A

Purchase Pre-Authorizations, Contracts & Agreements

Contractor/Entity:

Contractor/Entity Address:

Effective Dates – From:

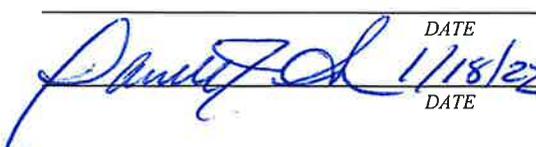
Through:

Total Contract Amount:

Budget Line:

Does the contract amount exceed \$5,000? Yes No

Reviewed By:

_____	Department Director	Required for all BOC meetings
	DATE: 1/18/22	
_____	Administrator	Required for all BOC meetings
_____	County Counsel	*Required for all legal documents
_____	Finance Office	*Required for all contracts; other items as appropriate.
_____	Human Resources	*If appropriate

DATE *Allow 1 week for review (submit to all simultaneously). When each office has notified the submitting department of approval, then submit the request to the BOC for placement on the agenda.

Note: All other entities must sign contracts/agreements before they are presented to the Board of Commissioners (originals preferred). Agendas are published each Friday afternoon, so requests must be received in the BOC Office by 1:00 p.m. on the Friday prior to the Board's Wednesday meeting. Once this form is completed, including County Counsel, Finance and HR review/sign-off (if appropriate), then submit it to the Board of Commissioners Office.

AGENDA ITEM COVER SHEET
Morrow County Board of Commissioners
(Page 2 of 2)

1. ISSUES, BACKGROUND, DISCUSSION AND OPTIONS (IF ANY):

Per 2017 ORS 294.331 - Budget Officer

The governing body of each municipal corporation shall, unless otherwise provided by county or city charter, designate one person to serve as budget officer. The budget officer, or the person or department designated by charter and acting as budget officer, shall prepare or supervise the preparation of the budget document. The budget officer shall act under the direction of the executive officer of the municipal corporation, or when no executive officer exists, under the direction of the governing body. (1963 c576 5)

We need to appoint a Budget Officer for the upcoming fiscal year.

2. FISCAL IMPACT:

3. SUGGESTED ACTION(S)/MOTION(S):

Motion to appoint Finance Director, Kate Knop, as the Budget Officer for the 2022-2023 fiscal year.

Attach additional background documentation as needed.

AGENDA ITEM COVER SHEET

Morrow County Board of Commissioners

(Page 2 of 2)

1. ISSUES, BACKGROUND, DISCUSSION AND OPTIONS (IF ANY):

We have 3 members whose terms ended in December. All 3 members had been appointed to fill remaining terms and would like to be reappointed in hopes of seeing projects that they have helped start be continued and/or finished

2. FISCAL IMPACT:

3. SUGGESTED ACTION(S)/MOTION(S):

we ask that you reappoint Sarah Baker, Shelby Krebs & Dawn Eynetich for the 3 year term of 1/2022-12/2025

Attach additional background documentation as needed.

Dear Ann Jones, Morrow County Fair Board and Morrow County Commissioners:

I have enjoyed working on the fair board and would like to continue my partnership with the fair board and Morrow County.

I ask that you please accept this letter as my interest to be reappointed to the Morrow County Fair Board effective on January 1, 2022

Sincerely,

Sarah Baker

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Sarah Baker". The signature is written in dark ink and is positioned below the typed name.

Dear Ann Jones, Morrow County Fair Board and Commissioners:

I have truly enjoyed my time with the fair board would like to continue my partnership with the fair board and Morrow County.

This email is to confirm my desire to continue on the fair board for another term. If there is anything additional you need; please let me know!

Thanks.

Shelby



Shelby Krebs

Beef Northwest Feeders, LLC.

541-945-1063

Dawn Eynetich
PO Box 402
Ione, OR 97843
PH-541.561.8507
E- dawneynetich@gmail.com

January 18, 2022

Morrow County Fair Board & Morrow County Commissioners,

I have really enjoyed my time serving the Morrow County Communities as a fair board member.
I would like to continue serving on the fair board and bettering our local fair and grounds!

Thank you,

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Dawn Eynetich". The signature is written in a cursive style with a large, looped initial "D".

Dawn Eynetich

AGENDA ITEM COVER SHEET

Morrow County Board of Commissioners

(Page 2 of 2)

1. ISSUES, BACKGROUND, DISCUSSION AND OPTIONS (IF ANY):

Lindsay Grogan, Human Resource Director and Bruce Bischof, our Labor Attorney have been working with Mike Mann, Teamsters Local 223 Labor Representative and Aaron Haak, President of the Morrow County Sheriff's Office Teamsters on several Employee Handbook policies as they pertain to the Collective Bargaining Agreement with the Teamsters.

The attached Letter of Agreement is the culmination of these discussions and agreed upon by all parties.

2. FISCAL IMPACT:

N/A

3. SUGGESTED ACTION(S)/MOTION(S):

Motion to approve the Letter of Agreement between Morrow County and Teamsters Local Union 223.

Attach additional background documentation as needed.

Letter of Agreement
Teamsters Local Union 223/Morrow County Sheriff's Office Association and Morrow County

This shall serve as a Letter of Agreement (LOA) by and between Morrow County, Oregon, hereinafter referred to as the "County" and the Morrow County Sheriff's Office Association (affiliated with Teamsters Local Union 223), hereinafter referred to as the "Union/Association".

The purpose of this LOA is to modify the language and application of the updated employee handbook (implemented in May 2021) as it pertains to the current Collective Bargaining Agreement. This LOA is effective upon signature of all parties.

- Bereavement Leave – Page 40
 - o The policy has not changed, employees are still eligible for up to 40 hours of paid bereavement leave for the death of the family member. To specify at the request of the Association: "Morrow County provides up to 40 hours of paid Bereavement leave for employees who have experienced the death of an immediate Family Member.
- Witness Duty – Page 42
 - o The County agrees to change the line to state, "...employees who are subpoenaed to testify in non-work-related legal proceedings must use any available vacation time to cover their absence from work. If the employee does not have any available accrued time, the employee may apply for a leave of absence."
- Crime Victim Leave Policy– Page 42
 - o Approved - The Teamsters members are allowed flextime per article 13.5 by mutual agreement. Crime Victim Leave would qualify for the potential to use the FTA as stated in the CBA. "May use any accrued, but unused vacation/sick leave during the leave period."
- Domestic Violence Leave and Accommodation– Page 43
 - o Approved - The Teamsters members are allowed flextime per article 13.5 by mutual agreement. Domestic Violence Leave would qualify for the potential to use the FTA as stated in the CBA. "May use any accrued, but unused vacation/sick leave during the leave period."
- Drug & Alcohol Policy – Page 47
 - o The County and Union agree to continue with the previous Drug and Alcohol Testing Policy for the purpose of this LOA during the current contract period.
- Social Media – Page 58
 - o The County approves the proposed Association language for the purpose of this LOA: *"Nothing in this policy prohibits the County from requiring an employee to produce content from his/her social media or internet account in connection with a County-sponsored investigation into potential misconduct, unlawful or unethical behavior, or policy or rule violations, when there is a reasonable link between the employee's suspected online or social media activity and the County's legitimate business interests, and when reasonable cause exists to believe that the employee's internet or social media activity constitutes, or provides evidence of, potential misconduct, unlawful or unethical behavior, or policy or rule violations. Such information will only be used for employment purposes unless required to be released to other parties by a valid court order or as otherwise required by law."*

- Discipline – Sleeping – Page 62
 - o The County and Union agree to the clarification of: Sleeping on duty is subject to discipline or termination, when it is not pre-approved by Supervisor and that employee is expected to be actively on duty.
- Acknowledgement Form – Final Page
 - o For the purpose of this LOA, the proposed changes are approved: “The handbook takes precedence over any other contradictory statements other than those found in applicable collective bargaining agreements and approved department-specific policies.”
- Expression of Breast Milk Breaks – Page 12
 - o Approved - Sheriff Office Department Policy #1030.3 states, “A rest period should be permitted each time the member has the need to express breast milk (29 USC § 207; OAR 839-020-0051). In general, lactation breaks that cumulatively total 30 minutes or less during any four-hour work period or major portion of a four-hour work period would be considered reasonable. However, individual circumstances may require more or less time. Lactation breaks, if feasible, should be taken at the same time as the member’s regularly scheduled rest or meal periods. While a reasonable effort will be made to provide additional time beyond authorized breaks, any such time exceeding regularly scheduled and paid break time will be unpaid.” With this department policy language, it allows for 30-minute paid breaks instead of 15-minute paid breaks for the expression of breast milk.
- Performance Reviews/Evaluations – Page 20
 - o Approved - The County will continue to follow the Due Process standards and will only terminate at just cause.
- New Classification – Page 22
 - o Approved - County will continue to follow practice, as the CBA trumps the employee handbook for contradictory statements.
- On-Call Pay – Page 29
 - o Approved - The CBA is followed before the employee handbook if there is conflicting information. This does not apply to the Teamsters contract.
- Compensatory Time – Page 29
 - o Approved - The CBA is followed before the employee handbook if there is conflicting information. This does not apply to the Teamsters contract.
- Pre-Planned Absences – Notice – Page 30
 - o Approved - The CBA is followed before the employee handbook if there is conflicting information.
- Family Medical Leave – Substitution of Paid Leave for Unpaid Leave – Page 39
 - o Family Medical Leave Old Policy: “The employee may use all accrued paid leave (vacation time, sick time, compensatory time) before going on unpaid leave status. All time away, whether paid or unpaid, will count against the 12-week period of leave.” Based on the Union’s concerns, the previous policy will remain in effect under this LOA and current contract period for the Teamsters Association members.
- Cell Phones - Page 54
 - o The County believes that the current language of, “Morrow County-related business conducted on Morrow County-provided or personal cell phones/cellular devices may be subject to disclosure and production under Oregon’s Public Records laws or in connection

with litigation filed against Morrow County.” already shows the understanding that there must be a legitimate business connection and therefore offers no additional language as requested by the Union.

Outside Employment – Page 61

- o Approved - Both parties agree that it is important for employees to notify their supervisor of outside employment to evaluate potential conflict of interests or safety concerns.

Morrow County:

Union/Association:

X		X	 223	01-11-2022
Chair Commissioner	Date	Teamsters 223 Labor Rep		Date
X		X		01-13-2022
Commissioner	Date	MCSOA President		Date
X				
Commissioner	Date			



AGENDA ITEM COVER SHEET
Morrow County Board of Commissioners
(Page 1 of 2)

(For BOC Use)
Item #
5

Please complete for each agenda item submitted for consideration by the Board of Commissioners
(See notations at bottom of form)

Presenter at BOC: Kate Knop
Department: Finance
Short Title of Agenda Item:
(No acronyms please)

Phone Number (Ext): 5302
Requested Agenda Date: 01/19/2022

Supplemental Budget Resolution - R-2022-1

This Item Involves: (Check all that apply for this meeting.)
Order or Resolution
Ordinance/Public Hearing:
1st Reading 2nd Reading
Public Comment Anticipated:
Estimated Time:
Document Recording Required
Contract/Agreement
Appointments
Update on Project/Committee
Consent Agenda Eligible
Discussion & Action
Estimated Time:
Purchase Pre-Authorization
Other

N/A
Purchase Pre-Authorizations, Contracts & Agreements
Contractor/Entity:
Contractor/Entity Address:
Effective Dates - From: Through:
Total Contract Amount: Budget Line:
Does the contract amount exceed \$5,000? Yes No

Reviewed By:
[Signature] 1-19-22 Department Director Required for all BOC meetings
[Signature] (1/18/22) Administrator Required for all BOC meetings
County Counsel *Required for all legal documents
Finance Office *Required for all contracts; other items as appropriate.
Human Resources *If appropriate
*Allow 1 week for review (submit to all simultaneously). When each office has notified the submitting department of approval, then submit the request to the BOC for placement on the agenda.

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AGENDA ITEM COVER SHEET

Morrow County Board of Commissioners

(Page 2 of 2)

1. ISSUES, BACKGROUND, DISCUSSION AND OPTIONS (IF ANY):

This is a public hearing for the proposed supplemental budget R-2022-1 for Morrow County, for the fiscal year July 1, 2021 to June 30, 2022.

General Fund:

1. Health department - increase in personnel expenditure for RN Nurse incentive, \$19,611; Morrow County received the State of Oregon- Department of Administrative Services (DAS #2625) "Take Your Shot, Oregon" supporting the increase in appropriations;

Road Fund:

1. Increase in materials & services for engineering & surveying, \$50,000; contract services, \$952,036.

Finley Buttes Trust Fund:

1. Increase in transfer to other funds for road work in fiscal year 2021-2022, \$1,406,275.

Wheatridge Wind & Orchard Wind:

1. Wheatridge wind fund increase in appropriations for community service fee and additional monies received, \$573,720; and

2. Orchard wind fund increase in appropriations for community service fees, \$141,619.

Resiliency Fund:

1. Increase materials & service by \$1,208,899 for American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA), \$1,126,873; and \$82,026 for DAS grant #2625.

2. FISCAL IMPACT:

Appropriations increase general fund from, \$19,611, \$19,258,169; road fund, \$1,406,275, to \$9,976,070; finley buttes, \$1,406,275, to \$1,506,275; wheatridge, \$573,720, to \$2,073,720; orchard wind to \$141,619; and resiliency fund \$1,208,899, to \$1,708,899.

3. SUGGESTED ACTION(S)/MOTION(S):

Move to approve Supplemental Budget Resolution R-2022-1 increasing total adopted budget to \$64,266,429.

Attach additional background documentation as needed.

NOTICE OF SUPPLEMENTAL BUDGET HEARING

A public hearing on a proposed supplemental budget for Morrow County, Oregon for the fiscal year July 1, 2021 to June 30, 2022, will be held at the Morrow County Bartholomew Building 110 N. Court Street Heppner, OR.

The hearing will take place on January 19, 2022 at 9:00 AM.

The purpose of the hearing is to discuss the supplemental budget with interested persons.

A copy of the supplemental budget document may be inspected or obtained on or after January 14, 2022 at the Morrow County Finance Department located at: 110 N. Court St. Heppner, OR., between the hours of 8:00 AM and 5:00 PM.

SUMMARY OF SUPPLEMENTAL BUDGET

	<u>Current Appropriations</u>	<u>Increase (Decrease)</u>	<u>Amended Budget</u>
<u>GENERAL FUND</u>			
Health Department	1,559,374	19,611	1,578,985
Total Increase General Fund	\$ 1,559,374	\$ 19,611	\$ 1,578,985
<u>ROAD FUND</u>			
Road Dept.	8,569,795	1,406,275	9,976,070
Total Increase Road Fund	\$ 8,569,795	\$ 1,406,275	\$ 9,976,070
<u>FINLEY BUTTES TRUST FUND</u>			
Transfer to Other Funds	100,000	1,406,275	1,506,275
Total Increase Finley Buttes Trust Fund	\$ 100,000	\$ 1,406,275	\$ 1,506,275
<u>WHEATRIDGE WIND</u>			
Special Payments	1,500,000	573,720	2,073,720
Total Increase Wheatridge Wind Fund	\$ 1,500,000	\$ 573,720	\$ 2,073,720
<u>ORCHARD WIND</u>			
Special Payments	0	141,619	141,619
Total Increase Orchard Wind Fund	\$ -	\$ 141,619	\$ 141,619
<u>RESILIENCY FUND</u>			
Special Payments	500,000	1,208,899	1,708,899
Total Increase Resiliency Fund	\$ 500,000	\$ 1,208,899	\$ 1,708,899
	Total APPROPRIATIONS, All Funds		\$ 57,286,735
	Total Unappropriation and Reserve Amounts, All Funds		\$ 6,979,694
		TOTAL ADOPTED BUDGET	\$ 64,266,429

**BEFORE THE BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS FOR
MORROW COUNTY, OREGON**

IN THE MATTER OF INCREASING)
 APPROPRIATIONS FOR FISCAL) RESOLUTION NO. R-2022-01
 YEAR BEGINNING JULY 1, 2021)

WHEREAS, the above-entitled matter came before the Board of Commissioners on January 19, 2022;

WHEREAS, Oregon Revised Statutes (“ORS”) Chapter 294, prescribes the manner of county and municipal financial administration; and

WHEREAS, ORS 294.471(1)(b) provides that a county may present a supplemental budget in certain cases, a pressing necessity that could not reasonably be foreseen when preparing the original budget or a previous supplemental budget for the current year or current budget period and that require prompt action.

BE IT RESOLVED, amounts shown below increase appropriations and unappropriated ending fund balance for the fiscal year beginning July 1:

	<u>Current Appropriations</u>	<u>Increase (Decrease)</u>	<u>Amended Budget</u>
<u>GENERAL FUND</u>			
Health Department	1,559,374	19,611	1,578,985
Total Increase General Fund	\$ 1,559,374	\$ 19,611	\$ 1,578,985
<u>ROAD FUND</u>			
Road Dept.	8,569,795	1,406,275	9,976,070
Total Increase Road Fund	\$ 8,569,795	\$ 1,406,275	\$ 9,976,070
<u>FINLEY BUTTES TRUST FUND</u>			
Transfer to Other Funds	100,000	1,406,275	1,506,275
Total Increase Finley Buttes Trust Fund	\$ 100,000	\$ 1,406,275	\$ 1,506,275
<u>WHEATRIDGE WIND</u>			
Special Payments	1,500,000	573,720	2,073,720
Total Increase Wheatridge Wind Fund	\$ 1,500,000	\$ 573,720	\$ 2,073,720
<u>ORCHARD WIND</u>			
Special Payments	0	141,619	141,619
Total Increase Orchard Wind Fund	\$ -	\$ 141,619	\$ 141,619
<u>RESILIENCY FUND</u>			
Special Payments	500,000	1,208,899	1,708,899
Total Increase Resiliency Fund	\$ 500,000	\$ 1,208,899	\$ 1,708,899
Total APPROPRIATIONS, All Funds			\$ 57,286,735
Total Unappropriation and Reserve Amounts, All Funds			\$ 6,979,694
TOTAL ADOPTED BUDGET			\$ 64,266,429

Dated this 19th day of January 2022.

**MORROW COUNTY BOARD OF
COMMISSIONERS
MORROW COUNTY, OREGON**

Jim Doherty, Chair

Melissa Lindsay, Commissioner

Don Russell, Commissioner

Approved as to Form:

Morrow County Counsel

PACKET: 00154-R-2022-01 Supplemental Budget

BUDGET CODE: CB-Current Budget

FUND ACCOUNT	DATE	DESCRIPTION	ADJUSTMENT	ORIGINAL BUDGET	PREVIOUS ADJUSTMENTS	NEW BUDGET	BUDGET BALANCE

Budget Adj. # 000308							
523 523-3-40-4440	1/07/2022		1,500,000.00-	1,500,000.00-	0.00	0.00	0.00
WHEATRIDGE - LOCAL IMPROVEMENT							
DEPT: WHEATRIDGE FEES							
523 523-3-40-4445	1/07/2022		1,500,000.00	0.00	0.00	1,573,720.00-	851.84
ADDITIONAL MONIES							
DEPT: WHEATRIDGE FEES							
523 523-3-40-4421	1/19/2022		500,000.00	0.00	0.00	500,000.00-	0.00
COMMUNITY SERVICE FEES							
DEPT: WHEATRIDGE FEES							
523 523-5-50-5221	1/19/2022		500,000.00	0.00	0.00	500,000.00	0.00
WHEATRIDGE-COMM SERV FEE DIS							
DEPT: WHEATRIDGE FEES							
523 523-5-50-5232	1/19/2022		73,720.00	0.00	0.00	73,720.00	73,720.00
WHEATRIDGE - ADDL FEES							
DEPT: WHEATRIDGE FEES							
523 523-3-40-4445	1/19/2022		73,720.00	0.00	0.00	1,573,720.00-	851.84
ADDITIONAL MONIES							
DEPT: WHEATRIDGE FEES							
524 524-3-40-4421	1/19/2022		141,619.00	0.00	0.00	141,619.00-	2,599.89-
COMMUNITY SERVICE FEES							
DEPT: ORCHARD WIND FEES							
524 524-5-50-5221	1/19/2022		141,619.00	0.00	0.00	141,619.00	2,599.89
ORCHARD WIND-COMM SERV FEE							
DEPT: ORCHARD WIND FEES							
540 540-3-30-3575	1/19/2022	TAKE YOUR SHOT	82,026.00	0.00	0.00	1,208,899.00-	0.75
GRANTS							
DEPT: RESILIENCY FUND							
540 540-5-20-2413	1/19/2022	TAKE YOUR SHOT	82,026.00	0.00	0.00	1,189,288.00	1,074,167.50
GRANTS - CARES ACT							
DEPT: RESILIENCY FUND							
540 540-3-30-3575	1/19/2022	ARPA FEDERAL AWARD	1,126,873.00	0.00	0.00	1,208,899.00-	0.75
GRANTS							
DEPT: RESILIENCY FUND							
540 540-5-20-2413	1/19/2022	ARPA FEDERAL AWARD	1,126,873.00	0.00	0.00	1,189,288.00	1,074,167.50
GRANTS - CARES ACT							
DEPT: RESILIENCY FUND							
203 230-5-90-9001	1/07/2022		1,406,275.00-	1,724,613.00	0.00	318,338.00	318,338.00
UNAPPROPRIATED ENDING FUND BAL							
DEPT: FINLEY BUTTES TRUST FUND							

PACKET: 00154-R-2022-01 Supplemental Budget

BUDGET CODE: CB-Current Budget

FUND ACCOUNT	DATE	DESCRIPTION	ADJUSTMENT	ORIGINAL BUDGET	PREVIOUS ADJUSTMENTS	NEW BUDGET	BUDGET BALANCE
Budget Adj. # 000308 -----							
203 230-5-50-5354	1/07/2022		1,406,275.00	0.00	0.00	1,406,275.00	1,406,275.00
TRANSF TO ROAD FUND							
DEPT: FINLEY BUTTES TRUST FUND							
202 220-3-90-3822	1/19/2022		1,406,275.00	1,636,000.00-	0.00	3,042,275.00-	1,815,275.00-
TRANSFER FROM FINLEY BUTTES FN							
DEPT: ROAD DEPARTMENT							
202 220-5-20-3120	1/19/2022		50,380.00	50,000.00	0.00	100,380.00	18,319.76
ENGINEERING & SURVEYING							
DEPT: ROAD DEPARTMENT							
202 220-5-20-3440	1/19/2022		1,355,895.00	952,036.00	0.00	2,307,931.00	1,114,144.22
CONTRACT SERVICES & CHARG							
DEPT: ROAD DEPARTMENT							
540 540-5-50-5355	1/19/2022	Recruiting Incentiv	19,611.00	0.00	0.00	19,611.00	19,611.00
TRANSFER TO GEN FUND							
DEPT: RESILIENCY FUND							
101 100-3-90-3831	1/19/2022	Recruiting Incentiv	19,611.00	0.00	0.00	19,611.00-	19,611.00-
TRANS FROM RESILIENCY FUND							
DEPT: NON-DEPARTMENTAL							
540 540-5-20-2413	1/19/2022		19,611.00-	0.00	0.00	1,189,288.00	1,074,167.50
GRANTS - CARES ACT							
DEPT: RESILIENCY FUND							
101 114-5-10-1003	1/19/2022		19,611.00	71,165.00	0.00	90,776.00	90,776.00
PUBLIC HEALTH NURSE SUPERVISOR							
DEPT: HEALTH DEPARTMENT							
PACKET NOTES:							
TOTAL NO. ADJUSTMENTS--REVENUE:						9	3,350,124.00
TOTAL NO. ADJUSTMENTS--EXPENSE:						12	3,350,124.00
TOTAL IN PACKET--							6,700,248.00

*** NO WARNINGS ***

*** NO ERRORS ***

*** END OF REPORT ***



AGENDA ITEM COVER SHEET
Morrow County Board of Commissioners
(Page 1 of 2)

(For BOC Use)
Item #
6a

Please complete for each agenda item submitted for consideration by the Board of Commissioners
(See notations at bottom of form)

Presenter at BOC: Kate Knop
Department: Finance
Short Title of Agenda Item:
(No acronyms please)

Phone Number (Ext): 5302
Requested Agenda Date: 01/19/2022

U.S. Department of the Treasury - The Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds (SLFRF), a part of the American Rescue Plan

This Item Involves: (Check all that apply for this meeting.)
Order or Resolution
Ordinance/Public Hearing:
1st Reading 2nd Reading
Public Comment Anticipated:
Estimated Time:
Document Recording Required
Contract/Agreement
Appointments
Update on Project/Committee
Consent Agenda Eligible
Discussion & Action
Estimated Time:
Purchase Pre-Authorization
Other

N/A
Purchase Pre-Authorizations, Contracts & Agreements
Contractor/Entity:
Contractor/Entity Address:
Effective Dates - From: Through:
Total Contract Amount: Budget Line:
Does the contract amount exceed \$5,000? Yes No

Reviewed By:
[Signature] 1-18-22 Department Director Required for all BOC meetings
[Signature] 1/18/22 Administrator Required for all BOC meetings
County Counsel *Required for all legal documents
Finance Office *Required for all contracts; other items as appropriate.
Human Resources *If appropriate
*Allow 1 week for review (submit to all simultaneously). When each office has notified the submitting department of approval, then submit the request to the BOC for placement on the agenda.

Note: All other entities must sign contracts/agreements before they are presented to the Board of Commissioners (originals preferred). Agendas are published each Friday afternoon, so requests must be received in the BOC Office by 1:00 p.m. on the Friday prior to the Board's Wednesday meeting. Once this form is completed, including County Counsel, Finance and HR review/sign-off (if appropriate), then submit it to the Board of Commissioners Office.

AGENDA ITEM COVER SHEET
Morrow County Board of Commissioners
(Page 2 of 2)

1. ISSUES, BACKGROUND, DISCUSSION AND OPTIONS (IF ANY):

On January 6, 2022, the U.S. Department Treasury adopted a final rule implementing the Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund (SLFRF). The final rule responds to comments received on the interim rule and will take effect on April 1, 2022. This statement clarifies the transition from compliance with the interim rule to compliance with the final rule.

This includes, but is not limited to, the following uses of SLFRF funds:

1. Responses to the Negative Economic Impacts of the Public Health Emergency.
2. Responses to the Disproportionate Public Health and Economic Impacts of the Pandemic in Certain Communities.
3. Capital Expenditures to Respond to the Public Health and Negative Economic Impacts of the Pandemic.
4. Responses to Restore and Bolster Government Employment.
5. Government Services to the Extent of Revenue Loss.
6. Investments in Broadband Infrastructure.
7. Investments in Water and Sewer Infrastructure.

Prior to April 1, 2022, the interim final rule remains in effect. Accordingly, Morrow County may obligate and expend funds in a manner consistent with the interim final rule prior to April 1, 2022.

2. FISCAL IMPACT:

Morrow County received a local government allocation of \$2.25 million for funding, distributed in two tranches - one for \$1.126 million was received on September 7, 2021, and the second one year after the disbursement of the first tranche. Funds are available until December 31, 2024.

3. SUGGESTED ACTION(S)/MOTION(S):

N/A

Attach additional background documentation as needed.

Statement Regarding Compliance with the Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds Interim Final Rule and Final Rule

U.S. Department of the Treasury

On January 6, 2022, the U.S. Department of the Treasury (Treasury) adopted a final rule implementing the Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds (SLFRF). The final rule responds to comments received on the interim final rule and will take effect on April 1, 2022. Until that time, the interim final rule remains in effect. This statement clarifies the transition from compliance with the interim final rule to compliance with the final rule. Recipients should also review the final rule for additional information.

State, territorial, local, and Tribal governments (together, recipients) must comply with the final rule beginning on April 1, 2022, when the final rule takes effect. Prior to April 1, 2022, recipients may take actions and use funds in a manner consistent with the final rule, and Treasury will not take action to enforce the interim final rule if a use of funds is consistent with the terms of the final rule, regardless of when the SLFRF funds were used.¹

This includes, but is not limited to, the following uses of SLFRF funds:

- Responses to the Negative Economic Impacts of the Public Health Emergency. The final rule expands the enumerated list of eligible uses of SLFRF funds in this category, including health insurance subsidies and paid sick and family leave, as well as making affordable housing development, childcare, early learning services, and services to address learning loss available to any impacted household.
- Responses to the Disproportionate Public Health and Economic Impacts of the Pandemic in Certain Communities. The final rule expands the list of enumerated eligible uses of SLFRF funds for disproportionately impacted communities, including for investments in neighborhoods that promote improved health and safety outcomes, services to address vacant or abandoned properties, and expanded assistance to small businesses.
- Capital Expenditures to Respond to the Public Health and Negative Economic Impacts of the Pandemic. The final rule clarifies that capital expenditures can be eligible in this category, when meeting certain standards, and provides an enumerated list of eligible capital expenditures.
- Responses to Restore and Bolster Government Employment. The final rule expands the uses of funds available to restore and bolster government employment, including restoring employment by hiring up to 7.5% above a recipient's pre-pandemic baseline employment level, funding for employees that experienced pay reductions or were furloughed, maintaining current compensation levels to prevent layoffs, and worker retention incentives.

¹ This means that Treasury will not take action to enforce uses of the interim final rule to the extent that the recipient wishes to change its planned uses of SLFRF funds in a manner consistent with the final rule.

- Government Services to the Extent of Revenue Loss. The interim final rule and final rule both permit recipients to use SLFRF funds for government services in an amount equal to revenue lost due to the pandemic. As discussed in the final rule, Treasury is permitting recipients to determine the amount of revenue lost due to the pandemic either according to a formula or by claiming a standard allowance of up to \$10 million, not to exceed their total award allocation. A recipient that plans to use the standard allowance will make a one-time election and report it to Treasury through regular programmatic reporting. In advance of making this election, a recipient may begin to use up to \$10 million of SLFRF funds for government services.

Furthermore, the final rule adjusts the revenue loss calculation formula to (i) permit recipients to calculate revenue loss on a calendar year or fiscal year basis so long as the recipient employs a consistent methodology throughout the period of performance and (ii) include revenue from certain utilities. Treasury will update reporting guidance to clarify how recipients electing to use a fiscal year basis will adjust prior calculations, and a recipient may adjust its prior calculations to reflect these changes prior to April 1, 2022.

- Investments in Broadband Infrastructure. The final rule expands eligible areas for investment in broadband infrastructure to include locations where the recipient has identified need for additional broadband investment. Further, the final rule allows for modernization of cybersecurity for existing and new broadband infrastructure, regardless of their speed delivery standards.
- Investments in Water and Sewer Infrastructure. The final rule expands the list of eligible water and sewer infrastructure projects to include a broader set of project types, including certain dam and reservoir rehabilitation projects, additional stormwater projects, private well projects, and a broader range of projects that remediate lead in water.

Prior to April 1, 2022, the interim final rule remains in effect. Accordingly, recipients may obligate and expend funds in a manner consistent with the interim final rule prior to April 1, 2022.

In addition, Treasury recognizes that recipients have taken steps to use SLFRF funds for projects in a manner consistent with the interim final rule. To the extent that a recipient has taken significant steps toward obligating SLFRF funds in a manner consistent with the interim final rule prior to January 6, 2022, Treasury will generally not take action to enforce provisions contained in the final rule, to the extent that they are more restrictive than those in the interim final rule. Such significant steps include initiation of procurement or grantmaking actions, detailed planning of projects or programs, appropriation of funds, and other significant planning steps. Consistent with this approach, Treasury is providing specific guidance with respect to compliance with the following aspects of the final rule:

- State Unemployment Insurance Trust Funds. Under the interim final rule, a recipient may use SLFRF funds to make deposits into its state account of the Unemployment Insurance Trust Fund established under section 904 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1104) up to the level needed to restore the pre-pandemic balance of such account as of January 27, 2020 or to pay back advances received under Title XII of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1321) for the payment of benefits between January 27, 2020 and May 17, 2021. Under the final rule, a recipient that uses SLFRF funds to make a deposit into its Unemployment Insurance Trust Fund may not take action to reduce average weekly benefit amounts or reduce the number of weeks of benefits payable (i.e., the maximum benefit entitlements).² If a recipient (i) has taken significant steps toward making a deposit into its Unemployment Trust Fund prior to January 6, 2022 or (ii) has made a deposit into its Unemployment Trust Fund prior to April 1, 2022, the recipient will not be subject to limitations on reduction of benefits included in the final rule.³

- Definition of Low-Income and Moderate-Income Households. Under the interim final rule, a “low- and moderate-income” standard was used to determine presumptive eligibility for certain services. In response to comments requesting additional clarification as to what constitutes low income and moderate income, the final rule includes a definition of low-income household and a definition of moderate-income household.
 - For any program, service, or project available to low- and moderate-income households, the recipient may continue to use eligibility criteria for low-income and moderate-income households that they developed consistent with the interim final rule if the recipient (i) has taken significant steps toward obligating SLFRF funds for that program, service, or project prior to January 6, 2022 or (ii) has obligated funds for that program, service, or project prior to April 1, 2022. Recipients that have not taken significant steps toward obligating SLFRF funds prior to January 6, 2022 should either change eligibility criteria to reflect the definition of low-income households and/or moderate-income households included in the final rule or be able to determine that the class of households they seek to serve experienced a negative economic impact resulting from the pandemic.

 - Treasury will consider a reasonable definition of low- and moderate-income developed by the recipient to be consistent with the interim final rule; this includes reasonable definitions that are higher than the definition contained in the final rule. As with all provisions under the interim final rule, recipients should be able to support their determination of how to define low- and moderate-income under the interim final rule.

² See final rule section 35.6(b)(3)(ii)(A)(10).

³ See final rule for additional information.

- Capital Expenditures. The final rule includes a framework for determining whether a capital expenditure would be eligible as a response to the public health emergency or its negative economic impacts, which includes a requirement to prepare a written justification for projects with actual or expected capital expenditures of \$1 million or more. A recipient is not required to prepare or submit a written justification as required under the final rule if the recipient (i) has taken significant steps toward obligating SLFRF funds for that project prior to January 6, 2022 or (ii) has obligated funds for such project prior to April 1, 2022.
- Broadband Infrastructure. The final rule includes a requirement that recipients must require service providers for a broadband project that provides service to households either to participate in the Federal Communications Commission's Affordable Connectivity Program (ACP) or provide access to a broad-based affordability program to low-income consumers in the proposed service area of the broadband infrastructure that provides benefits to households commensurate with those provided under the ACP. If a recipient (i) has taken significant steps toward obligating SLFRF funds for a broadband infrastructure project prior to January 6, 2022 or (ii) has obligated funds for a broadband infrastructure project prior to April 1, 2022, the recipient will not be subject to this requirement.
- Government Services to the Extent of Revenue Loss. In addition to the changes discussed above, the final rule requires recipients to exclude the effects of tax changes adopted after January 6, 2022 from the calculation of revenue lost due to the COVID-19 public health emergency, if using the full revenue loss formula rather than the standard allowance. These changes affect the calculation of revenue loss for calculation dates after the April 1, 2022 effective date, regardless of when SLFRF funds are obligated for government services.

The final rule includes additional information regarding these and other transitions. Please contact SLFRP@treasury.gov with additional questions.



Coronavirus State & Local Fiscal Recovery Funds: Overview of the Final Rule

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

January 2022



The Overview of the Final Rule provides a summary of major provisions of the final rule for informational purposes and is intended as a brief, simplified user guide to the final rule provisions.

The descriptions provided in this document summarize key provisions of the final rule but are non-exhaustive, do not describe all terms and conditions associated with the use of SLFRF, and do not describe all requirements that may apply to this funding. Any SLFRF funds received are also subject to the terms and conditions of the agreement entered into by Treasury and the respective jurisdiction, which incorporate the provisions of the final rule and the guidance that implements this program.



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Introduction

The Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds (SLFRF), a part of the American Rescue Plan, delivers \$350 billion to state, local, and Tribal governments across the country to support their response to and recovery from the COVID-19 public health emergency. The program ensures that governments have the resources needed to:

- Fight the pandemic and support families and businesses struggling with its public health and economic impacts,
- Maintain vital public services, even amid declines in revenue, and
- Build a strong, resilient, and equitable recovery by making investments that support long-term growth and opportunity.

EARLY PROGRAM IMPLEMENTATION

In May 2021, Treasury published the Interim final rule (IFR) describing eligible and ineligible uses of funds (as well as other program provisions), sought feedback from the public on these program rules, and began to distribute funds. The IFR went immediately into effect in May, and since then, governments have used SLFRF funds to meet their immediate pandemic response needs and begin building a strong and equitable recovery, such as through providing vaccine incentives, development of affordable housing, and construction of infrastructure to deliver safe and reliable water.

As governments began to deploy this funding in their communities, Treasury carefully considered the feedback provided through its public comment process and other forums. Treasury received over 1,500 comments, participated in hundreds of meetings, and received correspondence from a wide range of governments and other stakeholders.

KEY CHANGES AND CLARIFICATIONS IN THE FINAL RULE

The final rule delivers broader flexibility and greater simplicity in the program, responsive to feedback in the comment process. Among other clarifications and changes, the final rule provides the features below.

Replacing Lost Public Sector Revenue

The final rule offers a standard allowance for revenue loss of up to \$10 million, allowing recipients to select between a standard amount of revenue loss or complete a full revenue loss calculation. Recipients that select the standard allowance may use that amount – in many cases their full award – for government services, with streamlined reporting requirements.

Public Health and Economic Impacts

In addition to programs and services, the final rule clarifies that recipients can use funds for capital expenditures that support an eligible COVID-19 public health or economic response. For example, recipients may build certain affordable housing, childcare facilities, schools, hospitals, and other projects consistent with final rule requirements.



In addition, the final rule provides an expanded set of households and communities that are presumed to be “impacted” and “disproportionately impacted” by the pandemic, thereby allowing recipients to provide responses to a broad set of households and entities without requiring additional analysis. Further, the final rule provides a broader set of uses available for these communities as part of COVID-19 public health and economic response, including making affordable housing, childcare, early learning, and services to address learning loss during the pandemic eligible in all impacted communities and making certain community development and neighborhood revitalization activities eligible for disproportionately impacted communities.

Further, the final rule allows for a broader set of uses to restore and support government employment, including hiring above a recipient’s pre-pandemic baseline, providing funds to employees that experienced pay cuts or furloughs, avoiding layoffs, and providing retention incentives.

Premium Pay

The final rule delivers more streamlined options to provide premium pay, by broadening the share of eligible workers who can receive premium pay without a written justification while maintaining a focus on lower-income and frontline workers performing essential work.

Water, Sewer & Broadband Infrastructure

The final rule significantly broadens eligible broadband infrastructure investments to address challenges with broadband access, affordability, and reliability, and adds additional eligible water and sewer infrastructure investments, including a broader range of lead remediation and stormwater management projects.

FINAL RULE EFFECTIVE DATE

The final rule takes effect on April 1, 2022. Until that time, the interim final rule remains in effect; funds used consistently with the IFR while it is in effect are in compliance with the SLFRF program.

However, recipients can choose to take advantage of the final rule’s flexibilities and simplifications now, even ahead of the effective date. Treasury will not take action to enforce the interim final rule to the extent that a use of funds is consistent with the terms of the final rule, regardless of when the SLFRF funds were used. Recipients may consult the *Statement Regarding Compliance with the Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds Interim Final Rule and Final Rule*, which can be found on Treasury’s website, for more information on compliance with the interim final rule and the final rule.



Overview of the Program

The Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds (SLFRF) program provides substantial flexibility for each jurisdiction to meet local needs within the four separate eligible use categories. This Overview of the Final Rule addresses the four eligible use categories ordered from the broadest and most flexible to the most specific.

Recipients may use SLFRF funds to:

- **Replace lost public sector revenue**, using this funding to provide government services up to the amount of revenue loss due to the pandemic.
 - Recipients may determine their revenue loss by choosing between two options:
 - A standard allowance of up to \$10 million in aggregate, not to exceed their award amount, during the program;
 - Calculating their jurisdiction's specific revenue loss each year using Treasury's formula, which compares actual revenue to a counterfactual trend.
 - Recipients may use funds up to the amount of revenue loss for government services; generally, services traditionally provided by recipient governments are government services, unless Treasury has stated otherwise.
- **Support the COVID-19 public health and economic response** by addressing COVID-19 and its impact on public health as well as addressing economic harms to households, small businesses, nonprofits, impacted industries, and the public sector.
 - Recipients can use funds for programs, services, or capital expenditures that respond to the public health and negative economic impacts of the pandemic.
 - To provide simple and clear eligible uses of funds, Treasury provides a list of enumerated uses that recipients can provide to households, populations, or classes (i.e., groups) that experienced pandemic impacts.
 - Public health eligible uses include COVID-19 mitigation and prevention, medical expenses, behavioral healthcare, and preventing and responding to violence.
 - Eligible uses to respond to negative economic impacts are organized by the type of beneficiary: assistance to households, small businesses, and nonprofits.
 - Each category includes assistance for "impacted" and "disproportionately impacted" classes: impacted classes experienced the general, broad-based impacts of the pandemic, while disproportionately impacted classes faced meaningfully more severe impacts, often due to preexisting disparities.
 - To simplify administration, the final rule presumes that some populations and groups were impacted or disproportionately impacted and are eligible for responsive services.

Coronavirus State & Local Fiscal Recovery Funds: Overview of the Final Rule



- Eligible uses for assistance to impacted households include aid for re-employment, job training, food, rent, mortgages, utilities, affordable housing development, childcare, early education, addressing learning loss, and many more uses.
- Eligible uses for assistance to impacted small businesses or nonprofits include loans or grants to mitigate financial hardship, technical assistance for small businesses, and many more uses.
- Recipients can also provide assistance to impacted industries like travel, tourism, and hospitality that faced substantial pandemic impacts, or address impacts to the public sector, for example by re-hiring public sector workers cut during the crisis.
- Recipients providing funds for enumerated uses to populations and groups that Treasury has presumed eligible are clearly operating consistently with the final rule. Recipients can also identify (1) other populations or groups, beyond those presumed eligible, that experienced pandemic impacts or disproportionate impacts and (2) other programs, services, or capital expenditures, beyond those enumerated, to respond to those impacts.
- **Provide premium pay for eligible workers performing essential work**, offering additional support to those who have and will bear the greatest health risks because of their service in critical sectors.
 - Recipients may provide premium pay to eligible workers – generally those working in-person in key economic sectors – who are below a wage threshold or non-exempt from the Fair Labor Standards Act overtime provisions, or if the recipient submits justification that the premium pay is responsive to workers performing essential work.
- **Invest in water, sewer, and broadband infrastructure**, making necessary investments to improve access to clean drinking water, to support vital wastewater and stormwater infrastructure, and to expand affordable access to broadband internet.
 - Recipients may fund a broad range of water and sewer projects, including those eligible under the EPA’s Clean Water State Revolving Fund, EPA’s Drinking Water State Revolving Fund, and certain additional projects, including a wide set of lead remediation, stormwater infrastructure, and aid for private wells and septic units.
 - Recipients may fund high-speed broadband infrastructure in areas of need that the recipient identifies, such as areas without access to adequate speeds, affordable options, or where connections are inconsistent or unreliable; completed projects must participate in a low-income subsidy program.

While recipients have considerable flexibility to use funds to address the diverse needs of their communities, some restrictions on use apply across all eligible use categories. These include:

- **For states and territories:** No offsets of a reduction in net tax revenue resulting from a change in state or territory law.

Coronavirus State & Local Fiscal Recovery Funds: Overview of the Final Rule



- **For all recipients except for Tribal governments:** No extraordinary contributions to a pension fund for the purpose of reducing an accrued, unfunded liability.
- **For all recipients:** No payments for debt service and replenishments of rainy day funds; no satisfaction of settlements and judgments; no uses that contravene or violate the American Rescue Plan Act, Uniform Guidance conflicts of interest requirements, and other federal, state, and local laws and regulations.

Under the SLFRF program, funds must be used for costs incurred on or after March 3, 2021. Further, funds must be obligated by December 31, 2024, and expended by December 31, 2026. This time period, during which recipients can expend SLFRF funds, is the “period of performance.”

In addition to SLFRF, the American Rescue Plan includes other sources of funding for state and local governments, including the [Coronavirus Capital Projects Fund](#) to fund critical capital investments including broadband infrastructure; the [Homeowner Assistance Fund](#) to provide relief for our country’s most vulnerable homeowners; the [Emergency Rental Assistance Program](#) to assist households that are unable to pay rent or utilities; and the [State Small Business Credit Initiative](#) to fund small business credit expansion initiatives. Eligible recipients are encouraged to visit the Treasury website for more information.



Replacing Lost Public Sector Revenue

The Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds provide needed fiscal relief for recipients that have experienced revenue loss due to the onset of the COVID-19 public health emergency. Specifically, SLFRF funding may be used to pay for “government services” in an amount equal to the revenue loss experienced by the recipient due to the COVID-19 public health emergency.

Government services generally include any service traditionally provided by a government, including construction of roads and other infrastructure, provision of public safety and other services, and health and educational services. Funds spent under government services are subject to streamlined reporting and compliance requirements.

In order to use funds under government services, recipients should first determine revenue loss. They may, then, spend up to that amount on general government services.

DETERMINING REVENUE LOSS

Recipients have two options for how to determine their amount of revenue loss. Recipients must choose one of the two options and cannot switch between these approaches after an election is made.

- 1. Recipients may elect a “standard allowance” of \$10 million to spend on government services through the period of performance.**

Under this option, which is newly offered in the final rule Treasury presumes that up to \$10 million in revenue has been lost due to the public health emergency and recipients are permitted to use that amount (not to exceed the award amount) to fund “government services.” The standard allowance provides an estimate of revenue loss that is based on an extensive analysis of average revenue loss across states and localities, and offers a simple, convenient way to determine revenue loss, particularly for SLFRF’s smallest recipients.

All recipients may elect to use this standard allowance instead of calculating lost revenue using the formula below, including those with total allocations of \$10 million or less. Electing the standard allowance does not increase or decrease a recipient’s total allocation.

- 2. Recipients may calculate their actual revenue loss according to the formula articulated in the final rule.**

Under this option, recipients calculate revenue loss at four distinct points in time, either at the end of each calendar year (e.g., December 31 for years 2020, 2021, 2022, and 2023) or the end of each fiscal year of the recipient. Under the flexibility provided in the final rule, recipients can choose whether to use calendar or fiscal year dates but must be consistent throughout the period of performance. Treasury has also provided several adjustments to the definition of general revenue in the final rule.

To calculate revenue loss at each of these dates, recipients must follow a four-step process:



- a. Calculate revenues collected in the most recent full fiscal year prior to the public health emergency (i.e., last full fiscal year before January 27, 2020), called the *base year revenue*.
- b. Estimate *counterfactual revenue*, which is equal to the following formula, where *n* is the number of months elapsed since the end of the base year to the calculation date:

$$\text{base year revenue} \times (1 + \text{growth adjustment})^{\frac{n}{12}}$$

The *growth adjustment* is the greater of either a standard growth rate—5.2 percent—or the recipient’s average annual revenue growth in the last full three fiscal years prior to the COVID-19 public health emergency.

- c. Identify *actual revenue*, which equals revenues collected over the twelve months immediately preceding the calculation date.

Under the final rule, recipients must adjust actual revenue totals for the effect of tax cuts and tax increases that are adopted after the date of adoption of the final rule (January 6, 2022). Specifically, the estimated fiscal impact of tax cuts and tax increases adopted after January 6, 2022, must be added or subtracted to the calculation of actual revenue for purposes of calculation dates that occur on or after April 1, 2022.

Recipients may subtract from their calculation of actual revenue the effect of tax increases enacted prior to the adoption of the final rule. Note that recipients that elect to remove the effect of tax increases enacted before the adoption of the final rule must also remove the effect of tax decreases enacted before the adoption of the final rule, such that they are accurately removing the effect of tax policy changes on revenue.

- d. Revenue loss for the calculation date is equal to *counterfactual revenue* minus *actual revenue* (adjusted for tax changes) for the twelve-month period. If actual revenue exceeds counterfactual revenue, the loss is set to zero for that twelve-month period. Revenue loss for the period of performance is the sum of the revenue loss on for each calculation date.

The supplementary information in the final rule provides an example of this calculation, which recipients may find helpful, in the Revenue Loss section.



SPENDING ON GOVERNMENT SERVICES

Recipients can use SLFRF funds on government services up to the revenue loss amount, whether that be the standard allowance amount or the amount calculated using the above approach. **Government services generally include *any service traditionally provided by a government***, unless Treasury has stated otherwise. Here are some common examples, although this list is not exhaustive:

- ✓ Construction of schools and hospitals
- ✓ Road building and maintenance, and other infrastructure
- ✓ Health services
- ✓ General government administration, staff, and administrative facilities
- ✓ Environmental remediation
- ✓ Provision of police, fire, and other public safety services (including purchase of fire trucks and police vehicles)

Government services is the most flexible eligible use category under the SLFRF program, and funds are subject to streamlined reporting and compliance requirements. Recipients should be mindful that certain restrictions, which are detailed further in the Restrictions on Use section and apply to all uses of funds, apply to government services as well.



Responding to Public Health and Economic Impacts of COVID-19

The Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds provide resources for governments to meet the public health and economic needs of those impacted by the pandemic in their communities, as well as address longstanding health and economic disparities, which amplified the impact of the pandemic in disproportionately impacted communities, resulting in more severe pandemic impacts.

The eligible use category to respond to public health and negative economic impacts is organized around the types of assistance a recipient may provide and includes several sub-categories:

- public health,
- assistance to households,
- assistance to small businesses,
- assistance to nonprofits,
- aid to impacted industries, and
- public sector capacity.

In general, to identify eligible uses of funds in this category, recipients should (1) identify a COVID-19 public health or economic impact on an individual or class (i.e., a group) and (2) design a program that responds to that impact. Responses should be related and reasonably proportional to the harm identified and reasonably designed to benefit those impacted.

To provide simple, clear eligible uses of funds that meet this standard, Treasury provides a non-exhaustive list of enumerated uses that respond to pandemic impacts. Treasury also presumes that some populations experienced pandemic impacts and are eligible for responsive services. In other words, recipients providing enumerated uses of funds to populations presumed eligible are clearly operating consistently with the final rule.¹

Recipients also have broad flexibility to (1) identify and respond to other pandemic impacts and (2) serve other populations that experienced pandemic impacts, beyond the enumerated uses and presumed eligible populations. Recipients can also identify groups or “classes” of beneficiaries that experienced pandemic impacts and provide services to those classes.

¹ However, please note that use of funds for enumerated uses may not be grossly disproportionate to the harm. Further, recipients should consult the Capital Expenditures section for more information about pursuing a capital expenditure; please note that enumerated capital expenditures are not presumed to be reasonably proportional responses to an identified harm except as provided in the Capital Expenditures section.



Step	1. Identify COVID-19 public health or economic impact	2. Design a response that addresses or responds to the impact
Analysis	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Can identify impact to a specific household, business or nonprofit or to a class of households, businesses, or nonprofits (i.e., group) • Can also identify disproportionate impacts, or more severe impacts, to a specific beneficiary or to a class 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Types of responses can include a program, service, or capital expenditure • Response should be related and reasonably proportional to the harm • Response should also be reasonably designed to benefit impacted individual or class
Simplifying Presumptions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Final Rule presumes certain populations and classes are impacted and disproportionately impacted 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Final Rule provides non-exhaustive list of enumerated eligible uses that respond to pandemic impacts and disproportionate impacts

To assess eligibility of uses of funds, recipients should first determine the sub-category where their use of funds may fit (e.g., public health, assistance to households, assistance to small businesses), based on the entity that experienced the health or economic impact.² Then, recipients should refer to the relevant section for more details on each sub-category.

While the same overall eligibility standard applies to all uses of funds to respond to the public health and negative economic impacts of the pandemic, each sub-category has specific nuances on its application. In addition:

- Recipients interested in using funds for capital expenditures (i.e., investments in property, facilities, or equipment) should review the Capital Expenditures section in addition to the eligible use sub-category.
- Recipients interested in other uses of funds, beyond the enumerated uses, should refer to the section on “Framework for Eligible Uses Beyond Those Enumerated.”

² For example, a recipient interested in providing aid to unemployed individuals is addressing a negative economic impact experienced by a household and should refer to the section on assistance to households. Recipients should also be aware of the difference between “beneficiaries” and “sub-recipients.” Beneficiaries are households, small businesses, or nonprofits that can receive assistance based on impacts of the pandemic that they experienced. On the other hand, sub-recipients are organizations that carry out eligible uses on behalf of a government, often through grants or contracts. Sub-recipients do not need to have experienced a negative economic impact of the pandemic; rather, they are providing services to beneficiaries that experienced an impact.



RESPONDING TO THE PUBLIC HEALTH EMERGENCY

While the country has made tremendous progress in the fight against COVID-19, including a historic vaccination campaign, the disease still poses a grave threat to Americans' health and the economy. Providing state, local, and Tribal governments the resources needed to fight the COVID-19 pandemic is a core goal of the Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds, as well as addressing the other ways that the pandemic has impacted public health. Treasury has identified several public health impacts of the pandemic and enumerated uses of funds to respond to impacted populations.

- **COVID-19 mitigation and prevention.** The pandemic has broadly impacted Americans and recipients can provide services to prevent and mitigate COVID-19 to the general public or to small businesses, nonprofits, and impacted industries in general. Enumerated eligible uses include:
 - ✓ Vaccination programs, including vaccine incentives and vaccine sites
 - ✓ Testing programs, equipment and sites
 - ✓ Monitoring, contact tracing & public health surveillance (e.g., monitoring for variants)
 - ✓ Public communication efforts
 - ✓ Public health data systems
 - ✓ COVID-19 prevention and treatment equipment, such as ventilators and ambulances
 - ✓ Medical and PPE/protective supplies
 - ✓ Support for isolation or quarantine
 - ✓ Ventilation system installation and improvement
 - ✓ Technical assistance on mitigation of COVID-19 threats to public health and safety
 - ✓ Transportation to reach vaccination or testing sites, or other prevention and mitigation services for vulnerable populations
 - ✓ Support for prevention, mitigation, or other services in congregate living facilities, public facilities, and schools
 - ✓ Support for prevention and mitigation strategies in small businesses, nonprofits, and impacted industries
 - ✓ Medical facilities generally dedicated to COVID-19 treatment and mitigation (e.g., ICUs, emergency rooms)
 - ✓ Temporary medical facilities and other measures to increase COVID-19 treatment capacity
 - ✓ Emergency operations centers & emergency response equipment (e.g., emergency response radio systems)
 - ✓ Public telemedicine capabilities for COVID-19 related treatment



- **Medical expenses.** Funds may be used for expenses to households, medical providers, or others that incurred medical costs due to the pandemic, including:
 - ✓ Unreimbursed expenses for medical care for COVID-19 testing or treatment, such as uncompensated care costs for medical providers or out-of-pocket costs for individuals
 - ✓ Paid family and medical leave for public employees to enable compliance with COVID-19 public health precautions
 - ✓ Emergency medical response expenses
 - ✓ Treatment of long-term symptoms or effects of COVID-19

- **Behavioral health care, such as mental health treatment, substance use treatment, and other behavioral health services.** Treasury recognizes that the pandemic has broadly impacted Americans' behavioral health and recipients can provide these services to the general public to respond. Enumerated eligible uses include:
 - ✓ Prevention, outpatient treatment, inpatient treatment, crisis care, diversion programs, outreach to individuals not yet engaged in treatment, harm reduction & long-term recovery support
 - ✓ Enhanced behavioral health services in schools
 - ✓ Services for pregnant women or infants born with neonatal abstinence syndrome
 - ✓ Support for equitable access to reduce disparities in access to high-quality treatment
 - ✓ Peer support groups, costs for residence in supportive housing or recovery housing, and the 988 National Suicide Prevention Lifeline or other hotline services
 - ✓ Expansion of access to evidence-based services for opioid use disorder prevention, treatment, harm reduction, and recovery
 - ✓ Behavioral health facilities & equipment

- **Preventing and responding to violence.** Recognizing that violence – and especially gun violence – has increased in some communities due to the pandemic, recipients may use funds to respond in these communities through:
 - ✓ Referrals to trauma recovery services for victims of crime
 - ✓ Community violence intervention programs, including:
 - Evidence-based practices like focused deterrence, with wraparound services such as behavioral therapy, trauma recovery, job training, education, housing and relocation services, and financial assistance
 - ✓ In communities experiencing increased gun violence due to the pandemic:
 - Law enforcement officers focused on advancing community policing
 - Enforcement efforts to reduce gun violence, including prosecution
 - Technology & equipment to support law enforcement response



RESPONDING TO NEGATIVE ECONOMIC IMPACTS

The pandemic caused severe economic damage and, while the economy is on track to a strong recovery, much work remains to continue building a robust, resilient, and equitable economy in the wake of the crisis and to ensure that the benefits of this recovery reach all Americans. While the pandemic impacted millions of American households and businesses, some of its most severe impacts fell on low-income and underserved communities, where pre-existing disparities amplified the impact of the pandemic and where the most work remains to reach a full recovery.

The final rule recognizes that the pandemic caused broad-based impacts that affected many communities, households, and small businesses across the country; for example, many workers faced unemployment and many small businesses saw declines in revenue. The final rule describes these as “impacted” households, communities, small businesses, and nonprofits.

At the same time, the pandemic caused disproportionate impacts, or more severe impacts, in certain communities. For example, low-income and underserved communities have faced more severe health and economic outcomes like higher rates of COVID-19 mortality and unemployment, often because pre-existing disparities exacerbated the impact of the pandemic. The final rule describes these as “disproportionately impacted” households, communities, small businesses, and nonprofits.

To simplify administration of the program, the final rule presumes that certain populations were “impacted” and “disproportionately impacted” by the pandemic; these populations are presumed to be eligible for services that respond to the impact they experienced. The final rule also enumerates a non-exhaustive list of eligible uses that are recognized as responsive to the impacts or disproportionate impacts of COVID-19. Recipients providing enumerated uses to populations presumed eligible are clearly operating consistently with the final rule.

As discussed further in the section Framework for Eligible Uses Beyond Those Enumerated, recipients can also identify other pandemic impacts, impacted or disproportionately impacted populations or classes, and responses.

However, note that the final rule maintains that general infrastructure projects, including roads, streets, and surface transportation infrastructure, would generally not be eligible under this eligible use category, unless the project responded to a specific pandemic public health need or a specific negative economic impact. Similarly, general economic development or workforce development – activities that do not respond to negative economic impacts of the pandemic but rather seek to more generally enhance the jurisdiction’s business climate – would generally not be eligible under this eligible use category.



Assistance to Households

Impacted Households and Communities

Treasury presumes the following households and communities are impacted by the pandemic:

- ✓ Low- or-moderate income households or communities
- ✓ Households that experienced unemployment
- ✓ Households that experienced increased food or housing insecurity
- ✓ Households that qualify for the Children's Health Insurance Program, Childcare Subsidies through the Child Care Development Fund (CCDF) Program, or Medicaid
- ✓ *When providing affordable housing programs:* households that qualify for the National Housing Trust Fund and Home Investment Partnerships Program
- ✓ *When providing services to address lost instructional time in K-12 schools:* any student that lost access to in-person instruction for a significant period of time

Low- or moderate-income households and communities are those with (i) income at or below 300 percent of the Federal Poverty Guidelines for the size of the household based on the most recently published poverty guidelines or (ii) income at or below 65 percent of the area median income for the county and size of household based on the most recently published data. For the vast majority of communities, the Federal Poverty Guidelines are higher than the area's median income and using the Federal Poverty Guidelines would result in more households and communities being presumed eligible. Treasury has provided an easy-to-use spreadsheet with Federal Poverty Guidelines and area median income levels on its website.

Recipients can measure income for a specific household or the median income for the community, depending on whether the response they plan to provide serves specific households or the general community. The income thresholds vary by household size; recipients should generally use income thresholds for the appropriate household size but can use a default household size of three when easier for administration or when measuring income for a general community.

The income limit for 300 percent of the Federal Poverty Guidelines for a household of three is \$65,880 per year.³ In other words, recipients can always presume that a household earning below this level, or a community with median income below this level, is impacted by the pandemic and eligible for services to respond. Additionally, by following the steps detailed in the section Framework for Eligible Uses Beyond Those Enumerated, recipients may designate additional households as impacted or disproportionately impacted beyond these presumptions, and may also pursue projects not listed below in response to these impacts consistent with Treasury's standards.

³ For recipients in Alaska, the income limit for 300 percent of the Federal Poverty Guidelines for a household of three is \$82,350 per year. For recipients in Hawaii, the income limit for 300 percent of the Federal Poverty Guidelines for a household of three is \$75,780 per year.



Treasury recognizes the enumerated projects below, which have been expanded under the final rule, as eligible to respond to impacts of the pandemic on households and communities:

- ✓ Food assistance & food banks
- ✓ Emergency housing assistance: rental assistance, mortgage assistance, utility assistance, assistance paying delinquent property taxes, counseling and legal aid to prevent eviction and homelessness & emergency programs or services for homeless individuals, including temporary residences for people experiencing homelessness
- ✓ Health insurance coverage expansion
- ✓ Benefits for surviving family members of individuals who have died from COVID-19
- ✓ Assistance to individuals who want and are available for work, including job training, public jobs programs and fairs, support for childcare and transportation to and from a jobsite or interview, incentives for newly-employed workers, subsidized employment, grants to hire underserved workers, assistance to unemployed individuals to start small businesses & development of job and workforce training centers
- ✓ Financial services for the unbanked and underbanked
- ✓ Burials, home repair & home weatherization
- ✓ Programs, devices & equipment for internet access and digital literacy, including subsidies for costs of access
- ✓ Cash assistance
- ✓ Paid sick, medical, and family leave programs
- ✓ Assistance in accessing and applying for public benefits or services
- ✓ Childcare and early learning services, home visiting programs, services for child welfare-involved families and foster youth & childcare facilities
- ✓ Assistance to address the impact of learning loss for K-12 students (e.g., high-quality tutoring, differentiated instruction)
- ✓ Programs or services to support long-term housing security: including development of affordable housing and permanent supportive housing
- ✓ Certain contributions to an Unemployment Insurance Trust Fund⁴

⁴ Recipients may only use SLFRF funds for contributions to unemployment insurance trust funds and repayment of the principal amount due on advances received under Title XII of the Social Security Act up to an amount equal to (i) the difference between the balance in the recipient's unemployment insurance trust fund as of January 27, 2020 and the balance of such account as of May 17, 2021, plus (ii) the principal amount outstanding as of May 17, 2021 on any advances received under Title XII of the Social Security Act between January 27, 2020 and May 17, 2021. Further, recipients may use SLFRF funds for the payment of any interest due on such Title XII advances. Additionally, a recipient that deposits SLFRF funds into its unemployment insurance trust fund to fully restore the pre-pandemic balance may not draw down that balance and deposit more SLFRF funds, back up to the pre-pandemic balance. Recipients that deposit SLFRF funds into an unemployment insurance trust fund, or use SLFRF funds to repay principal on Title XII advances, may not take action to reduce benefits available to unemployed workers by changing the computation method governing regular unemployment compensation in a way that results in a reduction of average weekly benefit amounts or the number of weeks of benefits payable (i.e., maximum benefit entitlement).



Disproportionately Impacted Households and Communities

Treasury presumes the following households and communities are disproportionately impacted by the pandemic:

- ✓ Low -income households and communities
- ✓ Households residing in Qualified Census Tracts
- ✓ Households that qualify for certain federal benefits⁵
- ✓ Households receiving services provided by Tribal governments
- ✓ Households residing in the U.S. territories or receiving services from these governments

Low-income households and communities are those with (i) income at or below 185 percent of the Federal Poverty Guidelines for the size of its household based on the most recently published poverty guidelines or (ii) income at or below 40 percent of area median income for its county and size of household based on the most recently published data. For the vast majority of communities, the Federal Poverty Guidelines level is higher than the area median income level and using this level would result in more households and communities being presumed eligible. Treasury has provided an easy-to-use spreadsheet with Federal Poverty Guidelines and area median income levels on its website.

Recipients can measure income for a specific household or the median income for the community, depending on whether the service they plan to provide serves specific households or the general community. The income thresholds vary by household size; recipients should generally use income thresholds for the appropriate household size but can use a default household size of three when easier for administration or when measuring income for a general community.

The income limit for 185 percent of the Federal Poverty Guidelines for a household of three is \$40,626 per year.⁶ In other words, recipients can always presume that a household earning below this level, or a community with median income below this level, is disproportionately impacted by the pandemic and eligible for services to respond.

⁵ These programs are Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF), Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP), Free- and Reduced-Price Lunch (NSLP) and/or School Breakfast (SBP) programs, Medicare Part D Low-Income Subsidies, Supplemental Security Income (SSI), Head Start and/or Early Head Start, Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children (WIC), Section 8 Vouchers, Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP), and Pell Grants. For services to address educational disparities, Treasury will recognize Title I eligible schools as disproportionately impacted and responsive services that support the school generally or support the whole school as eligible.

⁶ For recipients in Alaska, the income limit for 185 percent of the Federal Poverty Guidelines for a household of three is \$50,783 per year. For recipients in Hawaii, the income limit for 185 percent of the Federal Poverty Guidelines for a household of three is \$46,731 per year



Treasury recognizes the enumerated projects below, which have been expanded under the final rule, as eligible to respond to disproportionate impacts of the pandemic on households and communities:

- ✓ Pay for community health workers to help households access health & social services
- ✓ Remediation of lead paint or other lead hazards
- ✓ Primary care clinics, hospitals, integration of health services into other settings, and other investments in medical equipment & facilities designed to address health disparities
- ✓ Housing vouchers & assistance relocating to neighborhoods with higher economic opportunity
- ✓ Investments in neighborhoods to promote improved health outcomes
- ✓ Improvements to vacant and abandoned properties, including rehabilitation or maintenance, renovation, removal and remediation of environmental contaminants, demolition or deconstruction, greening/vacant lot cleanup & conversion to affordable housing⁷
- ✓ Services to address educational disparities, including assistance to high-poverty school districts & educational and evidence-based services to address student academic, social, emotional, and mental health needs
- ✓ Schools and other educational equipment & facilities

⁷ Please see the final rule for further details and conditions applicable to this eligible use. This includes Treasury's presumption that demolition of vacant or abandoned residential properties that results in a net reduction in occupiable housing units for low- and moderate-income individuals in an area where the availability of such housing is lower than the need for such housing is ineligible for support with SLFRF funds.



Assistance to Small Businesses

Small businesses have faced widespread challenges due to the pandemic, including periods of shutdown, declines in revenue, or increased costs. The final rule provides many tools for recipients to respond to the impacts of the pandemic on small businesses, or disproportionate impacts on businesses where pre-existing disparities like lack of access to capital compounded the pandemic's effects.

Small businesses eligible for assistance are those that experienced negative economic impacts or disproportionate impacts of the pandemic and meet the definition of "small business," specifically:

1. Have no more than 500 employees, or if applicable, the size standard in number of employees [established](#) by the Administrator of the Small Business Administration for the industry in which the business concern or organization operates, and
2. Are a small business concern as defined in section 3 of the Small Business Act⁸ (which includes, among other requirements, that the business is independently owned and operated and is not dominant in its field of operation).

Impacted Small Businesses

Recipients can identify small businesses impacted by the pandemic, and measures to respond, in many ways; for example, recipients could consider:

- ✓ Decreased revenue or gross receipts
- ✓ Financial insecurity
- ✓ Increased costs
- ✓ Capacity to weather financial hardship
- ✓ Challenges covering payroll, rent or mortgage, and other operating costs

Assistance to small businesses that experienced negative economic impacts includes the following enumerated uses:

- ✓ Loans or grants to mitigate financial hardship, such as by supporting payroll and benefits, costs to retain employees, and mortgage, rent, utility, and other operating costs
- ✓ Technical assistance, counseling, or other services to support business planning

Disproportionately Impacted Small Businesses

Treasury presumes that the following small businesses are disproportionately impacted by the pandemic:

⁸ 15 U.S.C. 632.



- ✓ Small businesses operating in Qualified Census Tracts
- ✓ Small businesses operated by Tribal governments or on Tribal lands
- ✓ Small businesses operating in the U.S. territories

Assistance to disproportionately impacted small businesses includes the following enumerated uses, which have been expanded under the final rule:

- ✓ Rehabilitation of commercial properties, storefront improvements & façade improvements
- ✓ Technical assistance, business incubators & grants for start-up or expansion costs for small businesses
- ✓ Support for microbusinesses, including financial, childcare, and transportation costs



Assistance to Nonprofits

Nonprofits have faced significant challenges due to the pandemic’s increased demand for services and changing operational needs, as well as declines in revenue sources such as donations and fees.

Nonprofits eligible for assistance are those that experienced negative economic impacts or disproportionate impacts of the pandemic and meet the definition of “nonprofit”—specifically those that are 501(c)(3) or 501(c)(19) tax-exempt organizations.

Impacted Nonprofits

Recipients can identify nonprofits impacted by the pandemic, and measures to respond, in many ways; for example, recipients could consider:

- ✓ Decreased revenue (e.g., from donations and fees)
- ✓ Financial insecurity
- ✓ Increased costs (e.g., uncompensated increases in service need)
- ✓ Capacity to weather financial hardship
- ✓ Challenges covering payroll, rent or mortgage, and other operating costs

Assistance to nonprofits that experienced negative economic impacts includes the following enumerated uses:

- ✓ Loans or grants to mitigate financial hardship
- ✓ Technical or in-kind assistance or other services that mitigate negative economic impacts of the pandemic

Disproportionately Impacted Nonprofits

Treasury presumes that the following nonprofits are disproportionately impacted by the pandemic:

- ✓ Nonprofits operating in Qualified Census Tracts
- ✓ Nonprofits operated by Tribal governments or on Tribal lands
- ✓ Nonprofits operating in the U.S. territories

Recipients may identify appropriate responses that are related and reasonably proportional to addressing these disproportionate impacts.



Aid to Impacted Industries

Recipients may use SLFRF funding to provide aid to industries impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic. Recipients should first designate an impacted industry and then provide aid to address the impacted industry's negative economic impact.

This sub-category of eligible uses does not separately identify disproportionate impacts and corresponding responsive services.

1. **Designating an impacted industry.** There are two main ways an industry can be designated as "impacted."
 1. If the industry is in the travel, tourism, or hospitality sectors (including Tribal development districts), the industry is impacted.
 2. If the industry is outside the travel, tourism, or hospitality sectors, the industry is impacted if:
 - a. The industry experienced at least 8 percent employment loss from pre-pandemic levels,⁹ or
 - b. The industry is experiencing comparable or worse economic impacts as the national tourism, travel, and hospitality industries as of the date of the final rule, based on the totality of economic indicators or qualitative data (if quantitative data is unavailable), and if the impacts were generally due to the COVID-19 public health emergency.

Recipients have flexibility to define industries broadly or narrowly, but Treasury encourages recipients to define narrow and discrete industries eligible for aid. State and territory recipients also have flexibility to define the industries with greater geographic precision; for example, a state may identify a particular industry in a certain region of a state as impacted.

2. **Providing eligible aid to the impacted industry.** Aid may only be provided to support businesses, attractions, and Tribal development districts operating prior to the pandemic and affected by required closures and other efforts to contain the pandemic. Further, aid should be generally broadly available to all businesses within the impacted industry to avoid potential conflicts of interest, and Treasury encourages aid to be first used for operational expenses, such as payroll, before being used on other types of costs.

⁹ Specifically, a recipient should compare the percent change in the number of employees of the recipient's identified industry and the national Leisure & Hospitality sector in the three months before the pandemic's most severe impacts began (a straight three-month average of seasonally-adjusted employment data from December 2019, January 2020, and February 2020) with the latest data as of the final rule (a straight three-month average of seasonally-adjusted employment data from September 2021, October 2021, and November 2021). For parity and simplicity, smaller recipients without employment data that measure industries in their specific jurisdiction may use data available for a broader unit of government for this calculation (e.g., a county may use data from the state in which it is located; a city may use data for the county, if available, or state in which it is located) solely for purposes of determining whether a particular industry is an impacted industry.

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Treasury recognizes the enumerated projects below as eligible responses to impacted industries.

- ✓ Aid to mitigate financial hardship, such as supporting payroll costs, lost pay and benefits for returning employees, support of operations and maintenance of existing equipment and facilities
- ✓ Technical assistance, counseling, or other services to support business planning
- ✓ COVID-19 mitigation and infection prevention measures (see section Public Health)

As with all eligible uses, recipients may pursue a project not listed above by undergoing the steps outlined in the section Framework for Eligible Uses Beyond Those Enumerated.



PUBLIC SECTOR CAPACITY

Recipients may use SLFRF funding to restore and bolster public sector capacity, which supports government’s ability to deliver critical COVID-19 services. There are three main categories of eligible uses to bolster public sector capacity and workforce: Public Safety, Public Health, and Human Services Staff; Government Employment and Rehiring Public Sector Staff; and Effective Service Delivery.

Public Safety, Public Health, and Human Services Staff

SLFRF funding may be used for payroll and covered benefits for public safety, public health, health care, human services and similar employees of a recipient government, for the portion of the employee’s time spent responding to COVID-19. Recipients should follow the steps below.

1. Identify eligible public safety, public health, and human services staff. Public safety staff include:

- ✓ Police officers (including state police officers)
- ✓ Sheriffs and deputy sheriffs
- ✓ Firefighters
- ✓ Emergency medical responders
- ✓ Correctional and detention officers
- ✓ Dispatchers and supervisor personnel that directly support public safety staff

Public health staff include:

- ✓ Employees involved in providing medical and other physical or mental health services to patients and supervisory personnel, including medical staff assigned to schools, prisons, and other such institutions
- ✓ Laboratory technicians, medical examiners, morgue staff, and other support services essential for patient care
- ✓ Employees of public health departments directly engaged in public health matters and related supervisory personnel

Human services staff include:

- ✓ Employees providing or administering social services and public benefits
- ✓ Child welfare services employees
- ✓ Child, elder, or family care employees

2. Assess portion of time spent on COVID-19 response for eligible staff.

Recipients can use a variety of methods to assess the share of an employees’ time spent responding to COVID-19, including using reasonable estimates—such as estimating the share of time based on discussions with staff and applying that share to all employees in that position.

For administrative convenience, recipients can consider public health and safety employees entirely devoted to responding to COVID-19 (and their payroll and benefits fully covered by SLFRF) if the



employee, or his or her operating unit or division, is “primarily dedicated” to responding to COVID-19. Primarily dedicated means that more than half of the employee, unit, or division’s time is dedicated to responding to COVID-19.

Recipients must periodically reassess their determination and maintain records to support their assessment, although recipients do not need to track staff hours.

3. **Use SLFRF funding for payroll and covered benefits for the portion of eligible staff time spent on COVID-19 response.** SLFRF funding may be used for payroll and covered benefits for the portion of the employees’ time spent on COVID-19 response, as calculated above, through the period of performance.

Government Employment and Rehiring Public Sector Staff

Under the increased flexibility of the final rule, SLFRF funding may be used to support a broader set of uses to restore and support public sector employment. Eligible uses include hiring up to a pre-pandemic baseline that is adjusted for historic underinvestment in the public sector, providing additional funds for employees who experienced pay cuts or were furloughed, avoiding layoffs, providing worker retention incentives, and paying for ancillary administrative costs related to hiring, support, and retention.

- **Restoring pre-pandemic employment.** Recipients have two options to restore pre-pandemic employment, depending on the recipient’s needs.
 - *If the recipient simply wants to hire back employees for pre-pandemic positions:* Recipients may use SLFRF funds to hire employees for the same positions that existed on January 27, 2020 but that were unfilled or eliminated as of March 3, 2021. Recipients may use SLFRF funds to cover payroll and covered benefits for such positions through the period of performance.
 - *If the recipient wants to hire above the pre-pandemic baseline and/or would like to have flexibility in positions:* Recipients may use SLFRF funds to pay for payroll and covered benefits associated with the recipient increasing its number of budgeted FTEs up to 7.5 percent above its pre-pandemic baseline. Specifically, recipients should undergo the following steps:
 - a. Identify the recipient’s budgeted FTE level on January 27, 2020. This includes all budgeted positions, filled and unfilled. This is called the *pre-pandemic baseline*.
 - b. Multiply the pre-pandemic baseline by 1.075. This is called the *adjusted pre-pandemic baseline*.
 - c. Identify the recipient’s budgeted FTE level on March 3, 2021, which is the beginning of the period of performance for SLFRF funds. Recipients may, but are not required to, exclude the number of FTEs dedicated to responding to the COVID-19 public health emergency. This is called the *actual number of FTEs*.
 - d. Subtract the *actual number of FTEs* from the *adjusted pre-pandemic baseline* to calculate the number of FTEs that can be covered by SLFRF funds. Recipients do not have to hire for the same roles that existed pre-pandemic.

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Recipients may use SLFRF funds to cover payroll and covered benefits through the period of performance; these employees must have begun their employment on or after March 3, 2021. Recipients may only use SLFRF funds for additional FTEs hired over the March 3, 2021 level (i.e., the *actual number of FTEs*).

- **Supporting and retaining public sector workers.** Recipients can also use funds in other ways that support the public sector workforce.¹⁰ These include:
 - **Providing additional funding for employees who experienced pay reductions or were furloughed** since the onset of the pandemic, up to the difference in the employee’s pay, taking into account unemployment benefits received.
 - **Maintaining current compensation levels to prevent layoffs.** SLFRF funds may be used to maintain current compensation levels, with adjustments for inflation, in order to prevent layoffs that would otherwise be necessary.
 - **Providing worker retention incentives, including reasonable increases in compensation** to persuade employees to remain with the employer as compared to other employment options. Retention incentives must be entirely additive to an employee’s regular compensation, narrowly tailored to need, and should not exceed incentives traditionally offered by the recipient or compensation that alternative employers may offer to compete for the employees. Treasury presumes that retention incentives that are less than 25 percent of the rate of base pay for an individual employee or 10 percent for a group or category of employees are reasonably proportional to the need to retain employees, as long as other requirements are met.
- **Covering administrative costs associated with administering the hiring, support, and retention programs above.**

Effective Service Delivery

SLFRF funding may be used to improve the efficacy of public health and economic programs through tools like program evaluation, data, and outreach, as well as to address administrative needs caused or exacerbated by the pandemic. Eligible uses include:

- **Supporting program evaluation, data, and outreach through:**

¹⁰ Recipients should be able to substantiate that these uses of funds are substantially due to the public health emergency or its negative economic impacts (e.g., fiscal pressures on state and local budgets) and respond to its impacts. See the final rule for details on these uses.



- ✓ Program evaluation and evidence resources
 - ✓ Data analysis resources to gather, assess, share, and use data
 - ✓ Technology infrastructure to improve access to and the user experience of government IT systems, as well as technology improvements to increase public access and delivery of government programs and services
 - ✓ Community outreach and engagement activities
 - ✓ Capacity building resources to support using data and evidence, including hiring staff, consultants, or technical assistance support
- **Addressing administrative needs, including:**
 - ✓ Administrative costs for programs responding to the public health emergency and its economic impacts, including non-SLFRF and non-federally funded programs
 - ✓ Address administrative needs caused or exacerbated by the pandemic, including addressing backlogs caused by shutdowns, increased repair or maintenance needs, and technology infrastructure to adapt government operations to the pandemic (e.g., video-conferencing software, data and case management systems)



CAPITAL EXPENDITURES

As described above, the final rule clarifies that recipients may use funds for programs, services, and capital expenditures that respond to the public health and negative economic impacts of the pandemic. Any use of funds in this category for a capital expenditure must comply with the capital expenditure requirements, in addition to other standards for uses of funds.

Capital expenditures are subject to the same eligibility standard as other eligible uses to respond to the pandemic’s public health and economic impacts; specifically, they must be related and reasonably proportional to the pandemic impact identified and reasonably designed to benefit the impacted population or class.

For ease of administration, the final rule identifies enumerated types of capital expenditures that Treasury has identified as responding to the pandemic’s impacts; these are listed in the applicable sub-category of eligible uses (e.g., public health, assistance to households, etc.). Recipients may also identify other responsive capital expenditures. Similar to other eligible uses in the SLFRF program, no pre-approval is required for capital expenditures.

To guide recipients’ analysis of whether a capital expenditure meets the eligibility standard, recipients (with the exception of Tribal governments) must complete and meet the requirements of a written justification for capital expenditures equal to or greater than \$1 million. For large-scale capital expenditures, which have high costs and may require an extended length of time to complete, as well as most capital expenditures for non-enumerated uses of funds, Treasury requires recipients to submit their written justification as part of regular reporting. Specifically:

If a project has total capital expenditures of	and the use is enumerated by Treasury as eligible, then	and the use is beyond those enumerated by Treasury as eligible, then
Less than \$1 million	No Written Justification required	No Written Justification required
Greater than or equal to \$1 million, but less than \$10 million	Written Justification required but recipients are not required to submit as part of regular reporting to Treasury	Written Justification required and recipients must submit as part of regular reporting to Treasury
\$10 million or more	Written Justification required and recipients must submit as part of regular reporting to Treasury	

A Written Justification includes:

- *Description of the harm or need to be addressed.* Recipients should provide a description of the specific harm or need to be addressed and why the harm was exacerbated or caused by the public health emergency. Recipients may provide quantitative information on the extent and the type of harm, such as the number of individuals or entities affected.



- *Explanation of why a capital expenditure is appropriate.* For example, recipients should include an explanation of why existing equipment and facilities, or policy changes or additional funding to pertinent programs or services, would be inadequate.
- *Comparison of proposed capital project against at least two alternative capital expenditures and demonstration of why the proposed capital expenditure is superior.* Recipients should consider the effectiveness of the capital expenditure in addressing the harm identified and the expected total cost (including pre-development costs) against at least two alternative capital expenditures.

Where relevant, recipients should consider the alternatives of improving existing capital assets already owned or leasing other capital assets.

Treasury presumes that the following capital projects are generally ineligible:

- ✘ Construction of new correctional facilities as a response to an increase in rate of crime
- ✘ Construction of new congregational facilities to decrease spread of COVID-19 in the facility
- ✘ Construction of convention centers, stadiums, or other large capital projects intended for general economic development or to aid impacted industries

In undertaking capital expenditures, Treasury encourages recipients to adhere to strong labor standards, including project labor agreements and community benefits agreements that offer wages at or above the prevailing rate and include local hire provisions. Treasury also encourages recipients to prioritize in their procurements employers with high labor standards and to prioritize employers without recent violations of federal and state labor and employment laws.



FRAMEWORK FOR ELIGIBLE USES BEYOND THOSE ENUMERATED

As described above, recipients have broad flexibility to identify and respond to other pandemic impacts and serve other populations that experienced pandemic impacts, beyond the enumerated uses and presumed eligible populations. Recipients should undergo the following steps to decide whether their project is eligible:

Step	1. Identify COVID-19 public health or economic impact	2. Design a response that addresses or responds to the impact
Analysis	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Can identify impact to a specific household, business or nonprofit or to a class of households, businesses or nonprofits (i.e., group) • Can also identify disproportionate impacts, or more severe impacts, to a specific beneficiary or to a class 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Types of responses can include a program, service, or capital expenditure • Response should be related and reasonably proportional to the harm • Response should also be reasonably designed to benefit impacted individual or class

1. Identify a COVID-19 public health or negative economic impact on an individual or a class.

Recipients should identify an individual or class that is “impacted” or “disproportionately impacted” by the COVID-19 public health emergency or its negative economic impacts as well as the specific impact itself.

- “Impacted” entities are those impacted by the disease itself or the harmful consequences of the economic disruptions resulting from or exacerbated by the COVID-19 public health emergency. For example, an individual who lost their job or a small business that saw lower revenue during a period of closure would both have experienced impacts of the pandemic.
- “Disproportionately impacted” entities are those that experienced disproportionate public health or economic outcomes from the pandemic; Treasury recognizes that pre-existing disparities, in many cases, amplified the impacts of the pandemic, causing more severe impacts in underserved communities. For example, a household living in a neighborhood with limited access to medical care and healthy foods may have faced health disparities before the pandemic, like a higher rate of chronic health conditions, that contributed to more severe health outcomes during the COVID-19 pandemic.

The recipient may choose to identify these impacts at either the individual level or at a class level. If the recipient is identifying impacts at the individual level, they should retain documentation supporting the impact the individual experienced (e.g., documentation of lost revenues from a small business). Such documentation can be streamlined in many cases (e.g., self-attestation that a household requires food assistance).

Recipients also have broad flexibility to identify a “class” – or a group of households, small businesses, or nonprofits – that experienced an impact. In these cases, the recipients should



first identify the class and the impact that it faced. Then, recipients only need to document that the individuals served fall within that class; recipients do not need to document a specific impact to each individual served. For example, a recipient could identify that restaurants in the downtown area faced substantial declines in revenue due to decreased foot traffic from workers; the recipient could develop a program to respond to the impact on that class and only needs to document that the businesses being served are restaurants in the downtown area.

Recipients should keep the following considerations in mind when designating a class:

- **There should be a relationship between the definition of the class and the proposed response.** Larger and less-specific classes are less likely to have experienced similar harms, which may make it more difficult to design a response that appropriately responds to those harms.
 - **Classes may be determined on a population basis or on a geographic basis,** and the response should be appropriately matched. For example, a response might be designed to provide childcare to single parents, regardless of which neighborhood they live in, or a response might provide a park to improve the health of a disproportionately impacted neighborhood.
 - **Recipients may designate classes that experienced disproportionate impact,** by assessing the impacts of the pandemic and finding that some populations experienced meaningfully more severe impacts than the general public. To determine these disproportionate impacts, recipients:
 - May designate classes based on academic research or government research publications (such as the citations provided in the supplementary information in the final rule), through analysis of their own data, or through analysis of other existing data sources.
 - May also consider qualitative research and sources to augment their analysis, or when quantitative data is not readily available. Such sources might include resident interviews or feedback from relevant state and local agencies, such as public health departments or social services departments.
 - Should consider the quality of the research, data, and applicability of analysis to their determination in all cases.
 - **Some of the enumerated uses may also be appropriate responses to the impacts experienced by other classes of beneficiaries.** It is permissible for recipients to provide these services to other classes, so long as the recipient determines that the response is also appropriate for those groups.
 - **Recipients may designate a class based on income level, including at levels higher than the final rule definition of "low- and moderate-income."** For example, a recipient may identify that households in their community with incomes above the final rule threshold for low-income nevertheless experienced disproportionate impacts from the pandemic and provide responsive services.
2. **Design a response that addresses or responds to the impact.** Programs, services, and other interventions must be reasonably designed to benefit the individual or class that experienced



the impact. They must also be related and reasonably proportional to the extent and type of impact experienced. For example, uses that bear no relation or are grossly disproportionate to the type or extent of the impact would not be eligible.

“Reasonably proportional” refers to the scale of the response compared to the scale of the harm, as well as the targeting of the response to beneficiaries compared to the amount of harm they experienced; for example, it may not be reasonably proportional for a cash assistance program to provide a very small amount of aid to a group that experienced severe harm and a much larger amount to a group that experienced relatively little harm. Recipients should consider relevant factors about the harm identified and the response to evaluate whether the response is reasonably proportional. For example, recipients may consider the size of the population impacted and the severity, type, and duration of the impact. Recipients may also consider the efficacy, cost, cost-effectiveness, and time to delivery of the response.

For disproportionately impacted communities, recipients may design interventions that address broader pre-existing disparities that contributed to more severe health and economic outcomes during the pandemic, such as disproportionate gaps in access to health care or pre-existing disparities in educational outcomes that have been exacerbated by the pandemic.



Premium Pay

The Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds may be used to provide premium pay to eligible workers performing essential work during the pandemic. Premium pay may be awarded to eligible workers up to \$13 per hour. Premium pay must be in addition to wages or remuneration (i.e., compensation) the eligible worker otherwise receives. Premium pay may not exceed \$25,000 for any single worker during the program.

Recipients should undergo the following steps to provide premium pay to eligible workers.

- 1. Identify an “eligible” worker.** Eligible workers include workers “needed to maintain continuity of operations of essential critical infrastructure sectors.” These sectors and occupations are eligible:

- ✓ Health care
- ✓ Emergency response
- ✓ Sanitation, disinfection & cleaning
- ✓ Maintenance
- ✓ Grocery stores, restaurants, food production, and food delivery
- ✓ Pharmacy
- ✓ Biomedical research
- ✓ Behavioral health
- ✓ Medical testing and diagnostics
- ✓ Home and community-based health care or assistance with activities of daily living
- ✓ Family or child care
- ✓ Social services
- ✓ Public health
- ✓ Mortuary
- ✓ Critical clinical research, development, and testing necessary for COVID-19 response
- ✓ State, local, or Tribal government workforce
- ✓ Workers providing vital services to Tribes
- ✓ Educational, school nutrition, and other work required to operate a school facility
- ✓ Laundry
- ✓ Elections
- ✓ Solid waste or hazardous materials management, response, and cleanup
- ✓ Work requiring physical interaction with patients
- ✓ Dental care
- ✓ Transportation and warehousing
- ✓ Hotel and commercial lodging facilities that are used for COVID-19 mitigation and containment

Beyond this list, the chief executive (or equivalent) of a recipient government may designate additional non-public sectors as critical so long as doing so is necessary to protecting the health and wellbeing of the residents of such jurisdictions.

- 2. Verify that the eligible worker performs “essential work,”** meaning work that:

- Is not performed while teleworking from a residence; and
- Involves either:
 - a. regular, in-person interactions with patients, the public, or coworkers of the individual that is performing the work; or
 - b. regular physical handling of items that were handled by, or are to be handled by, patients, the public, or coworkers of the individual that is performing the work.



3. Confirm that the premium pay “responds to” workers performing essential work during the COVID-19 public health emergency. Under the final rule, which broadened the share of eligible workers who can receive premium pay without a written justification, recipients may meet this requirement in one of three ways:

- Eligible worker receiving premium pay is earning (with the premium included) at or below 150 percent of their residing state or county’s average annual wage for all occupations, as defined by the Bureau of Labor Statistics’ [Occupational Employment and Wage Statistics](#), whichever is higher, on an annual basis; or
- Eligible worker receiving premium pay is not exempt from the Fair Labor Standards Act overtime provisions; or
- If a worker does not meet either of the above requirements, the recipient must submit written justification to Treasury detailing how the premium pay is otherwise responsive to workers performing essential work during the public health emergency. This may include a description of the essential worker’s duties, health, or financial risks faced due to COVID-19, and why the recipient determined that the premium pay was responsive. Treasury anticipates that recipients will easily be able to satisfy the justification requirement for front-line workers, like nurses and hospital staff.

Premium pay may be awarded in installments or lump sums (e.g., monthly, quarterly, etc.) and may be awarded to hourly, part-time, or salaried or non-hourly workers. Premium pay must be paid in addition to wages already received and may be paid retrospectively. A recipient may not use SLFRF to merely reimburse itself for premium pay or hazard pay already received by the worker, and premium pay may not be paid to volunteers.



Water & Sewer Infrastructure

The Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds may be used to make necessary investments in water and sewer infrastructure. State, local, and Tribal governments have a tremendous need to address the consequences of deferred maintenance in drinking water systems and removal, management, and treatment of sewage and stormwater, along with additional resiliency measures needed to adapt to climate change.

Recipients may undertake the eligible projects below:

PROJECTS ELIGIBLE UNDER EPA'S CLEAN WATER STATE REVOLVING FUND (CWSRF)

Eligible projects under the CWSRF, and the final rule, include:

- ✓ Construction of publicly owned treatment works
- ✓ Projects pursuant to implementation of a nonpoint source pollution management program established under the Clean Water Act (CWA)
- ✓ Decentralized wastewater treatment systems that treat municipal wastewater or domestic sewage
- ✓ Management and treatment of stormwater or subsurface drainage water
- ✓ Water conservation, efficiency, or reuse measures
- ✓ Development and implementation of a conservation and management plan under the CWA
- ✓ Watershed projects meeting the criteria set forth in the CWA
- ✓ Energy consumption reduction for publicly owned treatment works
- ✓ Reuse or recycling of wastewater, stormwater, or subsurface drainage water
- ✓ Security of publicly owned treatment works

Treasury encourages recipients to review the EPA handbook for the [CWSRF](#) for a full list of eligibilities.

PROJECTS ELIGIBLE UNDER EPA'S DRINKING WATER STATE REVOLVING FUND (DWSRF)

Eligible drinking water projects under the DWSRF, and the final rule, include:

- ✓ Facilities to improve drinking water quality
- ✓ Transmission and distribution, including improvements of water pressure or prevention of contamination in infrastructure and lead service line replacements
- ✓ New sources to replace contaminated drinking water or increase drought resilience, including aquifer storage and recovery system for water storage
- ✓ Green infrastructure, including green roofs, rainwater harvesting collection, permeable pavement
- ✓ Storage of drinking water, such as to prevent contaminants or equalize water demands
- ✓ Purchase of water systems and interconnection of systems
- ✓ New community water systems

Treasury encourages recipients to review the EPA handbook for the [DWSRF](#) for a full list of eligibilities.



ADDITIONAL ELIGIBLE PROJECTS

With broadened eligibility under the final rule, SLFRF funds may be used to fund additional types of projects— such as additional stormwater infrastructure, residential wells, lead remediation, and certain rehabilitations of dams and reservoirs — beyond the CWSRF and DWSRF, if they are found to be “necessary” according to the definition provided in the final rule and outlined below.

- ✓ Culvert repair, resizing, and removal, replacement of storm sewers, and additional types of stormwater infrastructure
- ✓ Infrastructure to improve access to safe drinking water for individual served by residential wells, including testing initiatives, and treatment/remediation strategies that address contamination
- ✓ Dam and reservoir rehabilitation if primary purpose of dam or reservoir is for drinking water supply and project is necessary for provision of drinking water
- ✓ Broad set of lead remediation projects eligible under EPA grant programs authorized by the Water Infrastructure Improvements for the Nation (WIIN) Act, such as lead testing, installation of corrosion control treatment, lead service line replacement, as well as water quality testing, compliance monitoring, and remediation activities, including replacement of internal plumbing and faucets and fixtures in schools and childcare facilities

A “necessary” investment in infrastructure must be:

- (1) responsive to an identified need to achieve or maintain an adequate minimum level of service, which may include a reasonable projection of increased need, whether due to population growth or otherwise,
- (2) a cost-effective means for meeting that need, taking into account available alternatives, and
- (3) for investments in infrastructure that supply drinking water in order to meet projected population growth, projected to be sustainable over its estimated useful life.

Please note that DWSRF and CWSRF-eligible projects are generally presumed to be necessary investments. Additional eligible projects generally must be responsive to an identified need to achieve or maintain an adequate minimum level of service. Recipients are only required to assess cost-effectiveness of projects for the creation of new drinking water systems, dam and reservoir rehabilitation projects, or projects for the extension of drinking water service to meet population growth needs. Recipients should review the supplementary information to the final rule for more details on requirements applicable to each type of investment.

APPLICABLE STANDARDS & REQUIREMENTS

Treasury encourages recipients to adhere to strong labor standards, including project labor agreements and community benefits agreements that offer wages at or above the prevailing rate and include local hire provisions. Treasury also encourages recipients to prioritize in their procurements employers with high labor standards and to prioritize employers without recent violations of federal and state labor and employment laws.

Coronavirus State & Local Fiscal Recovery Funds: Overview of the Final Rule



Broadband Infrastructure

The Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds may be used to make necessary investments in broadband infrastructure, which has been shown to be critical for work, education, healthcare, and civic participation during the public health emergency. The final rule broadens the set of eligible broadband infrastructure investments that recipients may undertake.

Recipients may pursue investments in broadband infrastructure meeting technical standards detailed below, as well as an expanded set of cybersecurity investments.

BROADBAND INFRASTRUCTURE INVESTMENTS

Recipients should adhere to the following requirements when designing a broadband infrastructure project:

1. **Identify an eligible area for investment.** Recipients are encouraged to prioritize projects that are designed to serve locations without access to reliable wireline 100/20 Mbps broadband service (meaning service that reliably provides 100 Mbps download speed and 20 Mbps upload speed through a wireline connection), but are broadly able to invest in projects designed to provide service to locations with an identified need for additional broadband investment. Recipients have broad flexibility to define need in their community. Examples of need could include:
 - ✓ Lack of access to a reliable high-speed broadband connection
 - ✓ Lack of affordable broadband
 - ✓ Lack of reliable service

If recipients are considering deploying broadband to locations where there are existing and enforceable federal or state funding commitments for reliable service of at least 100/20 Mbps, recipients must ensure that SLFRF funds are designed to address an identified need for additional broadband investment that is not met by existing federal or state funding commitments. Recipients must also ensure that SLFRF funds will not be used for costs that will be reimbursed by the other federal or state funding streams.

2. **Design project to meet high-speed technical standards.** Recipients are required to design projects to, upon completion, reliably meet or exceed symmetrical 100 Mbps download and upload speeds. In cases where it is not practicable, because of the excessive cost of the project or geography or topography of the area to be served by the project, eligible projects may be designed to reliably meet or exceed 100/20 Mbps and be scalable to a minimum of symmetrical 100 Mbps download and upload speeds.

Treasury encourages recipients to prioritize investments in fiber-optic infrastructure wherever feasible and to focus on projects that will achieve last-mile connections. Further, Treasury encourages recipients to prioritize support for broadband networks owned, operated by, or affiliated with local governments, nonprofits, and co-operatives.



3. **Require enrollment in a low-income subsidy program.** Recipients must require the service provider for a broadband project that provides service to households to either:

- ✓ Participate in the FCC's Affordable Connectivity Program (ACP)
- ✓ Provide access to a broad-based affordability program to low-income consumers that provides benefits commensurate to ACP

Treasury encourages broadband services to also include at least one low-cost option offered without data usage caps at speeds sufficient for a household with multiple users to simultaneously telework and engage in remote learning. Recipients are also encouraged to consult with the community on affordability needs.

CYBERSECURITY INVESTMENTS

SLFRF may be used for modernization of cybersecurity for existing and new broadband infrastructure, regardless of their speed delivery standards. This includes modernization of hardware and software.

APPLICABLE STANDARDS & REQUIREMENTS

Treasury encourages recipients to adhere to strong labor standards, including project labor agreements and community benefits agreements that offer wages at or above the prevailing rate and include local hire provisions. Treasury also encourages recipients to prioritize in their procurements employers with high labor standards and to prioritize employers without recent violations of federal and state labor and employment laws.



Restrictions on Use

While recipients have considerable flexibility to use Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds to address the diverse needs of their communities, some restrictions on use of funds apply.

OFFSET A REDUCTION IN NET TAX REVENUE

- **States and territories may not use this funding to directly or indirectly offset a reduction in net tax revenue resulting from a change in law, regulation, or administrative interpretation beginning on March 3, 2021, through the last day of the fiscal year in which the funds provided have been spent.** If a state or territory cuts taxes during this period, it must demonstrate how it paid for the tax cuts from sources other than SLFRF, such as by enacting policies to raise other sources of revenue, by cutting spending, or through higher revenue due to economic growth. If the funds provided have been used to offset tax cuts, the amount used for this purpose must be repaid to the Treasury.

DEPOSITS INTO PENSION FUNDS

- **No recipients except Tribal governments may use this funding to make a deposit to a pension fund.** Treasury defines a “deposit” as an extraordinary contribution to a pension fund for the purpose of reducing an accrued, unfunded liability. While pension deposits are prohibited, recipients may use funds for routine payroll contributions connected to an eligible use of funds (e.g., for public health and safety staff). Examples of extraordinary payments include ones that:
 - ✗ Reduce a liability incurred prior to the start of the COVID-19 public health emergency and occur outside the recipient's regular timing for making the payment
 - ✗ Occur at the regular time for pension contributions but is larger than a regular payment would have been

ADDITIONAL RESTRICTIONS AND REQUIREMENTS

Additional restrictions and requirements that apply across all eligible use categories include:

- **No debt service or replenishing financial reserves.** Since SLFRF funds are intended to be used prospectively, recipients may not use SLFRF funds for debt service or replenishing financial reserves (e.g., rainy day funds).
- **No satisfaction of settlements and judgments.** Satisfaction of any obligation arising under or pursuant to a settlement agreement, judgment, consent decree, or judicially confirmed debt restructuring in a judicial, administrative, or regulatory proceeding is itself not an eligible use. However, if a settlement requires the recipient to provide services or incur other costs that are an eligible use of SLFRF funds, SLFRF may be used for those costs.
- **Additional general restrictions.** SLFRF funds may not be used for a project that conflicts with or contravenes the purpose of the American Rescue Plan Act statute (e.g., uses of funds that

Coronavirus State & Local Fiscal Recovery Funds: Overview of the Final Rule



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

undermine COVID-19 mitigation practices in line with CDC guidance and recommendations) and may not be used in violation of the Award Terms and Conditions or conflict of interest requirements under the Uniform Guidance. Other applicable laws and regulations, outside of SLFRF program requirements, may also apply (e.g., laws around procurement, contracting, conflicts-of-interest, environmental standards, or civil rights).



Program Administration

The Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds final rule details a number of administrative processes and requirements, including on distribution of funds, timeline for use of funds, transfer of funds, treatment of loans, use of funds to meet non-federal match or cost-share requirements, administrative expenses, reporting on use of funds, and remediation and recoupment of funds used for ineligible purposes. This section provides a summary for the most frequently asked questions.

TIMELINE FOR USE OF FUNDS

Under the SLFRF, funds must be used for costs incurred on or after March 3, 2021. Further, costs must be obligated by December 31, 2024, and expended by December 31, 2026.

TRANSFERS

Recipients may undertake projects on their own or through subrecipients, which carry out eligible uses on behalf of a recipient, including pooling funds with other recipients or blending and braiding SLFRF funds with other sources of funds. Localities may also transfer their funds to the state through section 603(c)(4), which will decrease the locality's award and increase the state award amounts.

LOANS

Recipients may generally use SLFRF funds to provide loans for uses that are otherwise eligible, although there are special rules about how recipients should track program income depending on the length of the loan. Recipients should consult the final rule if they seek to utilize these provisions.

NON-FEDERAL MATCH OR COST-SHARE REQUIREMENTS

Funds available under the "revenue loss" eligible use category (sections 602(c)(1)(C) and 603(c)(1)(C) of the Social Security Act) generally may be used to meet the non-federal cost-share or matching requirements of other federal programs. However, note that SLFRF funds may not be used as the non-federal share for purposes of a state's Medicaid and CHIP programs because the Office of Management and Budget has approved a waiver as requested by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services pursuant to 2 CFR 200.102 of the Uniform Guidance and related regulations.

SLFRF funds beyond those that are available under the revenue loss eligible use category may not be used to meet the non-federal match or cost-share requirements of other federal programs, other than as specifically provided for by statute. As an example, the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act provides that SLFRF funds may be used to meet the non-federal match requirements of authorized Bureau of Reclamation projects and certain broadband deployment projects. Recipients should consult the final rule for further details if they seek to utilize SLFRF funds as a match for these projects.

ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

SLFRF funds may be used for direct and indirect administrative expenses involved in administering the program. For details on permissible direct and indirect administrative costs, recipients should refer to Treasury's [Compliance and Reporting Guidance](#). Costs incurred for the same purpose in like circumstances must be treated consistently as either direct or indirect costs.

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REPORTING, COMPLIANCE & RECOUPMENT

Recipients are required to comply with Treasury's [Compliance and Reporting Guidance](#), which includes submitting mandatory periodic reports to Treasury.

Funds used in violation of the final rule are subject to remediation and recoupment. As outlined in the final rule, Treasury may identify funds used in violation through reporting or other sources. Recipients will be provided with an initial written notice of recoupment with an opportunity to submit a request for reconsideration before Treasury provides a final notice of recoupment. If the recipient receives an initial notice of recoupment and does not submit a request for reconsideration, the initial notice will be deemed the final notice. Treasury may pursue other forms of remediation and monitoring in conjunction with, or as an alternative to, recoupment.

REVISIONS TO THE OVERVIEW OF THE FINAL RULE:

- January 18, 2022 (p. 4, p. 16): Clarification that the revenue loss standard allowance is “up to” \$10 million under the Replacing Lost Public Sector Revenue eligible use category; addition of further information on the eligibility of general infrastructure, general economic development, and worker development projects under the Public Health and Negative Economic Impacts eligible use category.

Coronavirus State & Local Fiscal Recovery Funds: Overview of the Final Rule



AGENDA ITEM COVER SHEET
Morrow County Board of Commissioners
(Page 1 of 2)

(For BOC Use)
Item #
50
500

Please complete for each agenda item submitted for consideration by the Board of Commissioners
(See notations at bottom of form)

Presenter at BOC: Mike Gorman
Department: Assessment & Tax
Short Title of Agenda Item:
(No acronyms please)

Phone Number (Ext): 541-676-5607
Requested Agenda Date: 1/05/2022

Tax Foreclosure Sale to Previous Owner

This Item Involves: (Check all that apply for this meeting.)
Order or Resolution
Ordinance/Public Hearing:
1st Reading 2nd Reading
Public Comment Anticipated:
Estimated Time:
Document Recording Required
Contract/Agreement
Appointments
Update on Project/Committee
Consent Agenda Eligible
Discussion & Action
Estimated Time: 10 Minutes
Purchase Pre-Authorization
Other

N/A
Purchase Pre-Authorizations, Contracts & Agreements
Contractor/Entity:
Contractor/Entity Address:
Effective Dates - From: Through:
Total Contract Amount: Budget Line:
Does the contract amount exceed \$5,000? Yes No

Reviewed By:
Mike Gorman 12/23/21 Department Director Required for all BOC meetings
[Signature] 1/13/22 Administrator Required for all BOC meetings
J. Nelson [Signature] 1/13/22 County Counsel *Required for all legal documents
Finance Office *Required for all contracts; other items as appropriate.
Human Resources *If appropriate
*Allow 1 week for review (submit to all simultaneously). When each office has notified the submitting department of approval, then submit the request to the BOC for placement on the agenda.

Note: All other entities must sign contracts/agreements before they are presented to the Board of Commissioners (originals preferred). Agendas are published each Friday afternoon, so requests must be received in the BOC Office by 1:00 p.m. on the Friday prior to the Board's Wednesday meeting. Once this form is completed, including County Counsel, Finance and HR review/sign-off (if appropriate), then submit it to the Board of Commissioners Office.

AGENDA ITEM COVER SHEET

Morrow County Board of Commissioners

(Page 2 of 2)

1. ISSUES, BACKGROUND, DISCUSSION AND OPTIONS (IF ANY):

Tax lot 4N2516AC-126 was owned by Ridgecrest Development III, LLC. The property became four years delinquent with property taxes in 2019 and a foreclosure judgement was awarded in October 2019, (Circuit Court Case No. 19CV37521), after the two year redemption period expired this past October, the property was deeded to the County on 10/26/2021. The property is .68 acres with R3 Zoning and has a 2500 sf shop building constructed in 1997. The delinquent tax amount, including all delinquent years and foreclosure fees is **\$13,156.52**. The current estimated Real Market Value of the Property is **\$87,000.00**. In early December, a representative from Ridgecrest Development III, LLC contacted me inquiring if he could purchase the property back from the County.

The statute regarding this situation reads as follows: *275.180 Sale to record owner or contract purchaser of property; conditions. (1) The governing body of a county may at any time, without the publication of any notice, sell and convey by deed to the record owner or the contract purchaser of record, any property acquired by the county for delinquent taxes for not less than the amount of taxes and interest accrued and charged against such property at the time of purchase by the county with interest thereon at the rate of six percent per annum from the date of such purchase.*

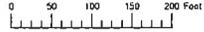
(2) All such sales of any such property to the record owner or the contract purchaser of record shall be subject to all liens or claims arising out of any assessment for a local improvement levied against such property, or any part thereof, by any municipal corporation and remaining unsatisfied, and also shall be subject to any title or equity of the municipal corporation predicated upon or growing out of any such lien or assessment. [Amended by 1973 c.843 §1; 1975 c.657 §1; 2005 c.243 §17]

2. FISCAL IMPACT:

3. SUGGESTED ACTION(S)/MOTION(S):

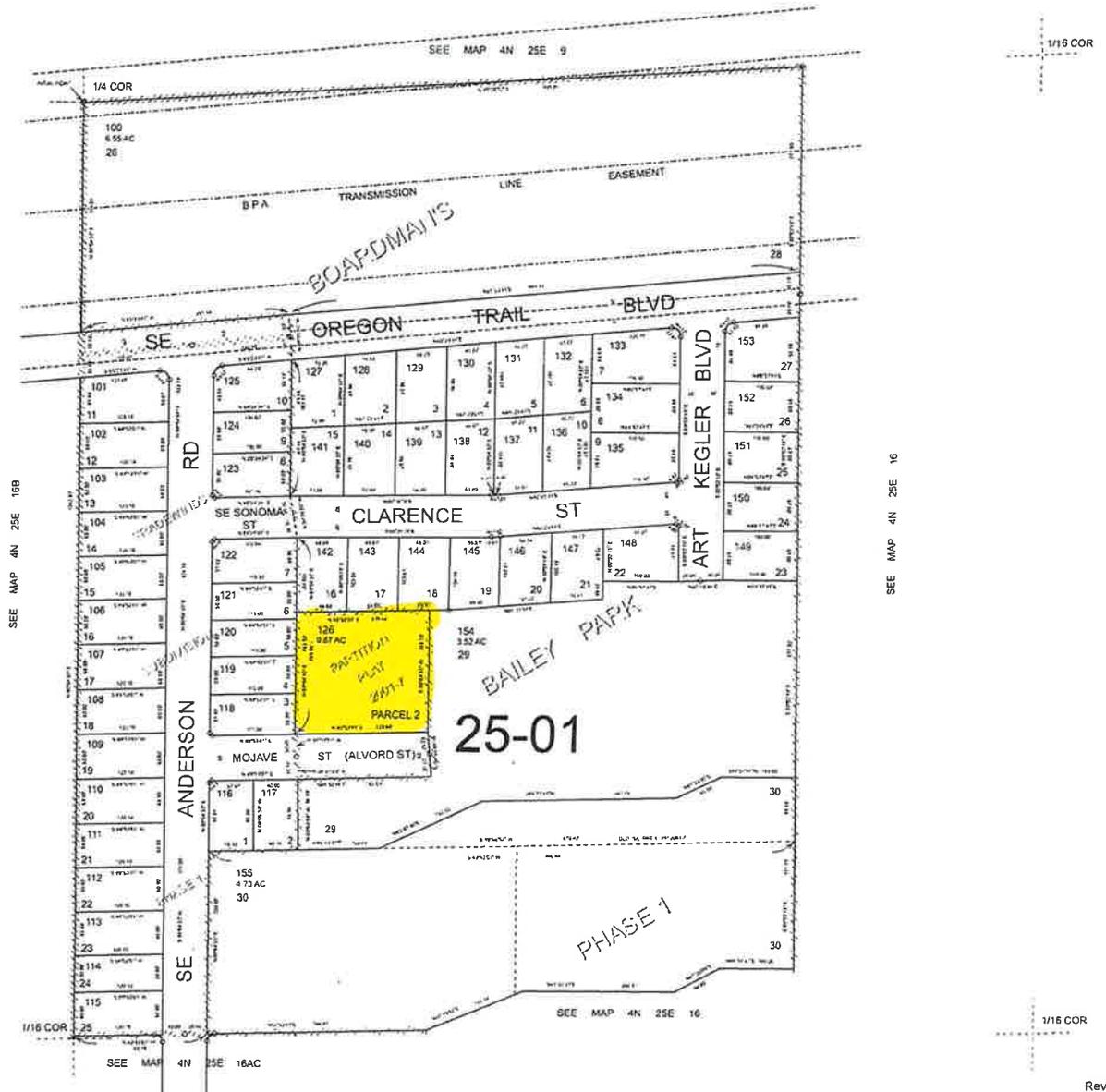
Attach additional background documentation as needed.

THIS MAP WAS PREPARED FOR ASSESSMENT PURPOSE ONLY



N.W. 1/4 N.E. 1/4 SEC. 16 T.4N. R.25E. W.M.
MORROW COUNTY
1" = 100'

04N25E16AB



SEE MAP 4N 25E 16B

SEE MAP 4N 25E 16

Revised: EB
06/28/2021

04N25E16AB

REAL PROPERTY TAX STATEMENT
JULY 1, 2021 TO JUNE 30, 2022
MORROW COUNTY, OREGON
PO BOX 247
HEPPNER, OR 97836

ACCOUNT NO:
9845

PROPERTY DESCRIPTION

CODE: 2501
MAP: 4N2516-AB-00126
ACRES: 0.68
SITUS:

RIDGECREST DEVELOPMENT III, LLC
 2809 NE STOUGHTON RD
 LA CENTER WA 98629

VALUES	LAST YEAR	THIS YEAR
REAL MARKET (M5 RMV)		
LAND	47,830	50,220
STRUCTURES	<u>32,900</u>	<u>36,850</u>
TOTAL M5 RMV	80,730	87,070
TOTAL ASSESSED VALUE	71,710	73,860
EXEMPTIONS	<u>0</u>	
NET TAXABLE:	71,710	73,860
TOTAL PROPERTY TAX:	1,352.47	1,469.24

MORROW SCHOOL	292.87
INTERMOUNTAIN ESD	44.70
BMCC	<u>48.00</u>
EDUCATION TOTAL:	385.57
MORROW COUNTY	300.17
BOARDMAN URBAN RENEWAL	11.66
UMA-MORROW RADIO DIST	12.35
WEST BOARDMAN URBAN RENEWAL AREA	11.66
HEALTH DIST	43.93
HEALTH DIST LOCAL OPTION	28.50
PORT OF MORROW	6.11
BOARDMAN	305.74
BOARDMAN RFD	54.18
BOARDMAN CEMETERY	2.07
BOARDMAN PARK	21.71
UNIFIED REC DISTRICT	33.10
VECTOR CONTROL	13.79
VECTOR CONTROL LOCAL OPTION	7.31
OREGON TRAIL LIBRARY	18.42
GENERAL GOVT TOTAL:	<u>870.70</u>
BOARDMAN BOND	147.05
BOARDMAN PARK BOND	38.19
BMCC BOND	14.61
BOARDMAN FIRE RESCUE DISTRICT BO	13.12
BONDS - OTHER TOTAL:	<u>212.97</u>

Credit card payments can be made by calling the number below or online at www.morrowcountyoregon.com. A fee of 2.75% with a minimum charge of \$2.00 will be charged to the cardholder.

TAX QUESTIONS (541) 676-5607

2021 - 2022 TAX (Before Discount)	1,469.24
DELINQUENT TAXES:	
2020-21 TAX AND INTEREST DUE	1514.77
2019-20 TAX AND INTEREST DUE	1558.98
* 2018-19 TAX AND INTEREST DUE	1640.06
* 2017-18 TAX AND INTEREST DUE	1817.59
* PREV TAX AND INTEREST DUE	5199.96

TOTAL DUE (After Discount and Pre-payments) 13,156.52

Date Due	PAYMENT OPTIONS		
	3% Option	2% Option	Trimester Option
11/15/21	13,156.52	12,691.26	12,221.11
02/15/22			489.75
05/16/22		489.75	489.74
Total	13,156.52	13,181.01	13,200.60

↑ Tear Here

PLEASE RETURN THIS PORTION WITH YOUR PAYMENT

Tear Here ↑

2021 - 2022 PROPERTY TAXES				MORROW COUNTY REAL				ACCOUNT NO. 9845			
PAYMENT OPTIONS	Discount	Date Due	Amount	Date Due	Amount	Date Due	Amount				
Full Payment Enclosed	3%	11/15/21	13,156.52								
or 2/3 Payment Enclosed	2%	11/15/21	12,691.26			05/16/22	489.75				
or 1/3 Payment Enclosed	0%	11/15/21	12,221.11	02/15/22	489.75	05/16/22	489.74				

Mailing address change on back

DISCOUNT IS LOST & INTEREST APPLIES AFTER DUE DATE

Enter Payment Amount
 \$

RIDGECREST DEVELOPMENT III, LLC
 2809 NE STOUGHTON RD
 LA CENTER WA 98629

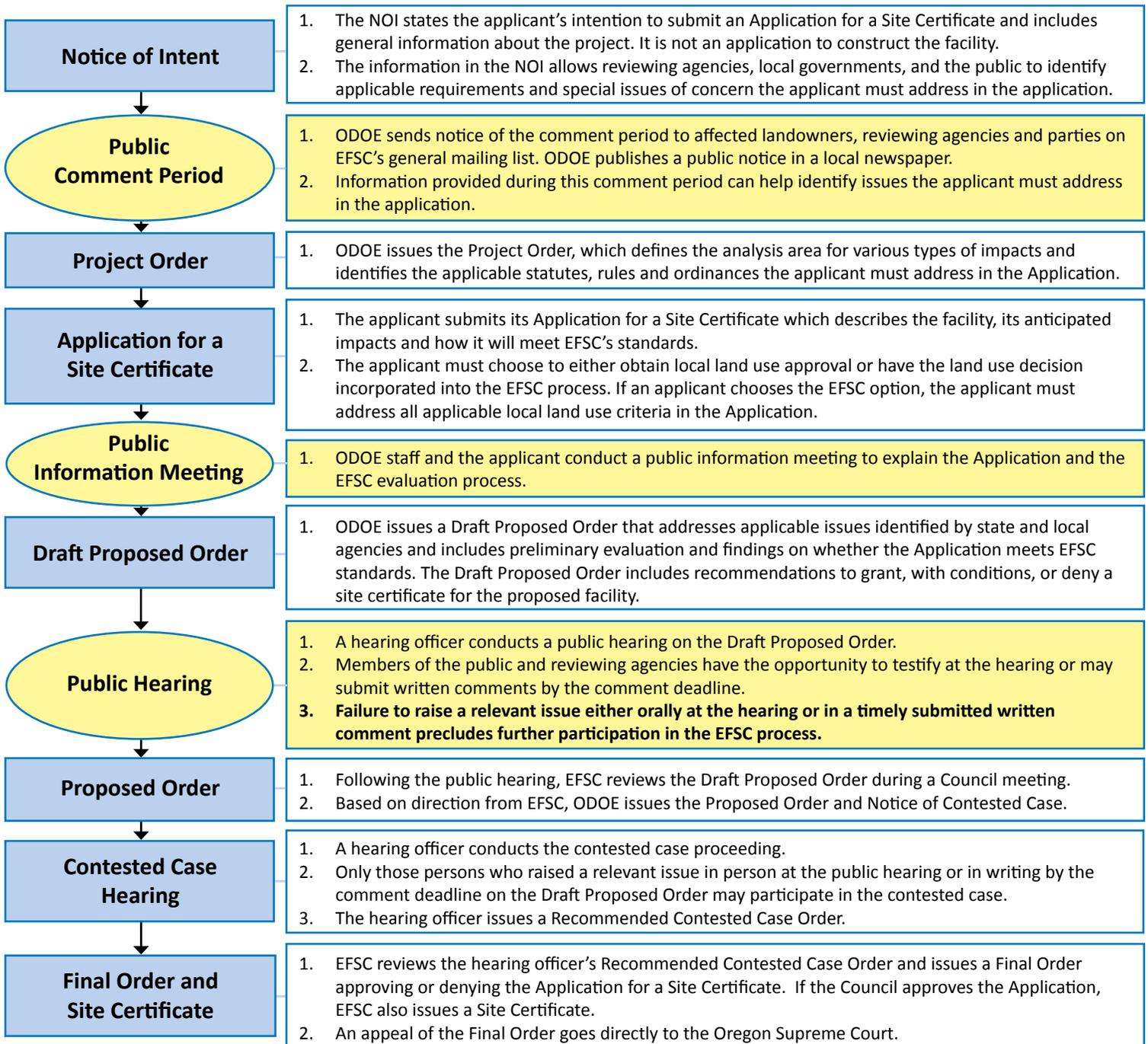
MAKE PAYMENT TO:
MORROW COUNTY TAX OFFICE
PO BOX 247
HEPPNER, OR 97836

288 - 000008 - 1315652

SITING OF ENERGY FACILITIES IN OREGON

EFSC Process Flowchart

The Oregon Department of Energy administers the Energy Facility Siting Council facility siting process, which consolidates state agency and local government regulations into a single review process. State agencies and local governments participate throughout the process. The three yellow stages indicate where public participation is encouraged.



Oregon Department of Energy and the Energy Facility Siting Council

Project Update on Application for Site Certificate (ASC) for the Boardman to Hemingway Transmission Line

Wednesday, January 19, 2022

Morrow County Board of Commissioners Meeting

110 N. Court St.

Heppner, OR 97836 and held remotely

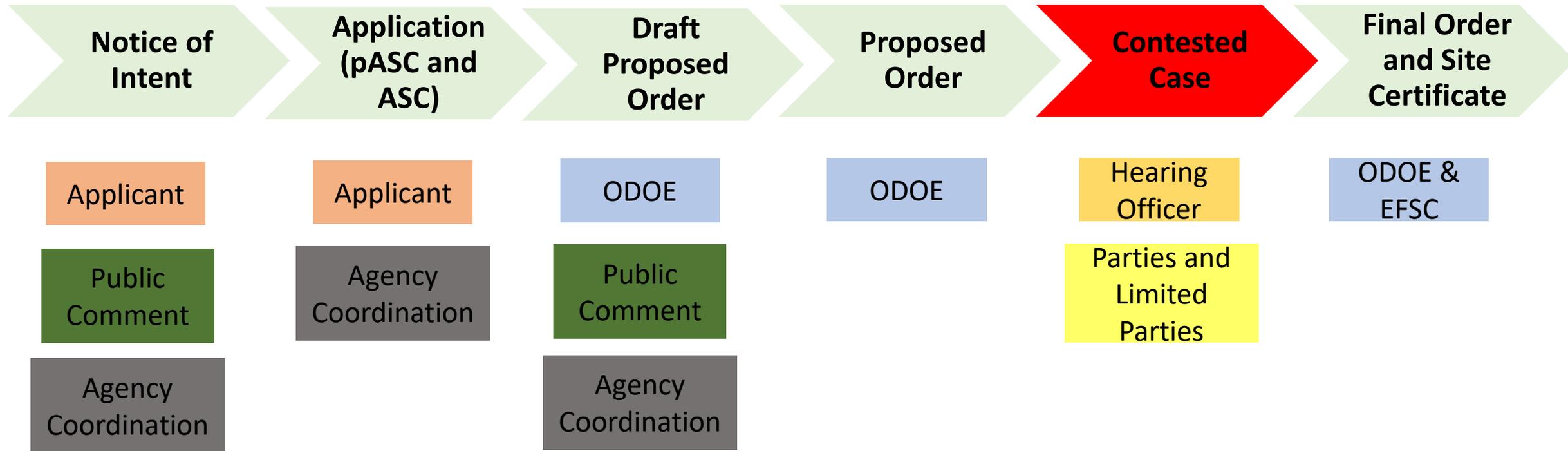
Energy Facility Siting Council (EFSC) Review



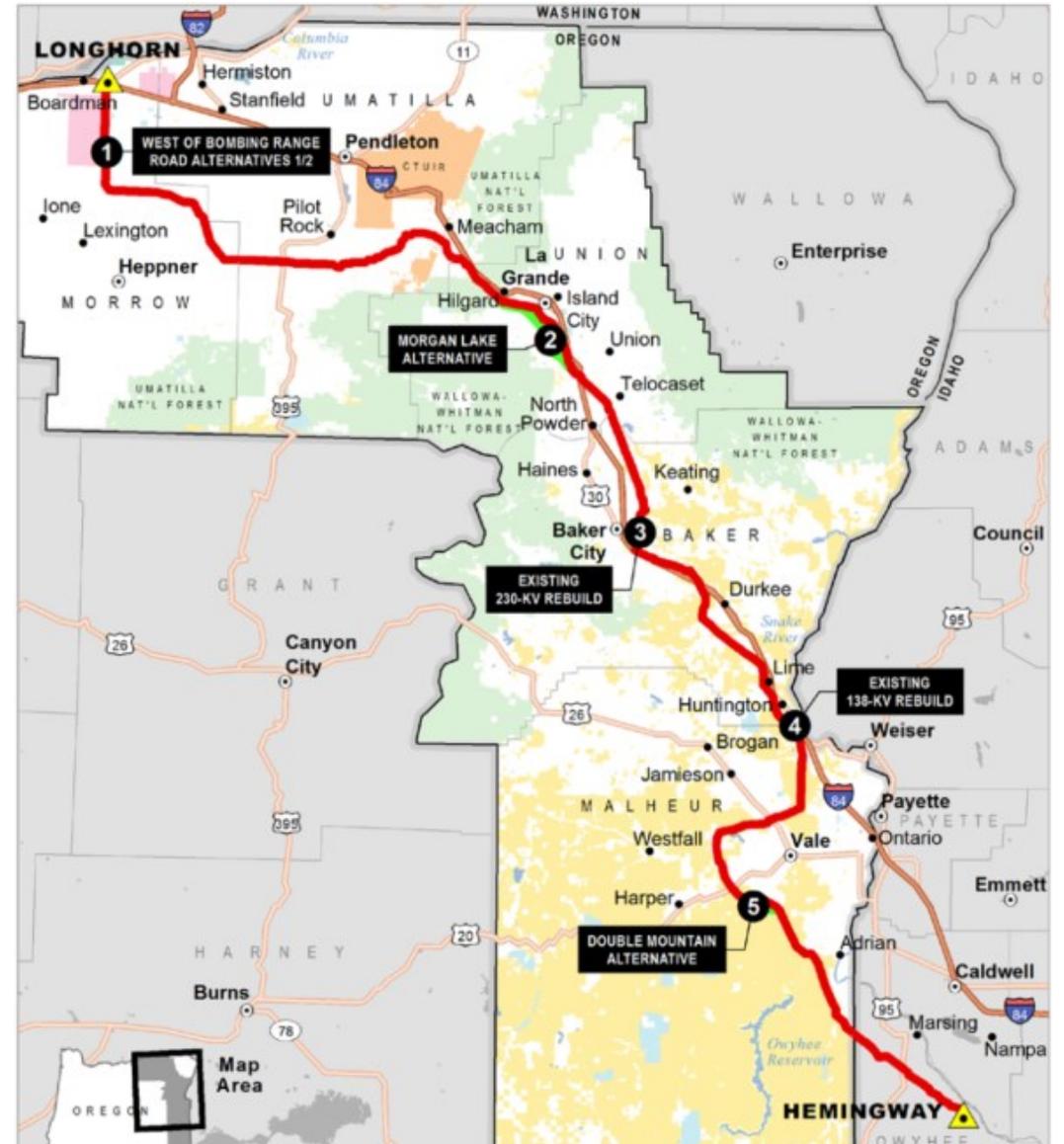
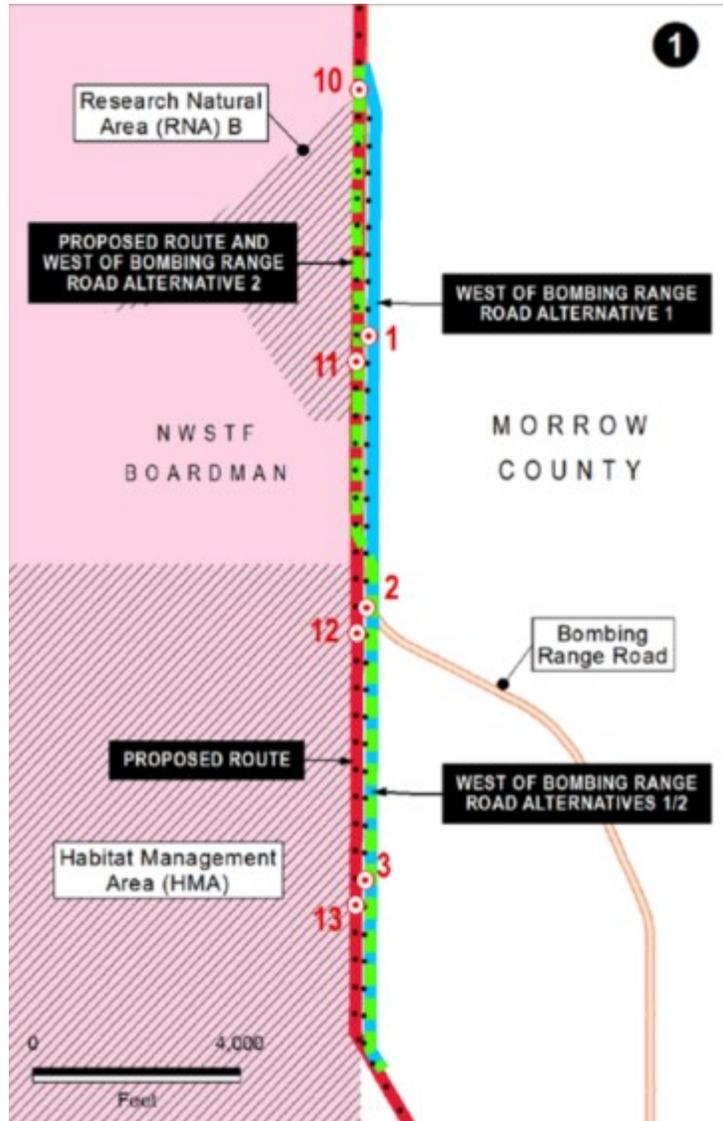
- Consolidated review and oversight of most large-scale energy facilities and infrastructure in Oregon
- 7 Members of EFSC
- Governor appointed, Senate confirmed – Volunteers from around the State
- ODOE's Siting Division is primary staff to EFSC



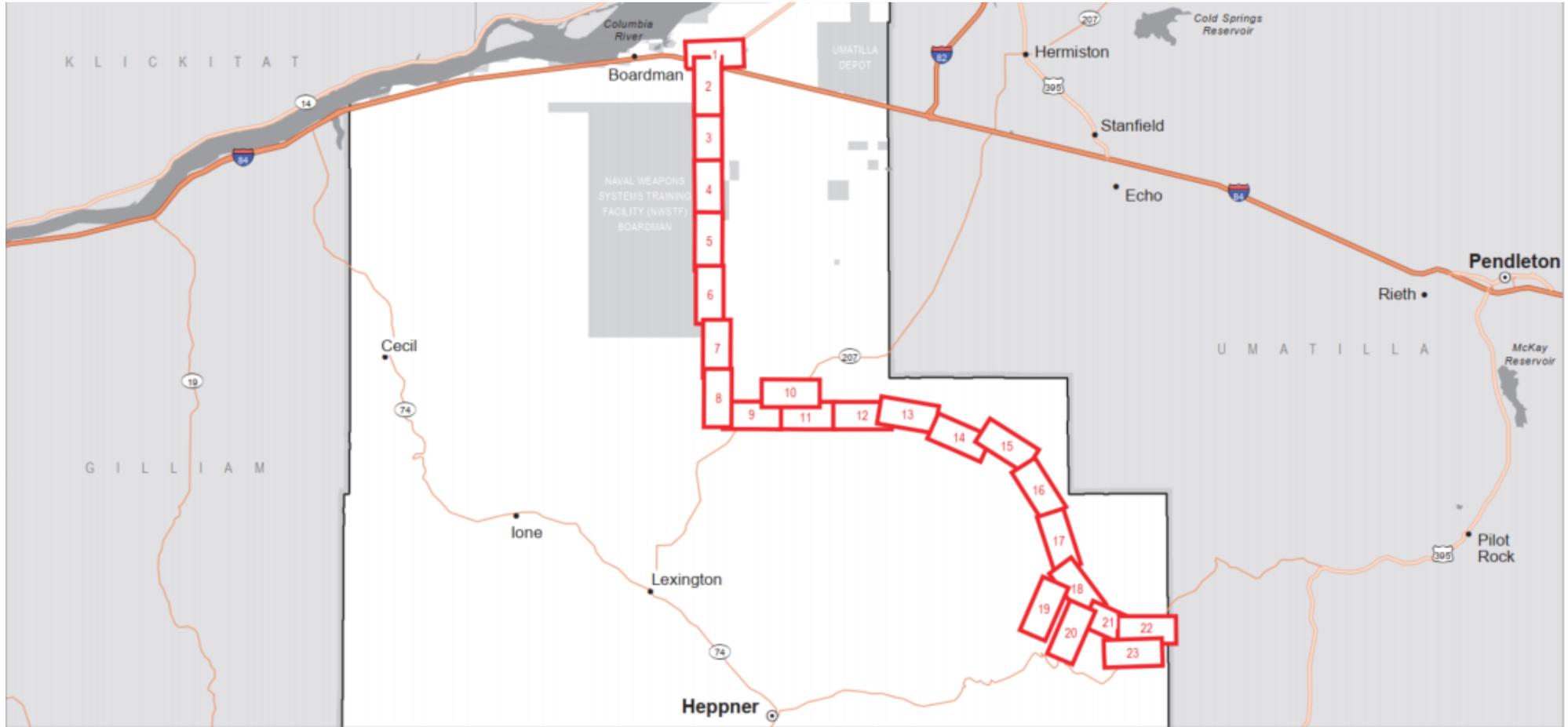
Energy Facility Siting Process



Proposed and Alternative Routes in ASC



Proposed Route in ASC for Morrow County



Source: BLM, IPC, Esri
Z:\Users\Bortnor_Hemingway\Reports\002_Oregon_Energy_Lifing_Council\03_Final

Map Index
Location Map (Map #)

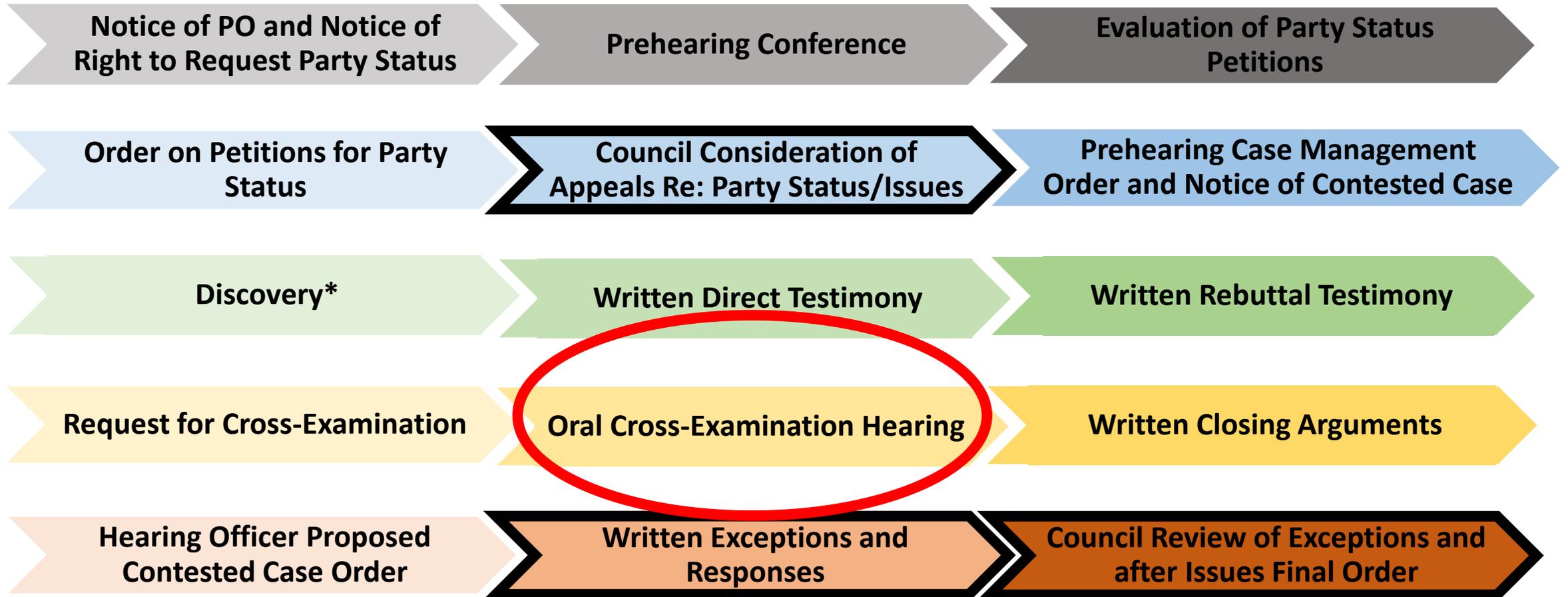
Boardman to Hemingway Transmission Line Project
Application for Site Certificate



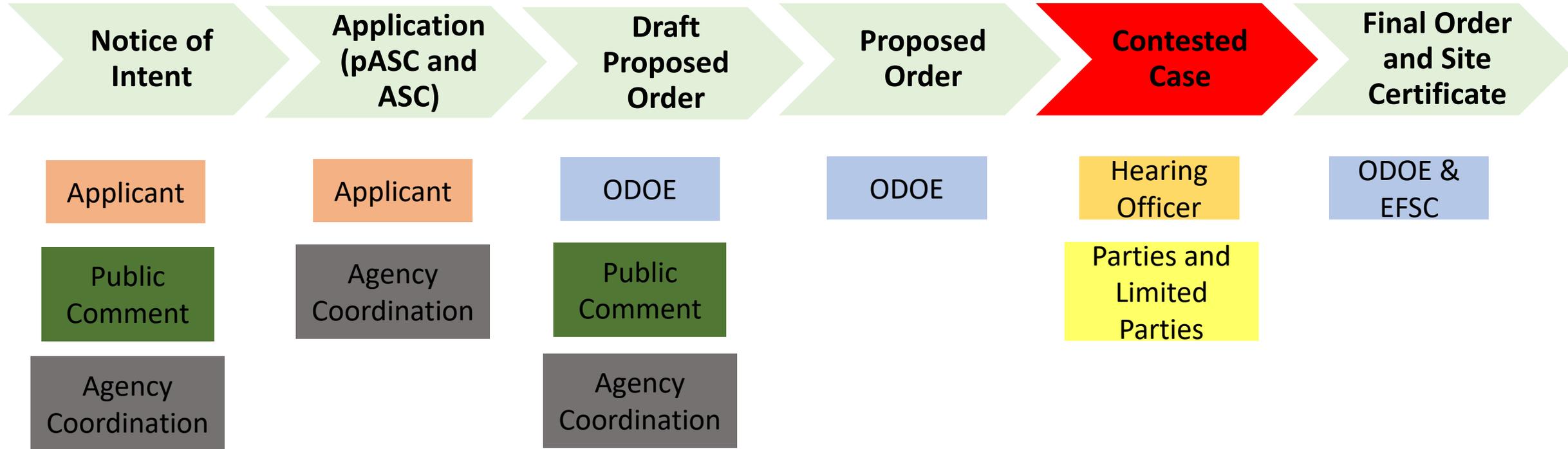
Attachment C-2
Proposed Route Location Maps

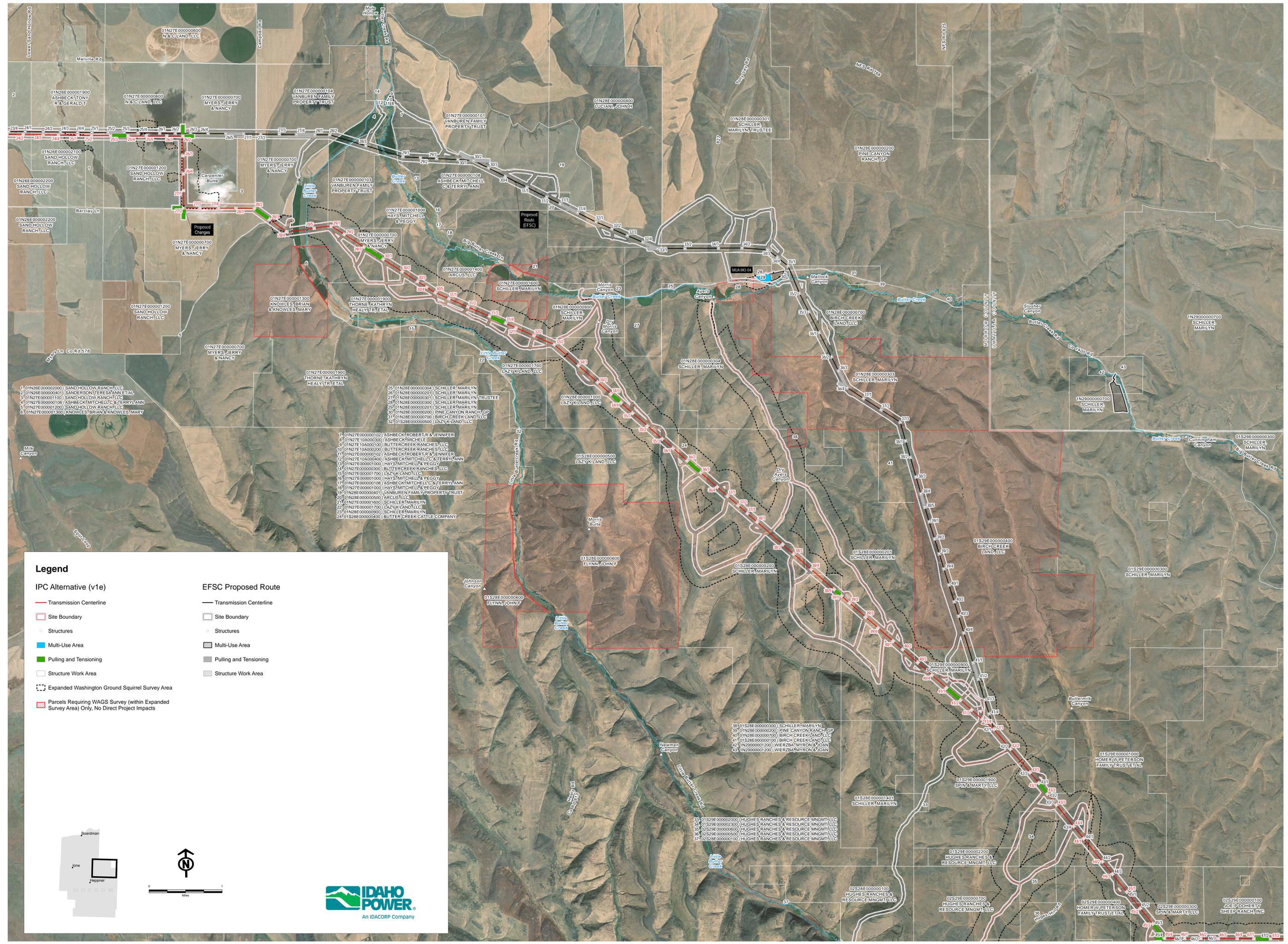


EFSC Contested Case Overview



Energy Facility Siting Process





Legend

IPC Alternative (v1e)

- Transmission Centerline
- Site Boundary
- Structures
- Multi-Use Area
- Pulling and Tensioning
- Structure Work Area
- Expanded Washington Ground Squirrel Survey Area
- Parcels Requiring WAGS Survey (within Expanded Survey Area) Only, No Direct Project Impacts

EFSC Proposed Route

- Transmission Centerline
- Site Boundary
- Structures
- Multi-Use Area
- Pulling and Tensioning
- Structure Work Area

Boardman
 Jones
 Heppner
 MORROW

0 1 2 Miles

IDAHO POWER
 An IDACORP Company

- 1. 01N26E000002000 SAND HOLLOW RANCH LLC
- 2. 01N26E000004001 SANDERSON, TERESA ANN ETAL
- 3. 01N27E000001100 SAND HOLLOW RANCH LLC
- 4. 01N27E00000108 ASHBECK MITCHELL C & TERRY LANN
- 5. 01N27E000001200 SAND HOLLOW RANCH LLC
- 6. 01N27E000001300 KNOWLES, BRIAN & KNOWLES, MARY
- 7. 01N27E00000102 ASHBECK, ROBERT R & JENNIFER
- 8. 01N27E10A000300 ASHBECK, MICHELE
- 9. 01N27E10A000100 BUTTERCREEK RANCHES, LLC
- 10. 01N27E10A000200 BUTTERCREEK RANCHES, LLC
- 11. 01N27E10A000102 ASHBECK, ROBERT R & JENNIFER
- 12. 01N27E10A000400 ASHBECK MITCHELL C & TERRY LANN
- 13. 01N27E000001000 HAYS MITCHELL & PEGGY
- 14. 01N27E00000300 BUTTERCREEK RANCHES, LLC
- 15. 01N27E000001700 LAZY KILAND, LLC
- 16. 01N27E000001000 HAYS MITCHELL & PEGGY
- 17. 01N27E00000108 ASHBECK MITCHELL C & TERRY LANN
- 18. 01N27E000001000 HAYS MITCHELL & PEGGY
- 19. 01N28E000001401 VANBUREN FAMILY PROPERTY TRUST
- 20. 01N28E00000500 ARCUS, LLC
- 21. 01N27E000001800 SCHILLER, MARILYN
- 22. 01N27E000001700 LAZY KILAND, LLC
- 23. 01N28E00000900 SCHILLER, MARILYN
- 24. 01S28E000006000 BUTTERCREEK CATTLE COMPANY
- 25. 01N28E00000304 SCHILLER, MARILYN
- 26. 01N28E00000201 SCHILLER, MARILYN
- 27. 01N28E00000301 SCHILLER, MARILYN TRUSTEE
- 28. 01N28E00000300 SCHILLER, MARILYN
- 29. 01N28E00000201 SCHILLER, MARILYN
- 30. 01N28E00000200 BIRCH CREEK LAND, LLC
- 31. 01N28E00000700 BIRCH CREEK LAND, LLC
- 32. 01S28E00000500 LAZY KILAND, LLC
- 33. 01S29E000002000 HUGHES RANCHES A RESOURCE MNGMT, LLC
- 34. 01S29E000002300 HUGHES RANCHES A RESOURCE MNGMT, LLC
- 35. 02S29E000006000 HUGHES RANCHES A RESOURCE MNGMT, LLC
- 36. 02S29E000005000 HUGHES RANCHES A RESOURCE MNGMT, LLC
- 37. 02S28E000001000 HUGHES RANCHES A RESOURCE MNGMT, LLC
- 38. 01S28E00000300 SCHILLER, MARILYN
- 39. 01N28E000000000 PINE CANYON RANCH, GP
- 40. 01N28E00000700 BIRCH CREEK LAND, LLC
- 41. 01S28E00000700 BIRCH CREEK LAND, LLC
- 42. 1N29000001200 WIERZBA, MYRON & JOAN
- 43. 1N29000001200 WIERZBA, MYRON & JOAN
- 44. 01S29E000001900 SPIN & MARTY, LLC
- 45. 01S28E000001401 SCHILLER, MARILYN
- 46. 01S29E000002200 HUGHES RANCHES A RESOURCE MNGMT, LLC
- 47. 01S29E00000700 HUGHES RANCHES C RESOURCE MNGMT, LLC
- 48. 02S29E00000400 HOWER, W. PETERSON FAMILY TRUST ETAL
- 49. 02S29E00000300 SPIN & MARTY, LLC
- 50. 02S29E00000100 HUGHES RANCHES A RESOURCE MNGMT, LLC
- 51. 02S29E00000100 HOWER, W. PETERSON FAMILY TRUST ETAL
- 52. 02S29E00000300 SPIN & MARTY, LLC
- 53. 02S29E00000100 JOE P. DOHERTY SHEEP RANCH, INC

AGENDA ITEM COVER SHEET
Morrow County Board of Commissioners
(Page 2 of 2)

1. ISSUES, BACKGROUND, DISCUSSION AND OPTIONS (IF ANY):

The Emergency Management Performance Grant funds 50% of the Morrow County Emergency Management program. The funding is for salary, office supplies, phone, maintenance of emergency management equipment and vehicles, fuel, travel expenses, food while traveling, training, and conferences (This list is not complete, other areas may be funded after approval by OEM.).

After reviewing last year's EMPG agreement with this year's agreement, a few items have changed:

Pg 13: OEM updated to a new regulation number from previous year. (Attachments 3 and 4)

Pg 18: DHS Civil Rights Evaluation Tool has been added. This section is only for the recipient (OEM) of the award to fill out. The County is listed as a sub-recipient and does not have to fill out.

Pg 19: Commercial General Liability amounts have changed. Last year, it was \$500,000.00, this year it is \$1,000,000.00, with the addition of \$2,000,000.00 annual aggregate. Oregon DOJ has requested this change to match with Oregon DAS requirements.

Pg 21: Exhibit D has multiple changes, mostly rewording from last year's agreement. Amounts have changed from last year's agreement due to the State receiving more funding and what the County budgeted for the program. The indirect cost rate has been lowered to 9.5% from the 12% from last year. This is due to the State owing Federal funds from a transgression OEM has been fined for.

ATTACHMENTS:

Attachment 1: FY2020 EMPG Grant- The previously approved grant between Morrow County and the State of Oregon.

Attachment 2: FY2021 EMPG Agreement- New agreement to be reviewed and signed. Highlighted sections showing changes to federal rules and provisions compared to the 2020 version.

Attachment 3 and 4: Code of Federal Regulations

Attachment 5: Clean copy for signature.

2. FISCAL IMPACT:

1. Increase revenue, for EMP grant #101-117-3-30-3163, from \$50,000 to \$62,333;
2. Increase expenditures, for training & exercise #101-117-5-20-3318, from \$8,097 to \$20,430;
3. Total increase is \$12,333.

3. SUGGESTED ACTION(S)/MOTION(S):

Sign the Emergency Management Performance Grant

Attach additional background documentation as needed.

**OREGON MILITARY DEPARTMENT
OFFICE OF EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT
EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT PERFORMANCE GRANT
CFDA # 97.042
MORROW COUNTY
\$62,542
Grant No: 20-525**

This Agreement is made and entered into by and between the **State of Oregon**, acting by and through the Oregon Military Department, Office of Emergency Management, hereinafter referred to as "OEM," and **Morrow County**, hereinafter referred to as "Subrecipient," and collectively referred to as the "Parties."

1. Effective Date. This Agreement shall become effective on the date this Agreement is fully executed and approved as required by applicable law. Reimbursements will be made for Project Costs incurred beginning on **July 1, 2020** and ending, unless otherwise terminated or extended, on **June 30, 2021** (the "Grant Award Period"). No Grant Funds are available for expenditures after the Grant Award Period. OEM's obligation to disburse Grant Funds under this Agreement is subject to Sections 6 and 10 of this Agreement.

2. Agreement Documents. This Agreement consists of this document and the following documents, all of which are attached hereto and incorporated herein by reference:

- Exhibit A: **Project Description and Budget**
- Exhibit B: **Federal Requirements and Certifications**
- Exhibit C: **Subcontractor Insurance**
- Exhibit D: **Information required by 2 CFR 200.331(a)**

In the event of a conflict between two or more of the documents comprising this Agreement, the language in the document with the highest precedence shall control. The precedence of each of the documents comprising this Agreement is as follows, listed from highest precedence to lowest precedence: Exhibit B; this Agreement without Exhibits; Exhibit A; Exhibit C.

3. Grant Funds; Matching Funds. In accordance with the terms and conditions of this Agreement, OEM shall provide Subrecipient an amount not to exceed **\$62,542** in Grant Funds for eligible costs described in Section 6 hereof. Grant Funds for this Program will be from the Fiscal Year 2020 Emergency Management Performance Grant (EMPG) Program. Subrecipient shall provide matching funds for all Project Costs as described in Exhibit A.

4. Project. The Grant Funds shall be used solely for the Project described in Exhibit A and shall not be used for any other purpose. No Grant Funds will be disbursed for any changes to the Project unless such changes are approved by OEM by amendment pursuant to Section 11.d hereof.

5. Reports. Failure of Subrecipient to submit the required program, financial, or audit reports, or to resolve program, financial, or audit issues may result in the suspension of grant payments, termination of this Agreement, or both.

a. Performance Reports.

- i. Subrecipient agrees to submit performance reports, using a form provided by OEM, on its progress in meeting each of its agreed upon goals and objectives. The narrative reports will address specific information regarding the activities carried out under the FY 2020 Emergency Management Performance Grant Program and how they address identified work plan elements.
- ii. Reports are due to OEM on or before the 15th day of the month following each subsequent calendar quarter (ending on March 31, June 30, September 30, and December 31).
- iii. Subrecipient may request from OEM prior written approval to extend a performance report requirement past its due date. OEM, in its sole discretion, may approve or reject the request.

b. Financial Reimbursement Reports.

- i. To receive reimbursement, Subrecipient must submit a signed Request for Reimbursement (RFR), using a form provided by OEM, that includes supporting documentation for all grant and, if applicable, match expenditures. RFRs must be submitted monthly during the term of this Agreement. RFRs must be submitted on or before 30 days following each subsequent calendar month, and a final RFR must be submitted no later than 30 days following the end of the grant period.
- ii. Reimbursements for expenses will be withheld if performance reports are not submitted by the specified dates or are incomplete.
- iii. Reimbursement rates for travel expenses shall not exceed those allowed by the State of Oregon. Requests for reimbursement for travel must be supported with a detailed statement identifying the person who traveled, the purpose of the travel, the dates, times, and places of travel, and the actual expenses or authorized rates incurred.
- iv. Reimbursements will only be made for actual expenses incurred during the Grant Award Period. Subrecipient agrees that no grant or, if applicable, match funds may be used for expenses incurred before or after the Grant Award Period.

6. Disbursement and Recovery of Grant Funds.

- a. **Disbursement Generally.** OEM shall reimburse eligible costs incurred in carrying out the Project, up to the Grant Fund amount provided in Section 3. Reimbursements shall be made by OEM upon approval by OEM of an RFR. Eligible costs are the reasonable and necessary costs incurred by Subrecipient for the Project, in accordance with the Emergency Management Performance Grants guidance and application materials, including without limitation the United States Department of Homeland Security Notice of Funding Opportunity Announcement (NOFO), that are not excluded from reimbursement by OEM, either by this Agreement or by exclusion as a result of financial review or audit. The guidance, application materials and NOFO are available at <http://www.oregon.gov/OEM/emresources/Grants/Pages/EMPG.aspx>
- b. **Conditions Precedent to Disbursement.** OEM's obligation to disburse Grant Funds to Subrecipient is subject to satisfaction, with respect to each disbursement, of each of the following conditions precedent:
 - i. OEM has received funding, appropriations, limitations, allotments or other expenditure authority sufficient to allow OEM, in the exercise of its reasonable administrative discretion, to make the disbursement.
 - ii. Subrecipient is in compliance with the terms of this Agreement including, without limitation, Exhibit B and the requirements incorporated by reference in Exhibit B.

- iii. Subrecipient's representations and warranties set forth in Section 7 hereof are true and correct on the date of disbursement with the same effect as though made on the date of disbursement.
- iv. Subrecipient has provided to OEM a RFR in accordance with Section 5.b of this Agreement.

c. Recovery of Grant Funds. Any funds disbursed to Subrecipient under this Agreement that are expended in violation or contravention of one or more of the provisions of this Agreement ("Misexpended Funds") or that remain unexpended on the earlier of termination or expiration of this Agreement ("Unexpended Funds") must be returned to OEM. Subrecipient shall return all Misexpended Funds to OEM promptly after OEM's written demand and no later than 15 days after OEM's written demand. Subrecipient shall return all Unexpended Funds to OEM within 14 days after the earlier of expiration or termination of this Agreement.

7. Representations and Warranties of Subrecipient. Subrecipient represents and warrants to OEM as follows:

- a. Organization and Authority.** Subrecipient is a political subdivision of the State of Oregon and is eligible to receive the Grant Funds. Subrecipient has full power, authority, and legal right to make this Agreement and to incur and perform its obligations hereunder, and the making and performance by Subrecipient of this Agreement (1) have been duly authorized by all necessary action of Subrecipient and (2) do not and will not violate any provision of any applicable law, rule, regulation, or order of any court, regulatory commission, board, or other administrative agency, (3) do not and will not result in the breach of, or constitute a default or require any consent under any other agreement or instrument to which Subrecipient is a party or by which Subrecipient or any of its properties may be bound or affected. No authorization, consent, license, approval of, filing or registration with or notification to any governmental body or regulatory or supervisory authority is required for the execution, delivery or performance by Subrecipient of this Agreement.
- b. Binding Obligation.** This Agreement has been duly executed and delivered by Subrecipient and constitutes a legal, valid and binding obligation of Subrecipient, enforceable in accordance with its terms subject to the laws of bankruptcy, insolvency, or other similar laws affecting the enforcement of creditors' rights generally.
- c. No Solicitation.** Subrecipient's officers, employees, and agents shall neither solicit nor accept gratuities, favors, or any item of monetary value from contractors, potential contractors, or parties to subagreements. No member or delegate to the Congress of the United States or State of Oregon employee shall be admitted to any share or part of this Agreement or any benefit arising therefrom.
- d. NIMS Compliance.** By accepting FY 2020 funds, Subrecipient certifies that it has met National Incident Management System (NIMS) compliance activities outlined in the Oregon NIMS Requirements located through the OEM at http://www.oregon.gov/OEM/emresources/Plans_Assessments/Pages/NIMS.aspx

The warranties set forth in this section are in addition to, and not in lieu of, any other warranties set forth in this Agreement or implied by law.

8. Records Maintenance and Access; Audit.

- a. Records, Access to Records and Facilities.** Subrecipient shall make and retain proper and complete books of record and account and maintain all fiscal records related to this Agreement and the Project in accordance with all applicable generally accepted accounting principles,

generally accepted governmental auditing standards and state minimum standards for audits of municipal corporations. Subrecipient acknowledges and agrees, and Subrecipient will require its contractors, subcontractors, sub-recipients (collectively hereafter "contractors"), successors, transferees, and assignees to acknowledge and agree, to provide OEM, Oregon Secretary of State (Secretary), Office of Inspector General (OIG), Department of Homeland Security (DHS), Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA), or any of their authorized representatives, access to records, accounts, documents, information, facilities, and staff. Subrecipient and its contractors must cooperate with any compliance review or complaint investigation by any of the above listed agencies, providing them access to and the right to examine and copy records, accounts, and other documents and sources of information related to the grant and permit access to facilities, personnel, and other individuals and information as may be necessary. The right of access is not limited to the required retention period but shall last as long as the records are retained.

b. Retention of Records. Subrecipient shall retain and keep accessible all books, documents, papers, and records that are directly related to this Agreement, the Grant Funds or the Project for until the latest of (a) six years following termination, completion or expiration of this Agreement, (b) upon resolution of any litigation or other disputes related to this Agreement, or (c) as required by 2 CFR 200.333. It is the responsibility of Subrecipient to obtain a copy of 2 CFR Part 200, and to apprise itself of all rules and regulations set forth.

c. Audits.

i. If Subrecipient expends \$750,000 or more in Federal funds (from all sources) in its fiscal year, Subrecipient shall have a single organization-wide audit conducted in accordance with the provisions of 2 CFR 200 Subpart F. Copies of all audits must be submitted to OEM within 30 days of completion. If Subrecipient expends less than \$750,000 in its fiscal year in Federal funds, Subrecipient is exempt from Federal audit requirements for that year. Records must be available for review or audit by appropriate officials as provided in Section 8.a. herein.

ii. Audit costs for audits not required in accordance with 2 CFR 200 Subpart F are unallowable. If Subrecipient did not expend \$750,000 or more in Federal funds in its fiscal year, but contracted with a certified public accountant to perform an audit, costs for performance of that audit shall not be charged to the grant.

iii. Subrecipient shall save, protect and hold harmless the OEM from the cost of any audits or special investigations performed by the Secretary or any federal agency with respect to the funds expended under this Agreement. Subrecipient acknowledges and agrees that any audit costs incurred by Subrecipient as a result of allegations of fraud, waste or abuse are ineligible for reimbursement under this or any other agreement between Subrecipient and the State of Oregon.

9. Subrecipient Procurements; Property and Equipment Management and Records; Subcontractor Indemnity and Insurance

a. Subagreements. Subrecipient may enter into agreements (hereafter "subagreements") for performance of the Project. Subrecipient shall use its own procurement procedures and regulations, provided that the procurement conforms to applicable Federal and State law (including without limitation ORS chapters 279A, 279B, 279C, and that for contracts for more than \$150,000, the contract shall address administrative, contractual or legal remedies for violation or breach of contract terms and provide for sanctions and penalties as appropriate, and for contracts for more than \$10,000 address termination for cause or for convenience including the manner in which termination will be effected and the basis for settlement).

- i. Subrecipient shall provide to OEM copies of all Requests for Proposals or other solicitations for procurements anticipated to be for \$100,000 or more and to provide to OEM, upon request by OEM, such documents for procurements for less than \$100,000. Subrecipient shall include with its RFR a list of all procurements issued during the period covered by the report.
 - ii. All subagreements, whether negotiated or competitively bid and without regard to dollar value, shall be conducted in a manner that encourages fair and open competition to the maximum practical extent possible. All sole-source procurements in excess of \$100,000 must receive prior written approval from OEM in addition to any other approvals required by law applicable to Subrecipient. Justification for sole-source procurement in excess of \$100,000 should include a description of the program and what is being contracted for, an explanation of why it is necessary to contract noncompetitively, time constraints and any other pertinent information. Interagency agreements between units of government are excluded from this provision.
 - iii. Subrecipient shall be alert to organizational conflicts of interest or non-competitive practices among contractors that may restrict or eliminate competition or otherwise restrain trade. Contractors that develop or draft specifications, requirements, statements of work, or Requests for Proposals (RFP) for a proposed procurement shall be excluded from bidding or submitting a proposal to compete for the award of such procurement. Any request for exemption must be submitted in writing to OEM.
 - iv. Subrecipient agrees that, to the extent it uses contractors, such contractors shall use small, minority, women-owned or disadvantaged business concerns and contractors or subcontractors to the extent practicable.
- b. Purchases and Management of Property and Equipment; Records.** Subrecipient agrees to comply with all applicable federal requirements referenced in Exhibit B, Section II.C.1 to this Agreement and procedures for managing and maintaining records of all purchases of property and equipment will, at a minimum, meet the following requirements:
- i. All property and equipment purchased under this agreement, whether by Subrecipient or a contractor, will be conducted in a manner providing full and open competition and in accordance with all applicable procurement requirements, including without limitation ORS chapters 279A, 279B, 279C, and purchases shall be recorded and maintained in Subrecipient's property or equipment inventory system.
 - ii. Subrecipient's property and equipment records shall include: a description of the property or equipment; the manufacturer's serial number, model number, or other identification number; the source of the property or equipment, including the Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance (CFDA) number; name of person or entity holding title to the property or equipment; the acquisition date; cost and percentage of Federal participation in the cost; the location, use and condition of the property or equipment; and any ultimate disposition data including the date of disposal and sale price of the property or equipment.
 - iii. A physical inventory of the property and equipment must be taken and the results reconciled with the property and equipment records at least once every two years.
 - iv. Subrecipient must develop a control system to ensure adequate safeguards to prevent loss, damage, or theft of the property and equipment. Subrecipient shall investigate any loss, damage, or theft and shall provide the results of the investigation to OEM upon request.
 - v. Subrecipient must develop, or require its contractors to develop, adequate maintenance procedures to keep the property and equipment in good condition.

- vi. If Subrecipient is authorized to sell the property or equipment, proper sales procedures must be established to ensure the highest possible return.
 - vii. Subrecipient agrees to comply with 2 CFR 200.313 pertaining to use and disposal of equipment purchased with Grant Funds, including when original or replacement equipment acquired with Grant Funds is no longer needed for the original project or program or for other activities currently or previously supported by a Federal agency.
 - viii. Subrecipient shall require its contractors to use property and equipment management requirements that meet or exceed the requirements provided herein applicable to all property and equipment purchased with Grant Funds.
 - ix. Subrecipient shall, and shall require its contractors to, retain, the records described in this Section 9.b. for a period of six years from the date of the disposition or replacement or transfer at the discretion of OEM. Title to all property and equipment purchased with Grant Funds shall vest in Subrecipient if Subrecipient provides written certification to OEM that it will use the property and equipment for purposes consistent with the Emergency Management Performance Grant Program.
- c. **Subagreement indemnity; insurance.** Subrecipient's subagreement(s) shall require the other party to such subagreements(s) that is not a unit of local government as defined in ORS 190.003, if any, to indemnify, defend, save and hold harmless OEM and its officers, employees and agents from and against any and all claims, actions, liabilities, damages, losses, or expenses, including attorneys' fees, arising from a tort, as now or hereafter defined in ORS 30.260, caused, or alleged to be caused, in whole or in part, by the negligent or willful acts or omissions of the other party to Subrecipient's subagreement or any of such party's officers, agents, employees or subcontractors ("Claims"). It is the specific intention of the Parties that OEM shall, in all instances, except for Claims arising solely from the negligent or willful acts or omissions of OEM, be indemnified by the other party to Subrecipient's subagreement(s) from and against any and all Claims.

Any such indemnification shall also provide that neither Subrecipient's contractor(s) nor any attorney engaged by Subrecipient's contractor(s) shall defend any claim in the name of OEM or any agency of the State of Oregon (collectively "State"), nor purport to act as legal representative of the State or any of its agencies, without the prior written consent of the Oregon Attorney General. The State may, at any time at its election, assume its own defense and settlement in the event that it determines that Subrecipient's contractor is prohibited from defending State or that Subrecipient's contractor is not adequately defending State's interests, or that an important governmental principle is at issue or that it is in the best interests of State to do so. State reserves all rights to pursue claims it may have against Subrecipient's contractor if State elects to assume its own defense.

Subrecipient shall require the other party, or parties, to each of its subagreements that are not units of local government as defined in ORS 190.003 to obtain and maintain insurance of the types and in the amounts provided in Exhibit C to this Agreement.

10. Termination

- a. **Termination by OEM.** OEM may terminate this Agreement effective upon delivery of written notice of termination to Subrecipient, or at such later date as may be established by OEM in such written notice, if:

- i. Subrecipient fails to perform the Project within the time specified herein or any extension thereof or commencement, continuation or timely completion of the Project by Subrecipient is, for any reason, rendered improbable, impossible, or illegal; or
 - ii. OEM fails to receive funding, appropriations, limitations or other expenditure authority sufficient to allow OEM, in the exercise of its reasonable administrative discretion, to continue to make payments for performance of this Agreement; or
 - iii. Federal or state laws, rules, regulations or guidelines are modified or interpreted in such a way that the Project is no longer allowable or no longer eligible for funding under this Agreement; or
 - iv. The Project would not produce results commensurate with the further expenditure of funds; or
 - v. Subrecipient takes any action pertaining to this Agreement without the approval of OEM and which under the provisions of this Agreement would have required the approval of OEM.
 - vi. OEM determines there is a material misrepresentation, error or inaccuracy in Subrecipient's application.
- b. Termination by Subrecipient.** Subrecipient may terminate this Agreement effective upon delivery of written notice of termination to OEM, or at such later date as may be established by Subrecipient in such written notice, if:
- i. The requisite local funding to continue the Project becomes unavailable to Subrecipient; or
 - ii. Federal or state laws, rules, regulations or guidelines are modified or interpreted in such a way that the Project is no longer allowable or no longer eligible for funding under this Agreement.
- c. Termination by Either Party.** Either Party may terminate this Agreement upon at least ten days notice to the other Party and failure of the other Party to cure within the period provided in the notice, if the other Party fails to comply with any of the terms of this Agreement.
- d. Settlement upon Termination.** Immediately upon termination under Sections 10.a.i., v. or vi., no Grant Funds shall be disbursed by OEM, and Subrecipient shall return to OEM Grant Funds previously disbursed to Subrecipient by OEM in accordance with Section 6.c and the terminating party may pursue additional remedies in law or equity. Upon termination pursuant to any other provision in this Section 10, no further Grant Funds shall be disbursed by OEM and Subrecipient shall return funds to OEM in accordance with Section 6.c, except that Subrecipient may pay, and OEM shall disburse, funds for obligations incurred and approved by OEM up to the day that the non-terminating party receives the notice of termination. Termination of this Agreement does not relieve Subrecipient of any other term of this Agreement that may survive termination, including without limitation Sections 11.a and c.

11. GENERAL PROVISIONS

- a. Indemnity.** To the extent authorized by law, Recipient shall defend (subject to ORS chapter 180), indemnify, save and hold harmless OEM and its officers, employees and agents from and against any and all claims, suits, actions, proceedings, losses, damages, liability and court awards including costs, expenses, and attorneys' fees incurred related to any actual or alleged act or omission by Recipient, or its employees, agents or contractors. This Section shall survive expiration or termination of this Agreement.

- b. Dispute Resolution.** The Parties shall attempt in good faith to resolve any dispute arising out of this Agreement. In addition, the Parties may agree to utilize a jointly selected mediator or arbitrator (for non-binding arbitration) to resolve the dispute short of litigation. Each party shall bear its own costs incurred under this Section 11.b.
- c. Responsibility for Grant Funds.** Any recipient of Grant Funds, pursuant to this Agreement with OEM, shall assume sole liability for that recipient's breach of the conditions of this Agreement, and shall, upon such recipient's breach of conditions that requires OEM to return funds to the FEMA, hold harmless and indemnify OEM for an amount equal to the funds received under this Agreement; or if legal limitations apply to the recipient's indemnification ability, the indemnification amount shall be the maximum amount of funds available for expenditure, including any available contingency funds or other available non-appropriated funds, up to the amount received under this Agreement.
- d. Amendments.** This Agreement may be amended or extended only by a written instrument signed by both Parties and approved as required by applicable law.
- e. Duplicate Payment.** Subrecipient is not entitled to compensation or any other form of duplicate, overlapping or multiple payments for the same work performed under this Agreement from any agency of the State of Oregon or the United States of America or any other party, organization or individual.
- f. No Third Party Beneficiaries.** OEM and Subrecipient are the only Parties to this Agreement and are the only Parties entitled to enforce its terms. Nothing in this Agreement gives, is intended to give, or shall be construed to give or provide any benefit or right, whether directly or indirectly, to a third person unless such a third person is individually identified by name herein and expressly described as an intended beneficiary of the terms of this Agreement.

Subrecipient acknowledges and agrees that the Federal Government, absent express written consent by the Federal Government, is not a party to this Agreement and shall not be subject to any obligations or liabilities to Subrecipient, contractor or any other party (whether or not a party to the Agreement) pertaining to any matter resulting from the this Agreement.

- g. Notices.** Except as otherwise expressly provided in this Section, any communications between the parties hereto or notice to be given hereunder shall be given in writing by personal delivery, facsimile, email or mailing the same by registered or certified mail, postage prepaid to Subrecipient or OEM at the appropriate address or number set forth on the signature page of this Agreement, or to such other addresses or numbers as either party may hereafter indicate pursuant to this Section. Any communication or notice so addressed and sent by registered or certified mail shall be deemed delivered upon receipt or refusal of receipt. Any communication or notice delivered by facsimile shall be deemed to be given when receipt of the transmission is generated by the transmitting machine. Any communication or notice by personal delivery shall be deemed to be given when actually delivered. Any communication by email shall be deemed to be given when the recipient of the email acknowledges receipt of the email. The parties also may communicate by telephone, regular mail or other means, but such communications shall not be deemed Notices under this Section unless receipt by the other party is expressly acknowledged in writing by the receiving party.
- h. Governing Law, Consent to Jurisdiction.** This Agreement shall be governed by, construed in accordance with, and enforced under the laws of the State of Oregon without regard to principles of conflicts of law. Any claim, action, suit or proceeding (collectively, "Claim") between OEM

(or any other agency or department of the State of Oregon) and Subrecipient that arises from or relates to this Agreement shall be brought and conducted solely and exclusively within the Circuit Court of Marion County in the State of Oregon. In no event shall this section be construed as a waiver by the State of Oregon of any form of defense or immunity, whether sovereign immunity, governmental immunity, immunity based on the eleventh amendment to the Constitution of the United States or otherwise, from any Claim or from the jurisdiction of any court. Each party hereby consents to the exclusive jurisdiction of the Circuit Court of Marion County in the State of Oregon, waives any objection to venue, and waives any claim that such forum is an inconvenient forum.

- i. Compliance with Law.** Subrecipient shall comply with all federal, state and local laws, regulations, executive orders and ordinances applicable to the Agreement or to the implementation of the Project, including without limitation as described in Exhibit B. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, Subrecipient expressly agrees to comply with (i) Title VI of Civil Rights Act of 1964; (ii) Title V and Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973; (iii) the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 and ORS 659A.142; (iv) all regulations and administrative rules established pursuant to the foregoing laws; and (v) all other applicable requirements of federal and state civil rights and rehabilitation statutes, rules and regulations.
- j. Insurance; Workers' Compensation.** All employers, including Subrecipient, that employ subject workers who provide services in the State of Oregon shall comply with ORS 656.017 and provide the required Workers' Compensation coverage, unless such employers are exempt under ORS 656.126. Employer's liability insurance with coverage limits of not less than \$500,000 must be included. Subrecipient shall ensure that each of its subrecipient(s), contractor(s), and subcontractor(s) complies with these requirements.
- k. Independent Contractor.** Subrecipient shall perform the Project as an independent contractor and not as an agent or employee of OEM. Subrecipient has no right or authority to incur or create any obligation for or legally bind OEM in any way. OEM cannot and will not control the means or manner by which Subrecipient performs the Project, except as specifically set forth in this Agreement. Subrecipient is responsible for determining the appropriate means and manner of performing the Project. Subrecipient acknowledges and agrees that Subrecipient is not an "officer", "employee", or "agent" of OEM, as those terms are used in ORS 30.265, and shall not make representations to third parties to the contrary.
- l. Severability.** If any term or provision of this Agreement is declared by a court of competent jurisdiction to be illegal or in conflict with any law, the validity of the remaining terms and provisions shall not be affected, and the rights and obligations of the Parties shall be construed and enforced as if this Agreement did not contain the particular term or provision held to be invalid.
- m. Counterparts.** This Agreement may be executed in two or more counterparts (by facsimile or otherwise), each of which is an original and all of which together are deemed one agreement binding on all Parties, notwithstanding that all Parties are not signatories to the same counterpart.
- n. Integration and Waiver.** This Agreement, including all Exhibits and referenced documents, constitutes the entire agreement between the Parties on the subject matter hereof. There are no understandings, agreements, or representations, oral or written, not specified herein regarding this Agreement. The delay or failure of either Party to enforce any provision of this Agreement shall not constitute a waiver by that Party of that or any other provision. Subrecipient, by the signature

below of its authorized representative, hereby acknowledges that it has read this Agreement, understands it, and agrees to be bound by its terms and conditions.

THE PARTIES, by execution of this Agreement, hereby acknowledge that each Party has read this Agreement, understands it, and agrees to be bound by its terms and conditions.

SIGNATURE PAGE TO FOLLOW

Unofficial
Copy

MORROW COUNTY

By *Melissa Lindsay*

Name Melissa Lindsay
(printed)

Date 11-4-20

APPROVED AS TO LEGAL SUFFICIENCY
(If required for Subrecipient)

By *[Signature]*
Subrecipient's Legal Counsel
525K MELS

Date 11/4/20

Subrecipient Program Contact:
John A Bowles
Emergency Manager
Morrow County Emergency Management
325 Willow View Dr.
PO Box 159
Heppner, OR 97836
541-676-5317
jbowles@co.morrow.or.us

Subrecipient Fiscal Contact:
Katherine Knop
Finance Director
Morrow County
PO Box 867
Heppner, OR 97836
541-676-5615
kknop@co.morrow.or.us

STATE OF OREGON, acting by through its Oregon
Military Department, Office of Emergency Management

By *[Signature]*

Stanton Thomas
Mitigation and Recovery Services Section Manager, OEM

Date 11/15/2020

APPROVAL FOR LEGAL SUFFICIENCY

By Samuel B. Zeigler via email
Senior Assistant Attorney General

Date October 13, 2020

OEM Program Contact:
Jim Jungling
Program Coordinator, OEM
Oregon Military Department
Office of Emergency Management
PO Box 14370
Salem, OR 97309-5062
503-378-3552
jim.jungling@state.or.us

OEM Fiscal Contact:
Nicki Powers
Grants Accountant, OEM
Oregon Military Department
Office of Emergency Management
PO Box 14370
Salem, OR 97309-5062
503-378-3734
nicki.powers@state.or.us

EXHIBIT A

Project Description and Budget

I. Project Description

The FY2020 EMPG Program focuses on the development and sustainment of core capabilities as outlined in the National Preparedness Strategy. Particular emphasis is placed on building and sustaining capabilities that address high consequence events that pose the greatest risk to the security and resilience of the United States. Capabilities are the means to accomplish a mission, function, or objective based on the performance of related tasks, under specified conditions, to target levels of performance. The FY2020 EMPG Work Plan identifies the specific tasks to be performed towards the development and sustainment of core capabilities in Subrecipient's jurisdiction. The funds from this agreement are meant to supplement a portion of Subrecipient's day-to-day operational costs for Emergency Management, as outlined in Subrecipient's approved Work Plan. The Work Plan may be updated upon approval by OEM.

II. Budget

There is a 50% cash match requirement on this grant.

Grant Funds:	\$62,542
Match Funds:	\$62,542
Total Budget:	\$125,084

Personnel Services - John Bowles	\$70,083
General Office Supplies	\$
Other Supplies	\$11,000
Rent	\$11,000
Phone	\$3,000
Other Utilities	\$
Contractual/Professional Services	\$6,000
Maintenance Costs	\$11,000
Travel/Vehicle Expenses/Mileage	\$2,000
Training/Workshops/Conferences	\$11,000
Cost Allocations/De Minimis	\$
Other	\$
Equipment	\$
Total (Grant plus Match)	\$125,084

EXHIBIT B

Federal Requirements and Certifications

I. General. Subrecipient agrees to comply with all federal requirements applicable to this Agreement. Those federal requirements include, without limitation, financial management and procurement requirements; requirements for maintaining accounting and financial records in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP); and all other financial, administrative, and audit requirements as set forth in the most recent versions of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), Department of Homeland Security (DHS) program legislation, and DHS/Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) regulations.

II. Specific Requirements and Certifications

- A. Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion.** Subrecipient certifies by accepting funds under this Agreement that neither it nor its principals are presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, nor voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction by any Federal department or agency (2 CFR 200.213).
- B. Standard Assurances and Certifications Regarding Lobbying.** Subrecipient is required to comply with 2 CFR 200.450 and the authorities cited therein, including 31 USC § 1352 and *New Restrictions on Lobbying* published at 55 Federal Register 6736 (February 26, 1990.)
- C. Compliance with Applicable Law.** Subrecipient agrees to comply with all applicable laws, regulations, program guidance, and guidelines of the State of Oregon, the Federal Government and OEM in the performance of this Agreement, including but not limited to:
1. Administrative Requirements set forth in 2 CFR Part 200, including without limitation:
 - a. Using Grant Funds only in accordance with applicable cost principles described in 2 CFR Subpart E, including that costs allocable to this Grant may not be charged to other Federal awards to overcome fund deficiencies, to avoid restrictions imposed by federal statutes, regulations or the terms of federal awards or other reasons;
 - b. Subrecipient must establish a Conflict of Interest policy applicable to any procurement contract or subawards made under this Agreement in accordance with 2 CFR 200.112. Conflicts of Interest must be disclosed in writing to the OEM within 5 calendar days of discovery including any information regarding measures to eliminate, neutralize, mitigate or otherwise resolve the conflict of interest.
 2. USA Patriot Act of 2001, which amends 18 USC §§ 175-175c.
 3. Section 6 of the Hotel and Motel Fire Safety Act of 1990, 15 USC 2225(a).
 4. 31 USC 3729, prohibiting recipients of federal payments from submitting a false claim for payment. See 38 USC 3801-3812 detailing administrative remedies for false claims and statements made.
 5. 10 USC §§ 2409 and 2324 and 41 USC §§ 4712, 4304 and 4310 requiring compliance with whistleblower protections, as applicable.
 6. No supplanting. Grant Funds under this Agreement shall not replace funds that have been budgeted for the same purposes through non-Federal sources. Subrecipient may be required to

demonstrate and document that a reduction in non-Federal resources occurred for reasons other than receipt or expected receipt of Federal funds.

D. Non-discrimination and Civil Rights Compliance, Equal Employment Opportunity Program, and Services to Limited English Proficient (LEP) Persons.

1. **Non-discrimination and Civil Rights Compliance.** Subrecipient, and all its contractors and subcontractors, assures compliance with all applicable nondiscrimination laws, including but not limited to:
 - a. Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, 42 USC § 2000d et seq., as amended, and related nondiscrimination regulations in 6 CFR Part 21 and 44 CFR Part 7.
 - b. Title VIII of the Civil Rights Act of 1968, 42 USC § 3601, as amended, and implementing regulations at 6 CFR Part 21 and 44 CFR Part 7.
 - c. Titles I, II, and III of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, as amended, 42 USC §§ 12101 – 12213.
 - d. Age Discrimination Act of 1975, 42 USC § 6101 et seq.
 - e. Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, as amended, 20 USC § 1681 et seq.
 - f. Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended, 29 USC § 794, as amended.
2. **Equal Employment Opportunity Program.** Subrecipient, and any of its contractors and subcontractors, certifies that an equal employment opportunity program will be in effect on or before the effective date of this Agreement. Subrecipient must maintain a current copy on file.
3. **Services to Limited English Proficient (LEP) Persons.** Subrecipient, and any of its contractors and subcontractors agrees to comply with the requirements Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 and Executive Order 13166, improving Access to Services for Persons with Limited English Proficiency, and resulting agency guidance, national origin and resulting agency guidance, national origin discrimination includes discrimination on the basis of LEP. To ensure compliance with Title VI, Subrecipient must take reasonable steps to ensure that LEP persons have meaningful access to your programs. Meaningful access may entail providing language assistance services, including oral and written translation, where necessary. Subrecipient is encouraged to consider the need for language services for LEP persons served or encountered both in developing budgets and in conducting programs and activities. For assistance additional information regarding LEP obligations, please see <http://www.lep.gov>.

E. Environmental and Historic Preservation.

1. Subrecipient shall comply with all applicable Federal, State, and local environmental and historic preservation (EHP) requirements and shall provide any information requested by FEMA to ensure compliance with applicable environmental and historic preservation laws including but not limited to:
 - a. National Environmental Policy Act of 1969, as amended, 42 USC § 4321, and related FEMA regulations, 44 CFR Part 10.
 - b. National Historic Preservation Act, 16 USC § 470 et seq.
 - c. Endangered Species Act, 16 USC § 1531 et seq.

- d. Executive Orders on Floodplains (11988), Wetlands (11990) and Environmental Justice (12898).

Failure of Subrecipient to meet Federal, State, and local EHP requirements and obtain applicable permits may jeopardize Federal funding.

- 2. Subrecipient shall not undertake any project without prior EHP approval by FEMA, including but not limited to communications towers, physical security enhancements, new construction, and modifications to buildings, structures, and objects that are 50 years old or greater. Subrecipient must comply with all conditions placed on the project as the result of the EHP review. Any change to the approved project scope of work will require re-evaluation for compliance with these EHP requirements. If ground disturbing activities occur during project implementation, Subrecipient must ensure monitoring of ground disturbance and if any potential archeological resources are discovered, Subrecipient will immediately cease construction in that area and notify FEMA and the appropriate State Historic Preservation Office. Any construction activities that have been initiated without the necessary EHP review and approval will result in a non-compliance finding and will not be eligible for FEMA funding.
 - 3. For any of Subrecipient's or its contractors' or subcontractors' existing programs or activities that will be funded by these grant funds, Subrecipient, upon specific request from the U.S. DHS, agrees to cooperate with the U.S. DHS in any preparation by the U.S. DHS of a national or program environmental assessment of that funded program or activity.
- F. **PROCUREMENT OF RECOVERED MATERIALS.** Subrecipient must comply with Section 6002 of the Solid Waste Disposal Act, as amended by the Resource Recovery and Conservation Act and in accordance with Environmental Protection Agency guidelines at 40 CFR Part 247.
 - G. **SAFECOM.** If the Grant Funds are for emergency communication equipment and related activities, Subrecipient must comply with SAFECOM Guidance for Emergency Communication Grants, including provisions on technical standards that ensure and enhance interoperable communications.
 - H. **Drug Free Workplace Requirements.** Subrecipient agrees to comply with the requirements of the Drug-Free Workplace Act of 1988, 41 USC § 701 et seq., as amended, and implementing regulations at 2 CFR Part 3001 which require that all organizations receiving grants (or subgrants) from any Federal agency agree to maintain a drug-free workplace. Subrecipient must notify this office if an employee of Subrecipient is convicted of violating a criminal drug statute. Failure to comply with these requirements may be cause for debarment.
 - I. **Human Trafficking (2 CFR Part 175).** Subrecipient must comply with requirements of Section 106(g) of the Trafficking Victims Protection Act of 2000, 22 USC § 7104, as amended and 2 CFR § 175.15.
 - J. **Fly America Act of 1974.** Subrecipient agrees to comply with the requirements of the Preference for U.S. Flag Air Carriers: (air carriers holding certificates under 49 USC § 41102) for international air transportation of people and property to the extent that such service is available, in accordance with the International Air Transportation Fair Competitive Practices Act of 1974, as amended, (49 USC § 40118) and the interpretative guidelines issued by the Comptroller General of the United States in the March 31, 1981, amendment to the Comptroller General Decision B138942.

- K. Activities Conducted Abroad.** Subrecipient agrees to comply with the requirements that project activities carried on outside the United States are coordinated as necessary with appropriate government authorities and that appropriate licenses, permits, or approvals are obtained.
- L. Acknowledgement of Federal Funding from DHS.** Subrecipient agrees to comply with requirements to acknowledge Federal funding when issuing statements, press releases, requests for proposals, bid invitations, and other documents describing projects or programs funded in whole or in part with Federal funds.
- M. Copyright.** Subrecipient shall affix the applicable copyright notices of 17 USC § 401 or 402 and an acknowledgement of Government sponsorship (including subgrant number) to any work first produced under an award unless the work includes any information that is otherwise controlled by the Government (e.g., classified information or other information subject to national security or export control laws or regulations). For any scientific, technical, or other copyright work based on or containing data first produced under this Agreement, including those works published in academic, technical or professional journals, symposia proceedings, or similar works, Subrecipient grants the Government a royalty-free, nonexclusive and irrevocable license to reproduce, display, distribute copies, perform, disseminate, or prepare derivative works, and to authorize others to do so, for Government purposes in all such copyrighted works.
- N. Patents and Intellectual Property Rights.** Unless otherwise provided by law, Subrecipient is subject the Bayh-Dole Act, 35 USC § 200 et seq., as amended, including requirements governing the development, reporting and disposition of rights to inventions and patents resulting from financial assistance awards, 37 CFR Part 401, and the standard patent rights clause in 37 CFR § 401.14.
- O. Use of DHS Seal, Logo and Flags.** Subrecipient agrees to obtain DHS's approval prior to using the DHS seal(s), logos, crests or reproductions of flags or likenesses of DHS agency officials, including use of the United States Coast Guard seal, logo, crests or reproductions of flags or likenesses of Coast Guard officials.
- P. Personally Identifiable Information (PII).** Subrecipient, if it collects PII, is required to have a publically available privacy policy that described what PII they collect, how they use it, whether they share it with third parties and how individuals may have their PII corrected where appropriate.
- Q. Federal Debt Status.** Subrecipient shall be non-delinquent in its repayment of any federal debt. Examples of relevant debt include delinquent payroll and other taxes, audit disallowances, benefit overpayments and any amounts due under Section 11.c of this Agreement. See OMB Circular A-129 for additional information and guidance.
- R. Construction Contracts.**
1. Except as otherwise provided under 41 CFR Part 60, all contracts that meet the definition of "federally assisted construction contract" in 41 CFR Part 60-1.3 must include the equal opportunity clause provided under 41 CFR 60-1.4(b), in accordance with Executive Order 11246, "Equal Employment Opportunity" (30 FR 12319, 12935, 3 CFR Part, 1964-1965 Comp., p. 339), as amended by Executive Order 11375, "Amending Executive Order 11246 Relating to Equal Employment Opportunity," and implementing regulations at 41 CFR part 60,

“Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs, Equal Employment Opportunity, Department of Labor.”

2. When required by Federal program legislation, all prime construction contracts in excess of \$2,000 awarded by non-Federal entities must include a provision for compliance with the Davis-Bacon Act (40 U.S.C. 3141–3144, and 3146–3148) as supplemented by Department of Labor regulations (29 CFR Part 5, “Labor Standards Provisions Applicable to Contracts Covering Federally Financed and Assisted Construction”).
 3. Contracts awarded by Grantee in excess of \$100,000 that involve the employment of mechanics or laborers must include a provision for compliance with 40 U.S.C. 3702 and 3704, as supplemented by Department of Labor regulations (29 CFR Part 5).
 4. Contracts and subgrants of amounts in excess of \$150,000 must contain a provision that requires the non-Federal award to agree to comply with all applicable standards, orders or regulations issued pursuant to the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7401–7671q) and the Federal Water Pollution Control Act as amended (33 U.S.C. 1251–1387).
- S. Funding Agreements.** If the Federal award meets the definition of “funding agreement” under 37 CFR § 401.2 (a) and Grantee wishes to enter into a contract with a small business firm or nonprofit organization regarding the substitution of parties, assignment or performance of experimental, developmental, or research work under that “funding agreement,” Grantee must comply with the requirements of 37 CFR Part 401, “Rights to Inventions Made by Nonprofit Organizations and Small Business Firms Under Government Grants, Contracts and Cooperative Agreements,” and any implementing regulations issued by the awarding agency.
- T. Terrorist Financing.** Subrecipient must comply with US Executive Order 13224 and US law that prohibits transactions with, and the provisions of resources and support to, individuals and organizations associated with terrorism. It is the legal responsibility of subrecipients to ensure compliance with the EO and laws.
- U. Federal Leadership on Reducing Text Messaging while Driving.** Subrecipient is encouraged to adopt and enforce policies that ban text messaging while driving as described in E.O. 13513, including conducting initiatives described in Section 3(a) of the Order when on official government business or when performing any work for or on behalf of the federal government.
- V. Energy Policy and Conservation Act.** Subrecipient must comply with the requirements of 42 USC § 6201 which contains policies relating to energy efficiency that are defined in the state energy conservation plan issues in compliance with the Act.
- W. DHS Specific Acknowledgements and Assurances.** All recipients, subrecipients, successors, transferees, and assignees must acknowledge and agree to comply with applicable provisions governing DHS access to records, accounts, documents, information, facilities, and staff.
1. Recipients must cooperate with any compliance reviews or compliance investigations conducted by DHS.
 2. Recipients must give DHS access to, and the right to examine and copy, records, accounts, and other documents and sources of information related to the federal financial assistance award and permit access to facilities, personnel, and other individuals and information as may be necessary, as required by DHS regulations and other applicable laws or program guidance.

3. Recipients must submit timely, complete, and accurate reports to the appropriate DHS officials and maintain appropriate backup documentation to support the reports.

4. Recipients must comply with all other special reporting, data collection, and evaluation requirements, as prescribed by law or detailed in program guidance.

5. If, during the past three years, recipients have been accused of discrimination on the grounds of race, color, national origin (including limited English proficiency (LEP)), sex, age, disability, religion, or familial status, recipients must provide a list of all such proceedings, pending or completed, including outcome and copies of settlement agreements to the DHS FAO and the DHS Office of Civil Rights and Civil Liberties (CRCL) by e-mail at crcl@hq.dhs.gov or by mail at U.S. Department of Homeland Security Office for Civil Rights and Civil Liberties Building 410, Mail Stop #0190 Washington, D.C. 20528.

6. In the event courts or administrative agencies make a finding of discrimination on grounds of race, color, national origin (including LEP), sex, age, disability, religion, or familial status against the recipient, or recipients settle a case or matter alleging such discrimination, recipients must forward a copy of the complaint and findings to the DHS FAO and the CRCL office by e-mail or mail at the addresses listed above.

The United States has the right to seek judicial enforcement of these obligations.

X. Nondiscrimination in Matters Pertaining to Faith-Based Organizations. It is DHS policy to ensure the equal treatment of faith-based organizations in social service programs administered or supported by DHS or its component agencies, enabling those organizations to participate in providing important social services to beneficiaries. Subrecipient must comply with the equal treatment policies and requirements contained in 6 C.F.R. Part 19 and other applicable statutes, regulations, and guidance governing the participations of faith-based organizations in individual DHS programs.

EXHIBIT C

Subagreement Insurance Requirements

GENERAL.

Subrecipient shall require in its first tier subagreements with entities that are not units of local government as defined in ORS 190.003, if any, to: i) obtain insurance specified under TYPES AND AMOUNTS and meeting the requirements under ADDITIONAL INSURED, "TAIL" COVERAGE, NOTICE OF CANCELLATION OR CHANGE, and CERTIFICATES OF INSURANCE before performance under the subagreement commences, and ii) maintain the insurance in full force throughout the duration of the subagreement. The insurance must be provided by insurance companies or entities that are authorized to transact the business of insurance and issue coverage in the State of Oregon and that are acceptable to OEM. Subrecipient shall not authorize work to begin under subagreements until the insurance is in full force. Thereafter, Subrecipient shall monitor continued compliance with the insurance requirements on an annual or more frequent basis. Subrecipient shall incorporate appropriate provisions in the subagreement permitting it to enforce compliance with the insurance requirements and shall take all reasonable steps to enforce such compliance. In no event shall Subrecipient permit work under a subagreement when Subrecipient is aware that the contractor is not in compliance with the insurance requirements. As used in this section, "first tier" means a subagreement in which Subrecipient is a Party.

TYPES AND AMOUNTS.

i. **WORKERS COMPENSATION.** Insurance in compliance with ORS 656.017, which requires all employers that employ subject workers, as defined in ORS 656.027, to provide workers' compensation coverage for those workers, unless they meet the requirement for an exemption under ORS 656.126(2). Employers liability insurance with coverage limits of not less than \$500,000 must be included.

ii. **COMMERCIAL GENERAL LIABILITY.**

Commercial General Liability Insurance covering bodily injury, death, and property damage in a form and with coverages that are satisfactory to State. This insurance shall include personal injury liability, products and completed operations. Coverage shall be written on an occurrence form basis, with not less than the following amounts as determined by OEM:

Bodily Injury, Death and Property Damage:

\$500,000 per occurrence (for all claimants for claims arising out of a single accident or occurrence).

iii. **AUTOMOBILE Liability Insurance: Automobile Liability.**

Automobile Liability Insurance covering all owned, non-owned and hired vehicles. This coverage may be written in combination with the Commercial General Liability Insurance (with separate limits for "Commercial General Liability" and "Automobile Liability"). Automobile Liability Insurance must be in not less than the following amounts as determined by OEM:

Bodily Injury, Death and Property Damage:

\$500,000 per occurrence (for all claimants for claims arising out of a single accident or occurrence).

ADDITIONAL INSURED. The Commercial General Liability Insurance and Automobile Liability insurance must include OEM, its officers, employees and agents as Additional Insureds but only with respect to the contractor's activities to be performed under the Subcontract. Coverage must be primary and non-contributory with any other insurance and self-insurance.

"TAIL" COVERAGE. If any of the required insurance policies is on a "claims made" basis, such as professional liability insurance, the contractor shall maintain either "tail" coverage or continuous "claims made" liability coverage, provided the effective date of the continuous "claims made" coverage is on or before the effective date of the Subcontract, for a minimum of 24 months following the later of : (i) the contractor's completion and Subrecipient's acceptance of all Services required under the Subcontract or, (ii) the expiration of all warranty periods provided under the Subcontract. Notwithstanding the foregoing 24-month requirement, if the contractor elects to maintain "tail" coverage and if the maximum time period "tail" coverage reasonably available in the marketplace is less than the 24-month period described above, then the contractor may request and OEM may grant approval of the maximum "tail" coverage period reasonably available in the marketplace. If OEM approval is granted, the contractor shall maintain "tail" coverage for the maximum time period that "tail" coverage is reasonably available in the marketplace.

NOTICE OF CANCELLATION OR CHANGE. The contractor or its insurer must provide 30 days' written notice to Subrecipient before cancellation of, material change to, potential exhaustion of aggregate limits of, or non-renewal of the required insurance coverage(s).

CERTIFICATE(S) OF INSURANCE. Subrecipient shall obtain from the contractor a certificate(s) of insurance for all required insurance before the contractor performs under the Subcontract. The certificate(s) or an attached endorsement must specify: i) all entities and individuals who are endorsed on the policy as Additional Insured and ii) for insurance on a "claims made" basis, the extended reporting period applicable to "tail" or continuous "claims made" coverage.

INSURANCE REQUIREMENT REVIEW. Recipient agrees to periodic review of insurance requirements by OEM under this Agreement and to provide updated requirements as mutually agreed upon by OEM and Recipient.

OEM ACCEPTANCE. All insurance providers are subject to OEM acceptance. If requested by OEM, Recipient shall provide complete copies of its Contractors' insurance policies, endorsements, self-insurance documents and related insurance documents to OEM's representatives responsible for verification of the insurance coverages required under this Exhibit C.

Exhibit D

Information required by 2 CFR 200.331(a)

1. Federal Award Identification:
 - (i) Sub-recipient name (which must match registered name in DUNS): Morrow County
 - (ii) Sub-recipient's DUNS number: 010741189
 - (iii) Federal Award Identification Number (FAIN): EMS-2020-EP-00004-S01
 - (iv) Federal Award Date: October 1, 2019
 - (v) Sub-award Period of Performance Start and End Date: From July 1, 2020 to June 30, 2021
 - (vi) Amount of Federal Funds Obligated by this Agreement: \$62,542
 - (vii) Total Amount of Federal Funds Obligated to the Subrecipient by the pass-through entity including this Agreement: * \$62,542
 - (viii) Total Amount of Federal Award committed to the subrecipient by the pass-through entity: \$62,542
 - (ix) Federal award project description: Emergency Management Performance Grant (EMPG) Program provides resources to assist state, local, tribal, and territorial governments in preparing for all hazards, as authorized by the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act (Stafford Act) (42 U.S.C. 5121 et seq.).
 - (x)
 - (a) Name of Federal awarding agency: U.S. Department of Homeland Security, Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA)
 - (b) Name of pass-through entity: Oregon Military Department, Office of Emergency Management
 - (c) Contact information for awarding official of the pass-through entity: Andrew Phelps, Director, PO Box 14370, Salem, OR 97309-5062
 - (xi) CFDA Number and Name: 97.042, Emergency Management Performance Grants
Amount: \$5,370,008
 - (xii) Is Award R&D? No
 - (xiii) Indirect cost rate for the Federal award: 12%
 2. Subrecipient's indirect cost rate: 0%
- *The Total amount of Federal Funds Obligated to the Subrecipient by the pass-through entity is the Total Amount of Federal Funds Obligated to the Subrecipient by the pass-through entity during the current Federal fiscal year.

**OREGON MILITARY DEPARTMENT
OFFICE OF EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT
EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT PERFORMANCE GRANT
CFDA # 97.042
MORROW COUNTY
\$62,333
Grant No: 21-525**

This Agreement is made and entered into by and between the **State of Oregon**, acting by and through the Oregon Military Department, Office of Emergency Management, hereinafter referred to as “OEM,” and **Morrow County**, hereinafter referred to as “Subrecipient,” and collectively referred to as the “Parties.”

1. Effective Date. This Agreement shall become effective on the date this Agreement is fully executed and approved as required by applicable law. Reimbursements will be made for Project Costs incurred beginning on **July 1, 2021** and ending, unless otherwise terminated or extended, on **June 30, 2022** (the “Grant Award Period”). No Grant Funds are available for expenditures after the Grant Award Period. OEM’s obligation to disburse Grant Funds under this Agreement is subject to Sections 6 and 10 of this Agreement.

2. Agreement Documents. This Agreement consists of this document and the following documents, all of which are attached hereto and incorporated herein by reference:

- Exhibit A: **Project Description and Budget**
- Exhibit B: **Federal Requirements and Certifications**
- Exhibit C: **Subcontractor Insurance**
- Exhibit D: **Information required by 2 CFR 200.332(a)**

In the event of a conflict between two or more of the documents comprising this Agreement, the language in the document with the highest precedence shall control. The precedence of each of the documents comprising this Agreement is as follows, listed from highest precedence to lowest precedence: Exhibit B; this Agreement without Exhibits; Exhibit A; Exhibit C.

3. Grant Funds; Matching Funds. In accordance with the terms and conditions of this Agreement, OEM shall provide Subrecipient an amount not to exceed **\$62,333** in Grant Funds for eligible costs described in Section 6 hereof. Grant Funds for this Program will be from the Fiscal Year 2021 Emergency Management Performance Grant (EMPG) Program. Subrecipient shall provide matching funds for all Project Costs as described in Exhibit A.

4. Project. The Grant Funds shall be used solely for the Project described in Exhibit A and shall not be used for any other purpose. No Grant Funds will be disbursed for any changes to the Project unless such changes are approved by OEM by amendment pursuant to Section 11.d hereof.

5. Reports. Failure of Subrecipient to submit the required program, financial, or audit reports, or to resolve program, financial, or audit issues may result in the suspension of grant payments, termination of this Agreement, or both.

a. Performance Reports.

- i. Subrecipient agrees to submit performance reports, using a form provided by OEM, on its progress in meeting each of its agreed upon goals and objectives. The narrative reports will address specific information regarding the activities carried out under the FY 2021 Emergency Management Performance Grant Program and how they address identified work plan elements.
- ii. Reports are due to OEM on or before the 15th day of the month following each subsequent calendar quarter (ending on March 31, June 30, September 30, and December 31).
- iii. Subrecipient may request from OEM prior written approval to extend a performance report requirement past its due date. OEM, in its sole discretion, may approve or reject the request.

b. Financial Reimbursement Reports.

- i. To receive reimbursement, Subrecipient must submit a signed Request for Reimbursement (RFR), using a form provided by OEM, that includes supporting documentation for all grant and, if applicable, match expenditures. RFRs must be submitted monthly during the term of this Agreement. RFRs must be submitted on or before 30 days following each subsequent calendar month, and a final RFR must be submitted no later than 30 days following the end of the grant period.
- ii. Reimbursements for expenses will be withheld if performance reports are not submitted by the specified dates or are incomplete.
- iii. Reimbursement rates for travel expenses shall not exceed those allowed by the State of Oregon. Requests for reimbursement for travel must be supported with a detailed statement identifying the person who traveled, the purpose of the travel, the dates, times, and places of travel, and the actual expenses or authorized rates incurred.
- iv. Reimbursements will only be made for actual expenses incurred during the Grant Award Period. Subrecipient agrees that no grant or, if applicable, match funds may be used for expenses incurred before or after the Grant Award Period.

6. Disbursement and Recovery of Grant Funds.

- a. **Disbursement Generally.** OEM shall reimburse eligible costs incurred in carrying out the Project, up to the Grant Fund amount provided in Section 3. Reimbursements shall be made by OEM upon approval by OEM of an RFR. Eligible costs are the reasonable and necessary costs incurred by Subrecipient for the Project, in accordance with the Emergency Management Performance Grants guidance and application materials, including without limitation the United States Department of Homeland Security Notice of Funding Opportunity Announcement (NOFO), that are not excluded from reimbursement by OEM, either by this Agreement or by exclusion as a result of financial review or audit. The guidance, application materials and NOFO are available at <http://www.oregon.gov/OEM/emresources/Grants/Pages/EMPG.aspx>
- b. **Conditions Precedent to Disbursement.** OEM's obligation to disburse Grant Funds to Subrecipient is subject to satisfaction, with respect to each disbursement, of each of the following conditions precedent:
 - i. OEM has received funding, appropriations, limitations, allotments, or other expenditure authority sufficient to allow OEM, in the exercise of its reasonable administrative discretion, to make the disbursement.
 - ii. Subrecipient is in compliance with the terms of this Agreement including, without limitation, Exhibit B and the requirements incorporated by reference in Exhibit B.

- iii. Subrecipient's representations and warranties set forth in Section 7 hereof are true and correct on the date of disbursement with the same effect as though made on the date of disbursement.
- iv. Subrecipient has provided to OEM a RFR in accordance with Section 5.b of this Agreement.

c. Recovery of Grant Funds. Any funds disbursed to Subrecipient under this Agreement that are expended in violation or contravention of one or more of the provisions of this Agreement ("Misexpended Funds") or that remain unexpended on the earlier of termination or expiration of this Agreement ("Unexpended Funds") must be returned to OEM. Subrecipient shall return all Misexpended Funds to OEM promptly after OEM's written demand and no later than 15 days after OEM's written demand. Subrecipient shall return all Unexpended Funds to OEM within 14 days after the earlier of expiration or termination of this Agreement.

7. Representations and Warranties of Subrecipient. Subrecipient represents and warrants to OEM as follows:

- a. Organization and Authority.** Subrecipient is a political subdivision of the State of Oregon and is eligible to receive the Grant Funds. Subrecipient has full power, authority, and legal right to make this Agreement and to incur and perform its obligations hereunder, and the making and performance by Subrecipient of this Agreement (1) have been duly authorized by all necessary action of Subrecipient and (2) do not and will not violate any provision of any applicable law, rule, regulation, or order of any court, regulatory commission, board, or other administrative agency, (3) do not and will not result in the breach of, or constitute a default or require any consent under any other agreement or instrument to which Subrecipient is a party or by which Subrecipient or any of its properties may be bound or affected. No authorization, consent, license, approval of, filing or registration with or notification to any governmental body or regulatory or supervisory authority is required for the execution, delivery, or performance by Subrecipient of this Agreement.
- b. Binding Obligation.** This Agreement has been duly executed and delivered by Subrecipient and constitutes a legal, valid, and binding obligation of Subrecipient, enforceable in accordance with its terms subject to the laws of bankruptcy, insolvency, or other similar laws affecting the enforcement of creditors' rights generally.
- c. No Solicitation.** Subrecipient's officers, employees, and agents shall neither solicit nor accept gratuities, favors, or any item of monetary value from contractors, potential contractors, or parties to subagreements. No member or delegate to the Congress of the United States or State of Oregon employee shall be admitted to any share or part of this Agreement or any benefit arising therefrom.
- d. NIMS Compliance.** By accepting FY 2021 funds, Subrecipient certifies that it has met National Incident Management System (NIMS) compliance activities outlined in the Oregon NIMS Requirements located through the OEM at http://www.oregon.gov/OEM/emresources/Plans_Assessments/Pages/NIMS.aspx

The warranties set forth in this section are in addition to, and not in lieu of, any other warranties set forth in this Agreement or implied by law.

8. Records Maintenance and Access; Audit.

- a. Records, Access to Records and Facilities.** Subrecipient shall make and retain proper and complete books of record and account and maintain all fiscal records related to this Agreement

and the Project in accordance with all applicable generally accepted accounting principles, generally accepted governmental auditing standards and state minimum standards for audits of municipal corporations. Subrecipient acknowledges and agrees, and Subrecipient will require its contractors, subcontractors, sub-recipients (collectively hereafter "contractors"), successors, transferees, and assignees to acknowledge and agree, to provide OEM, Oregon Secretary of State (Secretary), Office of Inspector General (OIG), Department of Homeland Security (DHS), Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA), or any of their authorized representatives, access to records, accounts, documents, information, facilities, and staff. Subrecipient and its contractors must cooperate with any compliance review or complaint investigation by any of the above listed agencies, providing them access to and the right to examine and copy records, accounts, and other documents and sources of information related to the grant and permit access to facilities, personnel, and other individuals and information as may be necessary. The right of access is not limited to the required retention period but shall last as long as the records are retained.

b. Retention of Records. Subrecipient shall retain and keep accessible all books, documents, papers, and records that are directly related to this Agreement, the Grant Funds, or the Project for until the latest of (a) six years following termination, completion, or expiration of this Agreement, (b) upon resolution of any litigation or other disputes related to this Agreement, or (c) as required by 2 CFR 200.334. It is the responsibility of Subrecipient to obtain a copy of 2 CFR Part 200, and to apprise itself of all rules and regulations set forth.

c. Audits.

- i. If Subrecipient expends \$750,000 or more in Federal funds (from all sources) in its fiscal year, Subrecipient shall have a single organization-wide audit conducted in accordance with the provisions of 2 CFR 200 Subpart F. Copies of all audits must be submitted to OEM within 30 days of completion. If Subrecipient expends less than \$750,000 in its fiscal year in Federal funds, Subrecipient is exempt from Federal audit requirements for that year. Records must be available for review or audit by appropriate officials as provided in Section 8.a. herein.
- ii. Audit costs for audits not required in accordance with 2 CFR 200 Subpart F are unallowable. If Subrecipient did not expend \$750,000 or more in Federal funds in its fiscal year, but contracted with a certified public accountant to perform an audit, costs for performance of that audit shall not be charged to the grant.
- iii. Subrecipient shall save, protect, and hold harmless the OEM from the cost of any audits or special investigations performed by the Secretary or any federal agency with respect to the funds expended under this Agreement. Subrecipient acknowledges and agrees that any audit costs incurred by Subrecipient as a result of allegations of fraud, waste or abuse are ineligible for reimbursement under this or any other agreement between Subrecipient and the State of Oregon.

9. Subrecipient Procurements; Property and Equipment Management and Records; Subcontractor Indemnity and Insurance

a. Subagreements. Subrecipient may enter into agreements (hereafter "subagreements") for performance of the Project. Subrecipient shall use its own procurement procedures and regulations, provided that the procurement conforms to applicable Federal and State law (including without limitation ORS chapters 279A, 279B, 279C, and that for contracts for more than \$150,000, the contract shall address administrative, contractual or legal remedies for violation or breach of contract terms and provide for sanctions and penalties as appropriate, and for

contracts for more than \$10,000 address termination for cause or for convenience including the manner in which termination will be effected and the basis for settlement).

- i. Subrecipient shall provide to OEM copies of all Requests for Proposals or other solicitations for procurements anticipated to be for \$100,000 or more and to provide to OEM, upon request by OEM, such documents for procurements for less than \$100,000. Subrecipient shall include with its RFR a list of all procurements issued during the period covered by the report.
- ii. All subagreements, whether negotiated or competitively bid and without regard to dollar value, shall be conducted in a manner that encourages fair and open competition to the maximum practical extent possible. All sole-source procurements in excess of \$100,000 must receive prior written approval from OEM in addition to any other approvals required by law applicable to Subrecipient. Justification for sole-source procurement in excess of \$100,000 should include a description of the program and what is being contracted for, an explanation of why it is necessary to contract noncompetitively, time constraints and any other pertinent information. Interagency agreements between units of government are excluded from this provision.
- iii. Subrecipient shall be alert to organizational conflicts of interest or non-competitive practices among contractors that may restrict or eliminate competition or otherwise restrain trade. Contractors that develop or draft specifications, requirements, statements of work, or Requests for Proposals (RFP) for a proposed procurement shall be excluded from bidding or submitting a proposal to compete for the award of such procurement. Any request for exemption must be submitted in writing to OEM.
- iv. Subrecipient agrees that, to the extent it uses contractors, such contractors shall use small, minority, women-owned or disadvantaged business concerns and contractors or subcontractors to the extent practicable.

b. Purchases and Management of Property and Equipment; Records. Subrecipient agrees to comply with all applicable federal requirements referenced in Exhibit B, Section II.C.1 to this Agreement and procedures for managing and maintaining records of all purchases of property and equipment will, at a minimum, meet the following requirements:

- i. All property and equipment purchased under this agreement, whether by Subrecipient or a contractor, will be conducted in a manner providing full and open competition and in accordance with all applicable procurement requirements, including without limitation ORS chapters 279A, 279B, 279C, and purchases shall be recorded and maintained in Subrecipient's property or equipment inventory system.
- ii. Subrecipient's property and equipment records shall include: a description of the property or equipment; the manufacturer's serial number, model number, or other identification number; the source of the property or equipment, including the Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance (CFDA) number; name of person or entity holding title to the property or equipment; the acquisition date; cost and percentage of Federal participation in the cost; the location, use and condition of the property or equipment; and any ultimate disposition data including the date of disposal and sale price of the property or equipment.
- iii. A physical inventory of the property and equipment must be taken and the results reconciled with the property and equipment records at least once every two years.
- iv. Subrecipient must develop a control system to ensure adequate safeguards to prevent loss, damage, or theft of the property and equipment. Subrecipient shall investigate any loss, damage, or theft and shall provide the results of the investigation to OEM upon request.

- v. Subrecipient must develop, or require its contractors to develop, adequate maintenance procedures to keep the property and equipment in good condition.
 - vi. If Subrecipient is authorized to sell the property or equipment, proper sales procedures must be established to ensure the highest possible return.
 - vii. Subrecipient agrees to comply with 2 CFR 200.313 pertaining to use and disposal of equipment purchased with Grant Funds, including when original or replacement equipment acquired with Grant Funds is no longer needed for the original project or program or for other activities currently or previously supported by a federal agency.
 - viii. Subrecipient shall require its contractors to use property and equipment management requirements that meet or exceed the requirements provided herein applicable to all property and equipment purchased with Grant Funds.
 - ix. Subrecipient shall, and shall require its contractors to, retain, the records described in this Section 9.b. for a period of six years from the date of the disposition or replacement or transfer at the discretion of OEM. Title to all property and equipment purchased with Grant Funds shall vest in Subrecipient if Subrecipient provides written certification to OEM that it will use the property and equipment for purposes consistent with the Emergency Management Performance Grant Program.
- c. **Subagreement indemnity; insurance.** Subrecipient's subagreement(s) shall require the other party to such subagreements(s) that is not a unit of local government as defined in ORS 190.003, if any, to indemnify, defend, save and hold harmless OEM and its officers, employees and agents from and against any and all claims, actions, liabilities, damages, losses, or expenses, including attorneys' fees, arising from a tort, as now or hereafter defined in ORS 30.260, caused, or alleged to be caused, in whole or in part, by the negligent or willful acts or omissions of the other party to Subrecipient's subagreement or any of such party's officers, agents, employees or subcontractors ("Claims"). It is the specific intention of the Parties that OEM shall, in all instances, except for Claims arising solely from the negligent or willful acts or omissions of OEM, be indemnified by the other party to Subrecipient's subagreement(s) from and against any and all Claims.

Any such indemnification shall also provide that neither Subrecipient's contractor(s) nor any attorney engaged by Subrecipient's contractor(s) shall defend any claim in the name of OEM or any agency of the State of Oregon (collectively "State"), nor purport to act as legal representative of the State or any of its agencies, without the prior written consent of the Oregon Attorney General. The State may, at any time at its election, assume its own defense and settlement in the event that it determines that Subrecipient's contractor is prohibited from defending State or that Subrecipient's contractor is not adequately defending State's interests, or that an important governmental principle is at issue or that it is in the best interests of State to do so. State reserves all rights to pursue claims it may have against Subrecipient's contractor if State elects to assume its own defense.

Subrecipient shall require the other party, or parties, to each of its subagreements that are not units of local government as defined in ORS 190.003 to obtain and maintain insurance of the types and in the amounts provided in Exhibit C to this Agreement.

10. Termination

- a. Termination by OEM.** OEM may terminate this Agreement effective upon delivery of written notice of termination to Subrecipient, or at such later date as may be established by OEM in such written notice, if:
- i. Subrecipient fails to perform the Project within the time specified herein or any extension thereof or commencement, continuation, or timely completion of the Project by Subrecipient is, for any reason, rendered improbable, impossible, or illegal; or
 - ii. OEM fails to receive funding, appropriations, limitations, or other expenditure authority sufficient to allow OEM, in the exercise of its reasonable administrative discretion, to continue to make payments for performance of this Agreement; or
 - iii. Federal or state laws, rules, regulations, or guidelines are modified or interpreted in such a way that the Project is no longer allowable or no longer eligible for funding under this Agreement; or
 - iv. The Project would not produce results commensurate with the further expenditure of funds; or
 - v. Subrecipient takes any action pertaining to this Agreement without the approval of OEM and which under the provisions of this Agreement would have required the approval of OEM.
 - vi. OEM determines there is a material misrepresentation, error, or inaccuracy in Subrecipient's application.
- b. Termination by Subrecipient.** Subrecipient may terminate this Agreement effective upon delivery of written notice of termination to OEM, or at such later date as may be established by Subrecipient in such written notice, if:
- i. The requisite local funding to continue the Project becomes unavailable to Subrecipient; or
 - ii. Federal or state laws, rules, regulations, or guidelines are modified or interpreted in such a way that the Project is no longer allowable or no longer eligible for funding under this Agreement.
- c. Termination by Either Party.** Either Party may terminate this Agreement upon at least ten days' notice to the other Party and failure of the other Party to cure within the period provided in the notice, if the other Party fails to comply with any of the terms of this Agreement.
- d. Settlement upon Termination.** Immediately upon termination under Sections 10.a.i., v. or vi., no Grant Funds shall be disbursed by OEM, and Subrecipient shall return to OEM Grant Funds previously disbursed to Subrecipient by OEM in accordance with Section 6.c and the terminating party may pursue additional remedies in law or equity. Upon termination pursuant to any other provision in this Section 10, no further Grant Funds shall be disbursed by OEM and Subrecipient shall return funds to OEM in accordance with Section 6.c, except that Subrecipient may pay, and OEM shall disburse, funds for obligations incurred and approved by OEM up to the day that the non-terminating party receives the notice of termination. Termination of this Agreement does not relieve Subrecipient of any other term of this Agreement that may survive termination, including without limitation Sections 11.a and c.

11. GENERAL PROVISIONS

- a. Indemnity.** To the extent authorized by law, Recipient shall defend (subject to ORS chapter 180), indemnify, save, and hold harmless OEM and its officers, employees, and agents from and against any and all claims, suits, actions, proceedings, losses, damages, liability, and court awards including costs, expenses, and attorneys' fees incurred related to any actual or alleged act or

omission by Recipient, or its employees, agents, or contractors. This Section shall survive expiration or termination of this Agreement.

- b. Dispute Resolution.** The Parties shall attempt in good faith to resolve any dispute arising out of this Agreement. In addition, the Parties may agree to utilize a jointly selected mediator or arbitrator (for non-binding arbitration) to resolve the dispute short of litigation. Each party shall bear its own costs incurred under this Section 11.b.
- c. Responsibility for Grant Funds.** Any recipient of Grant Funds, pursuant to this Agreement with OEM, shall assume sole liability for that recipient's breach of the conditions of this Agreement, and shall, upon such recipient's breach of conditions that requires OEM to return funds to the FEMA, hold harmless and indemnify OEM for an amount equal to the funds received under this Agreement; or if legal limitations apply to the recipient's indemnification ability, the indemnification amount shall be the maximum amount of funds available for expenditure, including any available contingency funds or other available non-appropriated funds, up to the amount received under this Agreement.
- d. Amendments.** This Agreement may be amended or extended only by a written instrument signed by both Parties and approved as required by applicable law.
- e. Duplicate Payment.** Subrecipient is not entitled to compensation or any other form of duplicate, overlapping or multiple payments for the same work performed under this Agreement from any agency of the State of Oregon or the United States of America or any other party, organization or individual.
- f. No Third Party Beneficiaries.** OEM and Subrecipient are the only Parties to this Agreement and are the only Parties entitled to enforce its terms. Nothing in this Agreement gives, is intended to give, or shall be construed to give or provide any benefit or right, whether directly or indirectly, to a third person unless such a third person is individually identified by name herein and expressly described as an intended beneficiary of the terms of this Agreement.

Subrecipient acknowledges and agrees that the Federal Government, absent express written consent by the Federal Government, is not a party to this Agreement and shall not be subject to any obligations or liabilities to Subrecipient, contractor or any other party (whether or not a party to the Agreement) pertaining to any matter resulting from this Agreement.

- g. Notices.** Except as otherwise expressly provided in this Section, any communications between the parties hereto or notice to be given hereunder shall be given in writing by personal delivery, facsimile, email or mailing the same by registered or certified mail, postage prepaid to Subrecipient or OEM at the appropriate address or number set forth on the signature page of this Agreement, or to such other addresses or numbers as either party may hereafter indicate pursuant to this Section. Any communication or notice so addressed and sent by registered or certified mail shall be deemed delivered upon receipt or refusal of receipt. Any communication or notice delivered by facsimile shall be deemed to be given when receipt of the transmission is generated by the transmitting machine. Any communication or notice by personal delivery shall be deemed to be given when actually delivered. Any communication by email shall be deemed to be given when the recipient of the email acknowledges receipt of the email. The parties also may communicate by telephone, regular mail, or other means, but such communications shall not be deemed Notices under this Section unless receipt by the other party is expressly acknowledged in writing by the receiving party.

- h. Governing Law, Consent to Jurisdiction.** This Agreement shall be governed by, construed in accordance with, and enforced under the laws of the State of Oregon without regard to principles of conflicts of law. Any claim, action, suit or proceeding (collectively, "Claim") between OEM (or any other agency or department of the State of Oregon) and Subrecipient that arises from or relates to this Agreement shall be brought and conducted solely and exclusively within the Circuit Court of Marion County in the State of Oregon. In no event shall this section be construed as a waiver by the State of Oregon of any form of defense or immunity, whether sovereign immunity, governmental immunity, immunity based on the eleventh amendment to the Constitution of the United States or otherwise, from any Claim or from the jurisdiction of any court. Each party hereby consents to the exclusive jurisdiction of the Circuit Court of Marion County in the State of Oregon, waives any objection to venue, and waives any claim that such forum is an inconvenient forum.
- i. Compliance with Law.** Subrecipient shall comply with all federal, state, and local laws, regulations, executive orders, and ordinances applicable to the Agreement or to the implementation of the Project, including without limitation as described in Exhibit B. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, Subrecipient expressly agrees to comply with (i) Title VI of Civil Rights Act of 1964; (ii) Title V and Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973; (iii) the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 and ORS 659A.142; (iv) all regulations and administrative rules established pursuant to the foregoing laws; and (v) all other applicable requirements of federal and state civil rights and rehabilitation statutes, rules, and regulations.
- j. Insurance; Workers' Compensation.** All employers, including Subrecipient, that employ subject workers who provide services in the State of Oregon shall comply with ORS 656.017 and provide the required Workers' Compensation coverage, unless such employers are exempt under ORS 656.126. Employer's liability insurance with coverage limits of not less than \$500,000 must be included. Subrecipient shall ensure that each of its subrecipient(s), contractor(s), and subcontractor(s) complies with these requirements.
- k. Independent Contractor.** Subrecipient shall perform the Project as an independent contractor and not as an agent or employee of OEM. Subrecipient has no right or authority to incur or create any obligation for or legally bind OEM in any way. OEM cannot and will not control the means or manner by which Subrecipient performs the Project, except as specifically set forth in this Agreement. Subrecipient is responsible for determining the appropriate means and manner of performing the Project. Subrecipient acknowledges and agrees that Subrecipient is not an "officer", "employee", or "agent" of OEM, as those terms are used in ORS 30.265, and shall not make representations to third parties to the contrary.
- l. Severability.** If any term or provision of this Agreement is declared by a court of competent jurisdiction to be illegal or in conflict with any law, the validity of the remaining terms and provisions shall not be affected, and the rights and obligations of the Parties shall be construed and enforced as if this Agreement did not contain the particular term or provision held to be invalid.
- m. Counterparts.** This Agreement may be executed in two or more counterparts (by facsimile or otherwise), each of which is an original and all of which together are deemed one agreement binding on all Parties, notwithstanding that all Parties are not signatories to the same counterpart.
- n. Integration and Waiver.** This Agreement, including all Exhibits and referenced documents, constitutes the entire agreement between the Parties on the subject matter hereof. There are no understandings, agreements, or representations, oral or written, not specified herein regarding this

Agreement. The delay or failure of either Party to enforce any provision of this Agreement shall not constitute a waiver by that Party of that or any other provision. Subrecipient, by the signature below of its authorized representative, hereby acknowledges that it has read this Agreement, understands it, and agrees to be bound by its terms and conditions.

THE PARTIES, by execution of this Agreement, hereby acknowledge that each Party has read this Agreement, understands it, and agrees to be bound by its terms and conditions.

SIGNATURE PAGE TO FOLLOW

MORROW COUNTY

By _____

Name _____
(printed)

Date _____

APPROVED AS TO LEGAL SUFFICIENCY
(If required for Subrecipient)

By _____
Subrecipient's Legal Counsel

Date _____

Subrecipient Program Contact:

Darrell Green
County Manager
Morrow County
110 N Court St.
PO Box 788
Heppner, OR 97836
541-676-2529
dgreen@co.morrow.or.us

Subrecipient Fiscal Contact:

Katherine Knop
Finance Director
Morrow County
PO Box 867
Heppner, OR 97836
541-676-5615
kknop@co.morrow.or.us

STATE OF OREGON, acting by through its Oregon
Military Department, Office of Emergency Management

By _____

Stephen Richardson
Mitigation and Individual Assistance Section Manager,
OEM

Date _____

APPROVAL FOR LEGAL SUFFICIENCY

By Samuel B. Zeigler via email
Senior Assistant Attorney General

Date: November 18, 2021

OEM Program Contact:

Jim Jungling
Program Coordinator, OEM
Oregon Military Department
Office of Emergency Management
PO Box 14370
Salem, OR 97309-5062
503-378-3552
jim.jungling@state.or.us

OEM Fiscal Contact:

Nicki Powers
Grants Accountant, OEM
Oregon Military Department
Office of Emergency Management
PO Box 14370
Salem, OR 97309-5062
503-378-3734
nicki.powers@state.or.us

EXHIBIT A

Project Description and Budget

I. Project Description

The FY2021 EMPG Program focuses on the development and sustainment of core capabilities as outlined in the National Preparedness Strategy. Particular emphasis is placed on building and sustaining capabilities that address high consequence events that pose the greatest risk to the security and resilience of the United States. Capabilities are the means to accomplish a mission, function, or objective based on the performance of related tasks, under specified conditions, to target levels of performance. The FY2021 EMPG Work Plan identifies the specific tasks to be performed towards the development and sustainment of core capabilities in Subrecipient's jurisdiction. The funds from this agreement are meant to supplement a portion of Subrecipient's day-to-day operational costs for Emergency Management, as outlined in Subrecipient's approved Work Plan. The Work Plan may be updated upon approval by OEM.

II. Budget

There is a 50% cash match requirement on this grant.

Grant Funds:	\$62,333
Match Funds:	\$62,333
Total Budget:	\$124,666

Personnel Services – Herbert Paul Gray	\$90,836
General Office Supplies	\$5,500
Other Supplies	\$4,000
Rent	\$
Phone	\$1,500
Other Utilities	\$
Contractual/Professional Services	\$2,000
Maintenance Costs	\$7,000
Travel/Vehicle Expenses/Mileage	\$7,000
Training/Workshops/Conferences	\$6,830
Cost Allocations/De Minimis	\$
Other	\$
Equipment	\$
Total (Grant plus Match)	\$124,666

EXHIBIT B

Federal Requirements and Certifications

I. General. Subrecipient agrees to comply with all federal requirements applicable to this Agreement. Those federal requirements include, without limitation, financial management and procurement requirements; requirements for maintaining accounting and financial records in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP); and all other financial, administrative, and audit requirements as set forth in the most recent versions of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), Department of Homeland Security (DHS) program legislation, and DHS/Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) regulations.

II. Specific Requirements and Certifications

- A. Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion.** Subrecipient certifies by accepting funds under this Agreement that neither it nor its principals are presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, nor voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction by any Federal department or agency (2 CFR 200.214).
- B. Standard Assurances and Certifications Regarding Lobbying.** Subrecipient is required to comply with 2 CFR 200.450 and the authorities cited therein, including 31 USC § 1352 and *New Restrictions on Lobbying* published at 55 Federal Register 6736 (February 26, 1990.)
- C. Compliance with Applicable Law.** Subrecipient agrees to comply with all applicable laws, regulations, program guidance, and guidelines of the State of Oregon, the Federal Government and OEM in the performance of this Agreement, including but not limited to:
1. Administrative Requirements set forth in 2 CFR Part 200, including without limitation:
 - a. Using Grant Funds only in accordance with applicable cost principles described in 2 CFR Subpart E, including that costs allocable to this Grant may not be charged to other Federal awards to overcome fund deficiencies, to avoid restrictions imposed by federal statutes, regulations or the terms of federal awards or other reasons;
 - b. Subrecipient must establish a Conflict of Interest policy applicable to any procurement contract or subawards made under this Agreement in accordance with 2 CFR 200.112. Conflicts of Interest must be disclosed in writing to the OEM within 5 calendar days of discovery including any information regarding measures to eliminate, neutralize, mitigate, or otherwise resolve the conflict of interest.
 2. USA Patriot Act of 2001, which amends 18 USC §§ 175-175c.
 3. Section 6 of the Hotel and Motel Fire Safety Act of 1990, 15 USC 2225(a).
 4. 31 USC 3729, prohibiting recipients of federal payments from submitting a false claim for payment. *See* 38 USC 3801-3812 detailing administrative remedies for false claims and statements made.
 5. 10 USC §§ 2409 and 2324 and 41 USC §§ 4712, 4304 and 4310 requiring compliance with whistleblower protections, as applicable.
 6. No supplanting. Grant Funds under this Agreement shall not replace funds that have been budgeted for the same purposes through non-Federal sources. Subrecipient may be required to

demonstrate and document that a reduction in non-Federal resources occurred for reasons other than receipt or expected receipt of Federal funds.

D. Non-discrimination and Civil Rights Compliance, Equal Employment Opportunity Program, and Services to Limited English Proficient (LEP) Persons.

1. **Non-discrimination and Civil Rights Compliance.** Subrecipient, and all its contractors and subcontractors, assures compliance with all applicable nondiscrimination laws, including but not limited to:
 - a. Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, 42 USC § 2000d et seq., as amended, and related nondiscrimination regulations in 6 CFR Part 21 and 44 CFR Part 7.
 - b. Title VIII of the Civil Rights Act of 1968, 42 USC § 3601, as amended, and implementing regulations at 6 CFR Part 21 and 44 CFR Part 7.
 - c. Titles I, II, and III of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, as amended, 42 USC §§ 12101 – 12213.
 - d. Age Discrimination Act of 1975, 42 USC § 6101 et seq.
 - e. Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, as amended, 20 USC § 1681 et seq.
 - f. Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended, 29 USC § 794, as amended.
2. **Equal Employment Opportunity Program.** Subrecipient, and any of its contractors and subcontractors, certifies that an equal employment opportunity program will be in effect on or before the effective date of this Agreement. Subrecipient must maintain a current copy on file.
3. **Services to Limited English Proficient (LEP) Persons.** Subrecipient, and any of its contractors and subcontractors agrees to comply with the requirements Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 and Executive Order 13166, improving Access to Services for Persons with Limited English Proficiency, and resulting agency guidance, national origin and resulting agency guidance, national origin discrimination includes discrimination on the basis of LEP. To ensure compliance with Title VI, Subrecipient must take reasonable steps to ensure that LEP persons have meaningful access to your programs. Meaningful access may entail providing language assistance services, including oral and written translation, where necessary. Subrecipient is encouraged to consider the need for language services for LEP persons served or encountered both in developing budgets and in conducting programs and activities. For assistance additional information regarding LEP obligations, please see <http://www.lep.gov>.

E. Environmental and Historic Preservation.

1. Subrecipient shall comply with all applicable Federal, State, and local environmental and historic preservation (EHP) requirements and shall provide any information requested by FEMA to ensure compliance with applicable environmental and historic preservation laws including but not limited to:
 - a. National Environmental Policy Act of 1969, as amended, 42 USC § 4321, and related FEMA regulations, 44 CFR Part 10.
 - b. National Historic Preservation Act, 16 USC § 470 et seq.
 - c. Endangered Species Act, 16 USC § 1531 et seq.

- d. Executive Orders on Floodplains (11988), Wetlands (11990) and Environmental Justice (12898).

Failure of Subrecipient to meet Federal, State, and local EHP requirements and obtain applicable permits may jeopardize Federal funding.

2. Subrecipient shall not undertake any project without prior EHP approval by FEMA, including but not limited to communications towers, physical security enhancements, new construction, and modifications to buildings, structures, and objects that are 50 years old or greater. Subrecipient must comply with all conditions placed on the project as the result of the EHP review. Any change to the approved project scope of work will require re-evaluation for compliance with these EHP requirements. If ground disturbing activities occur during project implementation, Subrecipient must ensure monitoring of ground disturbance and if any potential archeological resources are discovered, Subrecipient will immediately cease construction in that area and notify FEMA and the appropriate State Historic Preservation Office. Any construction activities that have been initiated without the necessary EHP review and approval will result in a non-compliance finding and will not be eligible for FEMA funding.
 3. For any of Subrecipient's or its contractors' or subcontractors' existing programs or activities that will be funded by these grant funds, Subrecipient, upon specific request from the U.S. DHS, agrees to cooperate with the U.S. DHS in any preparation by the U.S. DHS of a national or program environmental assessment of that funded program or activity.
- F. PROCUREMENT OF RECOVERED MATERIALS.** Subrecipient must comply with Section 6002 of the Solid Waste Disposal Act, as amended by the Resource Recovery and Conservation Act and in accordance with Environmental Protection Agency guidelines at 40 CFR Part 247.
- G. SAFECOM.** If the Grant Funds are for emergency communication equipment and related activities, Subrecipient must comply with SAFECOM Guidance for Emergency Communication Grants, including provisions on technical standards that ensure and enhance interoperable communications.
- H. Drug Free Workplace Requirements.** Subrecipient agrees to comply with the requirements of the Drug-Free Workplace Act of 1988, 41 USC § 701 et seq., as amended, and implementing regulations at 2 CFR Part 3001 which require that all organizations receiving grants (or subgrants) from any Federal agency agree to maintain a drug-free workplace. Subrecipient must notify this office if an employee of Subrecipient is convicted of violating a criminal drug statute. Failure to comply with these requirements may be cause for debarment.
- I. Human Trafficking (2 CFR Part 175).** Subrecipient must comply with requirements of Section 106(g) of the Trafficking Victims Protection Act of 2000, 22 USC § 7104, as amended and 2 CFR § 175.15.
- J. Fly America Act of 1974.** Subrecipient agrees to comply with the requirements of the Preference for U.S. Flag Air Carriers: (air carriers holding certificates under 49 USC § 41102) for international air transportation of people and property to the extent that such service is available, in accordance with the International Air Transportation Fair Competitive Practices Act of 1974, as amended, (49 USC § 40118) and the interpretative guidelines issued by the Comptroller General of the United States in the March 31, 1981, amendment to the Comptroller General Decision B138942.

- K. Activities Conducted Abroad.** Subrecipient agrees to comply with the requirements that project activities carried on outside the United States are coordinated as necessary with appropriate government authorities and that appropriate licenses, permits, or approvals are obtained.
- L. Acknowledgement of Federal Funding from DHS.** Subrecipient agrees to comply with requirements to acknowledge Federal funding when issuing statements, press releases, requests for proposals, bid invitations, and other documents describing projects or programs funded in whole or in part with Federal funds.
- M. Copyright.** Subrecipient shall affix the applicable copyright notices of 17 USC § 401 or 402 and an acknowledgement of Government sponsorship (including subgrant number) to any work first produced under an award unless the work includes any information that is otherwise controlled by the Government (e.g., classified information or other information subject to national security or export control laws or regulations). For any scientific, technical, or other copyright work based on or containing data first produced under this Agreement, including those works published in academic, technical or professional journals, symposia proceedings, or similar works, Subrecipient grants the Government a royalty-free, nonexclusive and irrevocable license to reproduce, display, distribute copies, perform, disseminate, or prepare derivative works, and to authorize others to do so, for Government purposes in all such copyrighted works.
- N. Patents and Intellectual Property Rights.** Unless otherwise provided by law, Subrecipient is subject the Bayh-Dole Act, 35 USC § 200 et seq., as amended, including requirements governing the development, reporting and disposition of rights to inventions and patents resulting from financial assistance awards, 37 CFR Part 401, and the standard patent rights clause in 37 CFR § 401.14.
- O. Use of DHS Seal, Logo, and Flags.** Subrecipient agrees to obtain DHS's approval prior to using the DHS seal(s), logos, crests or reproductions of flags or likenesses of DHS agency officials, including use of the United States Coast Guard seal, logo, crests or reproductions of flags or likenesses of Coast Guard officials.
- P. Personally Identifiable Information (PII).** Subrecipient, if it collects PII, is required to have a publicly available privacy policy that described what PII they collect, how they use it, whether they share it with third parties and how individuals may have their PII corrected where appropriate.
- Q. Federal Debt Status.** Subrecipient shall be non-delinquent in its repayment of any federal debt. Examples of relevant debt include delinquent payroll and other taxes, audit disallowances, benefit overpayments and any amounts due under Section 11.c of this Agreement. See OMB Circular A-129 for additional information and guidance.
- R. Construction Contracts.**
1. Except as otherwise provided under 41 CFR Part 60, all contracts that meet the definition of "federally assisted construction contract" in 41 CFR Part 60-1.3 must include the equal opportunity clause provided under 41 CFR 60-1.4(b), in accordance with Executive Order 11246, "Equal Employment Opportunity" (30 FR 12319, 12935, 3 CFR Part, 1964-1965 Comp., p. 339), as amended by Executive Order 11375, "Amending Executive Order 11246 Relating to Equal Employment Opportunity," and implementing regulations at 41 CFR part 60,

“Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs, Equal Employment Opportunity, Department of Labor.”

2. When required by Federal program legislation, all prime construction contracts in excess of \$2,000 awarded by non-Federal entities must include a provision for compliance with the Davis-Bacon Act (40 U.S.C. 3141–3144, and 3146–3148) as supplemented by Department of Labor regulations (29 CFR Part 5, “Labor Standards Provisions Applicable to Contracts Covering Federally Financed and Assisted Construction”).
 3. Contracts awarded by Grantee in excess of \$100,000 that involve the employment of mechanics or laborers must include a provision for compliance with 40 U.S.C. 3702 and 3704, as supplemented by Department of Labor regulations (29 CFR Part 5).
 4. Contracts and subgrants of amounts in excess of \$150,000 must contain a provision that requires the non-Federal award to agree to comply with all applicable standards, orders or regulations issued pursuant to the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7401–7671q) and the Federal Water Pollution Control Act as amended (33 U.S.C. 1251–1387).
- S. Funding Agreements.** If the Federal award meets the definition of “funding agreement” under 37 CFR § 401.2 (a) and Grantee wishes to enter into a contract with a small business firm or nonprofit organization regarding the substitution of parties, assignment or performance of experimental, developmental, or research work under that “funding agreement,” Grantee must comply with the requirements of 37 CFR Part 401, “Rights to Inventions Made by Nonprofit Organizations and Small Business Firms Under Government Grants, Contracts and Cooperative Agreements,” and any implementing regulations issued by the awarding agency.
- T. Terrorist Financing.** Subrecipient must comply with US Executive Order 13224 and US law that prohibits transactions with, and the provisions of resources and support to, individuals and organizations associated with terrorism. It is the legal responsibility of subrecipients to ensure compliance with the EO and laws.
- U. Federal Leadership on Reducing Text Messaging while Driving.** Subrecipient is encouraged to adopt and enforce policies that ban text messaging while driving as described in E.O. 13513, including conducting initiatives described in Section 3(a) of the Order when on official government business or when performing any work for or on behalf of the federal government.
- V. Energy Policy and Conservation Act.** Subrecipient must comply with the requirements of 42 USC § 6201 which contains policies relating to energy efficiency that are defined in the state energy conservation plan issues in compliance with the Act.
- W. DHS Specific Acknowledgements and Assurances.** All recipients, subrecipients, successors, transferees, and assignees must acknowledge and agree to comply with applicable provisions governing DHS access to records, accounts, documents, information, facilities, and staff.
1. Recipients must cooperate with any compliance reviews or compliance investigations conducted by DHS.
 2. Recipients must give DHS access to, and the right to examine and copy, records, accounts, and other documents and sources of information related to the federal financial assistance award and permit access to facilities, personnel, and other individuals and information as may be necessary, as required by DHS regulations and other applicable laws or program guidance.

3. Recipients must submit timely, complete, and accurate reports to the appropriate DHS officials and maintain appropriate backup documentation to support the reports.

4. Recipients must comply with all other special reporting, data collection, and evaluation requirements, as prescribed by law, or detailed in program guidance.

5. Recipients of federal financial assistance from DHS must complete the *DHS Civil Rights Evaluation Tool* within thirty (30) days of receipt of the Notice of Award or, for State Administrative Agencies, thirty (30) days from receipt of the DHS Civil Rights Evaluation Tool from DHS or its awarding component agency. After the initial submission for the first award under which this term applies, recipients are required to provide this information once every two (2) years if they have an active award, not every time an award is made. Recipients should submit the completed tool, including supporting materials, to CivilRightsEvaluation@hq.dhs.gov. This tool clarifies the civil rights obligations and related reporting requirements contained in the DHS Standard Terms and Conditions. Subrecipients are not required to complete and submit this tool to DHS. The evaluation tool can be found at <https://www.dhs.gov/publication/dhs-civil-rights-evaluation-tool>.

The DHS Office for Civil Rights and Civil Liberties will consider, in its discretion, granting an extension if the recipient identifies steps and a timeline for completing the tool. Recipients should request extensions by emailing the request to CivilRightsEvaluation@hq.dhs.gov prior to expiration of the 30-day deadline.

X. Nondiscrimination in Matters Pertaining to Faith-Based Organizations. It is DHS policy to ensure the equal treatment of faith-based organizations in social service programs administered or supported by DHS or its component agencies, enabling those organizations to participate in providing important social services to beneficiaries. Subrecipient must comply with the equal treatment policies and requirements contained in 6 C.F.R. Part 19 and other applicable statutes, regulations, and guidance governing the participations of faith-based organizations in individual DHS programs.

EXHIBIT C

Subagreement Insurance Requirements

GENERAL.

Subrecipient shall require in its first tier subagreements with entities that are not units of local government as defined in ORS 190.003, if any, to: i) obtain insurance specified under TYPES AND AMOUNTS and meeting the requirements under ADDITIONAL INSURED, "TAIL" COVERAGE, NOTICE OF CANCELLATION OR CHANGE, and CERTIFICATES OF INSURANCE before performance under the subagreement commences, and ii) maintain the insurance in full force throughout the duration of the subagreement. The insurance must be provided by insurance companies or entities that are authorized to transact the business of insurance and issue coverage in the State of Oregon and that are acceptable to OEM. Subrecipient shall not authorize work to begin under subagreements until the insurance is in full force. Thereafter, Subrecipient shall monitor continued compliance with the insurance requirements on an annual or more frequent basis. Subrecipient shall incorporate appropriate provisions in the subagreement permitting it to enforce compliance with the insurance requirements and shall take all reasonable steps to enforce such compliance. In no event shall Subrecipient permit work under a subagreement when Subrecipient is aware that the contractor is not in compliance with the insurance requirements. As used in this section, "first tier" means a subagreement in which Subrecipient is a Party.

TYPES AND AMOUNTS.

i. **WORKERS COMPENSATION.** Insurance in compliance with ORS 656.017, which requires all employers that employ subject workers, as defined in ORS 656.027, to provide workers' compensation coverage for those workers, unless they meet the requirement for an exemption under ORS 656.126(2). Employers' liability insurance with coverage limits of not less than \$500,000 must be included.

ii. **COMMERCIAL GENERAL LIABILITY.**

Commercial General Liability Insurance covering bodily injury, death, and property damage in a form and with coverages that are satisfactory to State. This insurance shall include personal injury liability, products and completed operations. Coverage shall be written on an occurrence form basis, with not less than the following amounts as determined by OEM:

Bodily Injury, Death and Property Damage:

\$1,000,000 per occurrence for all claimants for claims arising out of a single accident or occurrence and \$2,000,000 annual aggregate.

iii. **AUTOMOBILE Liability Insurance: Automobile Liability.**

Automobile Liability Insurance covering all owned, non-owned and hired vehicles. This coverage may be written in combination with the Commercial General Liability Insurance (with separate limits for "Commercial General Liability" and "Automobile Liability"). Automobile Liability Insurance must be in not less than the following amounts as determined by OEM:

Bodily Injury, Death and Property Damage:

\$500,000 per occurrence (for all claimants for claims arising out of a single accident or occurrence).

ADDITIONAL INSURED. The Commercial General Liability Insurance and Automobile Liability insurance must include OEM, its officers, employees, and agents as Additional Insureds but only with respect to the contractor's activities to be performed under the Subcontract. Coverage must be primary and non-contributory with any other insurance and self-insurance.

"TAIL" COVERAGE. If any of the required insurance policies is on a "claims made" basis, such as professional liability insurance, the contractor shall maintain either "tail" coverage or continuous "claims made" liability coverage, provided the effective date of the continuous "claims made" coverage is on or before the effective date of the Subcontract, for a minimum of 24 months following the later of: (i) the contractor's completion and Subrecipient's acceptance of all Services required under the Subcontract or, (ii) the expiration of all warranty periods provided under the Subcontract. Notwithstanding the foregoing 24-month requirement, if the contractor elects to maintain "tail" coverage and if the maximum time period "tail" coverage reasonably available in the marketplace is less than the 24-month period described above, then the contractor may request and OEM may grant approval of the maximum "tail" coverage period reasonably available in the marketplace. If OEM approval is granted, the contractor shall maintain "tail" coverage for the maximum time period that "tail" coverage is reasonably available in the marketplace.

NOTICE OF CANCELLATION OR CHANGE. The contractor or its insurer must provide 30 days' written notice to Subrecipient before cancellation of, material change to, potential exhaustion of aggregate limits of, or non-renewal of the required insurance coverage(s).

CERTIFICATE(S) OF INSURANCE. Subrecipient shall obtain from the contractor a certificate(s) of insurance for all required insurance before the contractor performs under the Subcontract. The certificate(s) or an attached endorsement must specify: i) all entities and individuals who are endorsed on the policy as Additional Insured and ii) for insurance on a "claims made" basis, the extended reporting period applicable to "tail" or continuous "claims made" coverage.

INSURANCE REQUIREMENT REVIEW. Recipient agrees to periodic review of insurance requirements by OEM under this Agreement and to provide updated requirements as mutually agreed upon by OEM and Recipient.

OEM ACCEPTANCE. All insurance providers are subject to OEM acceptance. If requested by OEM, Recipient shall provide complete copies of its Contractors' insurance policies, endorsements, self-insurance documents and related insurance documents to OEM's representatives responsible for verification of the insurance coverages required under this Exhibit C.

Exhibit D

Information required by 2 CFR 200.332(a)

1. Federal Award Identification:
 - (i) Sub-recipient name (which must match the name associated with its unique entity identifier):
Morrow County (DUNS)
 - (ii) Sub-recipient's unique entity identifier: 010741189 (DUNS)
 - (iii) Federal Award Identification Number (FAIN): EMS-2021-EP-00002-S01
 - (iv) Federal Award Date: October 1, 2020
 - (v) Sub-award Period of Performance Start and End Date: From July 1, 2021 to June 30, 2022
 - (vi) Sub-award Budget Period Start and End Date: July 1, 2021 to June 30, 2022
 - (vii) Amount of Federal Funds Obligated by this Agreement: \$62,333
 - (viii) Total Amount of Federal Funds Obligated to the Subrecipient by the pass-through entity including this Agreement: * \$62,333
 - (ix) Total Amount of Federal Award committed to the subrecipient by the pass-through entity: \$62,333
 - (x) Federal award project description: Emergency Management Performance Grant (EMPG) Program provides resources to assist state, local, tribal, and territorial governments in preparing for all hazards, as authorized by the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act (Stafford Act) (42 U.S.C. 5121 et seq.).
 - (xi) (a) Name of Federal awarding agency: U.S. Department of Homeland Security, Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA)
(b) Name of pass-through entity: Oregon Military Department, Office of Emergency Management
(c) Contact information for awarding official of the pass-through entity: Andrew Phelps, Director, PO Box 14370, Salem, OR 97309-5062
 - (xii) CFDA Number and Name: 97.042, Emergency Management Performance Grants
Amount: \$5,375,140
 - (xiii) Is Award R&D? No
 - (xiv) Indirect cost rate for the Federal award: 9.5%

2. Subrecipient's indirect cost rate: 0%

*The Total amount of Federal Funds Obligated to the Subrecipient by the pass-through entity is the Total Amount of Federal Funds Obligated to the Subrecipient by the pass-through entity during the current Federal fiscal year.



Title 2

§ 200.213 Reporting a determination that a non-Federal entity is not qualified for a Federal award.

- (a) If a Federal awarding agency does not make a Federal award to a non-Federal entity because the official determines that the non-Federal entity does not meet either or both of the minimum qualification standards as described in § 200.206(a)(2), the Federal awarding agency must report that determination to the designated integrity and performance system accessible through SAM (currently FAPIIS), only if all of the following apply:
 - (1) The only basis for the determination described in this paragraph (a) is the non-Federal entity's prior record of executing programs or activities under Federal awards or its record of integrity and business ethics, as described in § 200.206(a)(2) (*i.e.*, the entity was determined to be qualified based on all factors other than those two standards); and
 - (2) The total Federal share of the Federal award that otherwise would be made to the non-Federal entity is expected to exceed the simplified acquisition threshold over the period of performance.
- (b) The Federal awarding agency is not required to report a determination that a non-Federal entity is not qualified for a Federal award if they make the Federal award to the non-Federal entity and include specific award terms and conditions, as described in § 200.208.
- (c) If a Federal awarding agency reports a determination that a non-Federal entity is not qualified for a Federal award, as described in paragraph (a) of this section, the Federal awarding agency also must notify the non-Federal entity that -
 - (1) The determination was made and reported to the designated integrity and performance system accessible through SAM, and include with the notification an explanation of the basis for the determination;
 - (2) The information will be kept in the system for a period of five years from the date of the determination, as required by section 872 of Public Law 110-417, as amended (41 U.S.C. 2313), then archived;
 - (3) Each Federal awarding agency that considers making a Federal award to the non-Federal entity during that five year period must consider that information in judging whether the non-Federal entity is qualified to receive the Federal award when the total Federal share of the Federal award is expected to include an amount of Federal funding in excess of the simplified acquisition threshold over the period of performance;
 - (4) The non-Federal entity may go to the awardee integrity and performance portal accessible through SAM (currently the Contractor Performance Assessment Reporting System (CPARS)) and comment on any information the system contains about the non-Federal entity itself; and
 - (5) Federal awarding agencies will consider that non-Federal entity's comments in determining whether the non-Federal entity is qualified for a future Federal award.
- (d) If a Federal awarding agency enters information into the designated integrity and performance system accessible through SAM about a determination that a non-Federal entity is not qualified for a Federal award and subsequently:
 - (1) Learns that any of that information is erroneous, the Federal awarding agency must correct the information in the system within three business days; and
 - (2) Obtains an update to that information that could be helpful to other Federal awarding agencies, the Federal awarding agency is strongly encouraged to amend the information in the system to incorporate the update in a timely way.
- (e) Federal awarding agencies must not post any information that will be made publicly available in the non-public segment of designated integrity and performance system that is covered by a disclosure exemption under the Freedom of Information Act. If the recipient asserts within seven calendar days to the Federal awarding agency that posted the information that some or all of the information made publicly available is covered by a disclosure exemption under the Freedom of Information Act, the Federal awarding agency that posted the information must remove the posting within seven calendar days of receiving the assertion. Prior to reposting the releasable information, the Federal awarding agency must resolve the issue in accordance with the agency's Freedom of Information Act procedures.



Displaying title 2, up to date as of 12/23/2021. Title 2 was last amended 10/18/2021.

Title 2

§ 200.214 Suspension and debarment.

Non-Federal entities are subject to the non-procurement debarment and suspension regulations implementing Executive Orders 12549 and 12689, 2 CFR part 180. The regulations in 2 CFR part 180 restrict awards, subawards, and contracts with certain parties that are debarred, suspended, or otherwise excluded from or ineligible for participation in Federal assistance programs or activities.

**OREGON MILITARY DEPARTMENT
OFFICE OF EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT
EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT PERFORMANCE GRANT
CFDA # 97.042
MORROW COUNTY
\$62,333
Grant No: 21-525**

This Agreement is made and entered into by and between the **State of Oregon**, acting by and through the Oregon Military Department, Office of Emergency Management, hereinafter referred to as “OEM,” and **Morrow County**, hereinafter referred to as “Subrecipient,” and collectively referred to as the “Parties.”

1. Effective Date. This Agreement shall become effective on the date this Agreement is fully executed and approved as required by applicable law. Reimbursements will be made for Project Costs incurred beginning on **July 1, 2021** and ending, unless otherwise terminated or extended, on **June 30, 2022** (the “Grant Award Period”). No Grant Funds are available for expenditures after the Grant Award Period. OEM’s obligation to disburse Grant Funds under this Agreement is subject to Sections 6 and 10 of this Agreement.

2. Agreement Documents. This Agreement consists of this document and the following documents, all of which are attached hereto and incorporated herein by reference:

- Exhibit A: **Project Description and Budget**
- Exhibit B: **Federal Requirements and Certifications**
- Exhibit C: **Subcontractor Insurance**
- Exhibit D: **Information required by 2 CFR 200.332(a)**

In the event of a conflict between two or more of the documents comprising this Agreement, the language in the document with the highest precedence shall control. The precedence of each of the documents comprising this Agreement is as follows, listed from highest precedence to lowest precedence: Exhibit B; this Agreement without Exhibits; Exhibit A; Exhibit C.

3. Grant Funds; Matching Funds. In accordance with the terms and conditions of this Agreement, OEM shall provide Subrecipient an amount not to exceed **\$62,333** in Grant Funds for eligible costs described in Section 6 hereof. Grant Funds for this Program will be from the Fiscal Year 2021 Emergency Management Performance Grant (EMPG) Program. Subrecipient shall provide matching funds for all Project Costs as described in Exhibit A.

4. Project. The Grant Funds shall be used solely for the Project described in Exhibit A and shall not be used for any other purpose. No Grant Funds will be disbursed for any changes to the Project unless such changes are approved by OEM by amendment pursuant to Section 11.d hereof.

5. Reports. Failure of Subrecipient to submit the required program, financial, or audit reports, or to resolve program, financial, or audit issues may result in the suspension of grant payments, termination of this Agreement, or both.

a. Performance Reports.

- i. Subrecipient agrees to submit performance reports, using a form provided by OEM, on its progress in meeting each of its agreed upon goals and objectives. The narrative reports will address specific information regarding the activities carried out under the FY 2021 Emergency Management Performance Grant Program and how they address identified work plan elements.
- ii. Reports are due to OEM on or before the 15th day of the month following each subsequent calendar quarter (ending on March 31, June 30, September 30, and December 31).
- iii. Subrecipient may request from OEM prior written approval to extend a performance report requirement past its due date. OEM, in its sole discretion, may approve or reject the request.

b. Financial Reimbursement Reports.

- i. To receive reimbursement, Subrecipient must submit a signed Request for Reimbursement (RFR), using a form provided by OEM, that includes supporting documentation for all grant and, if applicable, match expenditures. RFRs must be submitted monthly during the term of this Agreement. RFRs must be submitted on or before 30 days following each subsequent calendar month, and a final RFR must be submitted no later than 30 days following the end of the grant period.
- ii. Reimbursements for expenses will be withheld if performance reports are not submitted by the specified dates or are incomplete.
- iii. Reimbursement rates for travel expenses shall not exceed those allowed by the State of Oregon. Requests for reimbursement for travel must be supported with a detailed statement identifying the person who traveled, the purpose of the travel, the dates, times, and places of travel, and the actual expenses or authorized rates incurred.
- iv. Reimbursements will only be made for actual expenses incurred during the Grant Award Period. Subrecipient agrees that no grant or, if applicable, match funds may be used for expenses incurred before or after the Grant Award Period.

6. Disbursement and Recovery of Grant Funds.

- a. **Disbursement Generally.** OEM shall reimburse eligible costs incurred in carrying out the Project, up to the Grant Fund amount provided in Section 3. Reimbursements shall be made by OEM upon approval by OEM of an RFR. Eligible costs are the reasonable and necessary costs incurred by Subrecipient for the Project, in accordance with the Emergency Management Performance Grants guidance and application materials, including without limitation the United States Department of Homeland Security Notice of Funding Opportunity Announcement (NOFO), that are not excluded from reimbursement by OEM, either by this Agreement or by exclusion as a result of financial review or audit. The guidance, application materials and NOFO are available at <http://www.oregon.gov/OEM/emresources/Grants/Pages/EMPG.aspx>
- b. **Conditions Precedent to Disbursement.** OEM's obligation to disburse Grant Funds to Subrecipient is subject to satisfaction, with respect to each disbursement, of each of the following conditions precedent:
 - i. OEM has received funding, appropriations, limitations, allotments, or other expenditure authority sufficient to allow OEM, in the exercise of its reasonable administrative discretion, to make the disbursement.
 - ii. Subrecipient is in compliance with the terms of this Agreement including, without limitation, Exhibit B and the requirements incorporated by reference in Exhibit B.

- iii. Subrecipient's representations and warranties set forth in Section 7 hereof are true and correct on the date of disbursement with the same effect as though made on the date of disbursement.
 - iv. Subrecipient has provided to OEM a RFR in accordance with Section 5.b of this Agreement.
- c. Recovery of Grant Funds.** Any funds disbursed to Subrecipient under this Agreement that are expended in violation or contravention of one or more of the provisions of this Agreement ("Misexpended Funds") or that remain unexpended on the earlier of termination or expiration of this Agreement ("Unexpended Funds") must be returned to OEM. Subrecipient shall return all Misexpended Funds to OEM promptly after OEM's written demand and no later than 15 days after OEM's written demand. Subrecipient shall return all Unexpended Funds to OEM within 14 days after the earlier of expiration or termination of this Agreement.
- 7. Representations and Warranties of Subrecipient.** Subrecipient represents and warrants to OEM as follows:
- a. Organization and Authority.** Subrecipient is a political subdivision of the State of Oregon and is eligible to receive the Grant Funds. Subrecipient has full power, authority, and legal right to make this Agreement and to incur and perform its obligations hereunder, and the making and performance by Subrecipient of this Agreement (1) have been duly authorized by all necessary action of Subrecipient and (2) do not and will not violate any provision of any applicable law, rule, regulation, or order of any court, regulatory commission, board, or other administrative agency, (3) do not and will not result in the breach of, or constitute a default or require any consent under any other agreement or instrument to which Subrecipient is a party or by which Subrecipient or any of its properties may be bound or affected. No authorization, consent, license, approval of, filing or registration with or notification to any governmental body or regulatory or supervisory authority is required for the execution, delivery, or performance by Subrecipient of this Agreement.
 - b. Binding Obligation.** This Agreement has been duly executed and delivered by Subrecipient and constitutes a legal, valid, and binding obligation of Subrecipient, enforceable in accordance with its terms subject to the laws of bankruptcy, insolvency, or other similar laws affecting the enforcement of creditors' rights generally.
 - c. No Solicitation.** Subrecipient's officers, employees, and agents shall neither solicit nor accept gratuities, favors, or any item of monetary value from contractors, potential contractors, or parties to subagreements. No member or delegate to the Congress of the United States or State of Oregon employee shall be admitted to any share or part of this Agreement or any benefit arising therefrom.
 - d. NIMS Compliance.** By accepting FY 2021 funds, Subrecipient certifies that it has met National Incident Management System (NIMS) compliance activities outlined in the Oregon NIMS Requirements located through the OEM at http://www.oregon.gov/OEM/emresources/Plans_Assessments/Pages/NIMS.aspx

The warranties set forth in this section are in addition to, and not in lieu of, any other warranties set forth in this Agreement or implied by law.

8. Records Maintenance and Access; Audit.

- a. Records, Access to Records and Facilities.** Subrecipient shall make and retain proper and complete books of record and account and maintain all fiscal records related to this Agreement

and the Project in accordance with all applicable generally accepted accounting principles, generally accepted governmental auditing standards and state minimum standards for audits of municipal corporations. Subrecipient acknowledges and agrees, and Subrecipient will require its contractors, subcontractors, sub-recipients (collectively hereafter “contractors”), successors, transferees, and assignees to acknowledge and agree, to provide OEM, Oregon Secretary of State (Secretary), Office of Inspector General (OIG), Department of Homeland Security (DHS), Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA), or any of their authorized representatives, access to records, accounts, documents, information, facilities, and staff. Subrecipient and its contractors must cooperate with any compliance review or complaint investigation by any of the above listed agencies, providing them access to and the right to examine and copy records, accounts, and other documents and sources of information related to the grant and permit access to facilities, personnel, and other individuals and information as may be necessary. The right of access is not limited to the required retention period but shall last as long as the records are retained.

b. Retention of Records. Subrecipient shall retain and keep accessible all books, documents, papers, and records that are directly related to this Agreement, the Grant Funds, or the Project for until the latest of (a) six years following termination, completion, or expiration of this Agreement, (b) upon resolution of any litigation or other disputes related to this Agreement, or (c) as required by 2 CFR 200.334. It is the responsibility of Subrecipient to obtain a copy of 2 CFR Part 200, and to apprise itself of all rules and regulations set forth.

c. Audits.

- i. If Subrecipient expends \$750,000 or more in Federal funds (from all sources) in its fiscal year, Subrecipient shall have a single organization-wide audit conducted in accordance with the provisions of 2 CFR 200 Subpart F. Copies of all audits must be submitted to OEM within 30 days of completion. If Subrecipient expends less than \$750,000 in its fiscal year in Federal funds, Subrecipient is exempt from Federal audit requirements for that year. Records must be available for review or audit by appropriate officials as provided in Section 8.a. herein.
- ii. Audit costs for audits not required in accordance with 2 CFR 200 Subpart F are unallowable. If Subrecipient did not expend \$750,000 or more in Federal funds in its fiscal year, but contracted with a certified public accountant to perform an audit, costs for performance of that audit shall not be charged to the grant.
- iii. Subrecipient shall save, protect, and hold harmless the OEM from the cost of any audits or special investigations performed by the Secretary or any federal agency with respect to the funds expended under this Agreement. Subrecipient acknowledges and agrees that any audit costs incurred by Subrecipient as a result of allegations of fraud, waste or abuse are ineligible for reimbursement under this or any other agreement between Subrecipient and the State of Oregon.

9. Subrecipient Procurements; Property and Equipment Management and Records; Subcontractor Indemnity and Insurance

a. Subagreements. Subrecipient may enter into agreements (hereafter “subagreements”) for performance of the Project. Subrecipient shall use its own procurement procedures and regulations, provided that the procurement conforms to applicable Federal and State law (including without limitation ORS chapters 279A, 279B, 279C, and that for contracts for more than \$150,000, the contract shall address administrative, contractual or legal remedies for violation or breach of contract terms and provide for sanctions and penalties as appropriate, and for

contracts for more than \$10,000 address termination for cause or for convenience including the manner in which termination will be effected and the basis for settlement).

- i. Subrecipient shall provide to OEM copies of all Requests for Proposals or other solicitations for procurements anticipated to be for \$100,000 or more and to provide to OEM, upon request by OEM, such documents for procurements for less than \$100,000. Subrecipient shall include with its RFR a list of all procurements issued during the period covered by the report.
- ii. All subagreements, whether negotiated or competitively bid and without regard to dollar value, shall be conducted in a manner that encourages fair and open competition to the maximum practical extent possible. All sole-source procurements in excess of \$100,000 must receive prior written approval from OEM in addition to any other approvals required by law applicable to Subrecipient. Justification for sole-source procurement in excess of \$100,000 should include a description of the program and what is being contracted for, an explanation of why it is necessary to contract noncompetitively, time constraints and any other pertinent information. Interagency agreements between units of government are excluded from this provision.
- iii. Subrecipient shall be alert to organizational conflicts of interest or non-competitive practices among contractors that may restrict or eliminate competition or otherwise restrain trade. Contractors that develop or draft specifications, requirements, statements of work, or Requests for Proposals (RFP) for a proposed procurement shall be excluded from bidding or submitting a proposal to compete for the award of such procurement. Any request for exemption must be submitted in writing to OEM.
- iv. Subrecipient agrees that, to the extent it uses contractors, such contractors shall use small, minority, women-owned or disadvantaged business concerns and contractors or subcontractors to the extent practicable.

b. Purchases and Management of Property and Equipment; Records. Subrecipient agrees to comply with all applicable federal requirements referenced in Exhibit B, Section II.C.1 to this Agreement and procedures for managing and maintaining records of all purchases of property and equipment will, at a minimum, meet the following requirements:

- i. All property and equipment purchased under this agreement, whether by Subrecipient or a contractor, will be conducted in a manner providing full and open competition and in accordance with all applicable procurement requirements, including without limitation ORS chapters 279A, 279B, 279C, and purchases shall be recorded and maintained in Subrecipient's property or equipment inventory system.
- ii. Subrecipient's property and equipment records shall include: a description of the property or equipment; the manufacturer's serial number, model number, or other identification number; the source of the property or equipment, including the Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance (CFDA) number; name of person or entity holding title to the property or equipment; the acquisition date; cost and percentage of Federal participation in the cost; the location, use and condition of the property or equipment; and any ultimate disposition data including the date of disposal and sale price of the property or equipment.
- iii. A physical inventory of the property and equipment must be taken and the results reconciled with the property and equipment records at least once every two years.
- iv. Subrecipient must develop a control system to ensure adequate safeguards to prevent loss, damage, or theft of the property and equipment. Subrecipient shall investigate any loss, damage, or theft and shall provide the results of the investigation to OEM upon request.

- v. Subrecipient must develop, or require its contractors to develop, adequate maintenance procedures to keep the property and equipment in good condition.
 - vi. If Subrecipient is authorized to sell the property or equipment, proper sales procedures must be established to ensure the highest possible return.
 - vii. Subrecipient agrees to comply with 2 CFR 200.313 pertaining to use and disposal of equipment purchased with Grant Funds, including when original or replacement equipment acquired with Grant Funds is no longer needed for the original project or program or for other activities currently or previously supported by a federal agency.
 - viii. Subrecipient shall require its contractors to use property and equipment management requirements that meet or exceed the requirements provided herein applicable to all property and equipment purchased with Grant Funds.
 - ix. Subrecipient shall, and shall require its contractors to, retain, the records described in this Section 9.b. for a period of six years from the date of the disposition or replacement or transfer at the discretion of OEM. Title to all property and equipment purchased with Grant Funds shall vest in Subrecipient if Subrecipient provides written certification to OEM that it will use the property and equipment for purposes consistent with the Emergency Management Performance Grant Program.
- c. Subagreement indemnity; insurance.** Subrecipient's subagreement(s) shall require the other party to such subagreements(s) that is not a unit of local government as defined in ORS 190.003, if any, to indemnify, defend, save and hold harmless OEM and its officers, employees and agents from and against any and all claims, actions, liabilities, damages, losses, or expenses, including attorneys' fees, arising from a tort, as now or hereafter defined in ORS 30.260, caused, or alleged to be caused, in whole or in part, by the negligent or willful acts or omissions of the other party to Subrecipient's subagreement or any of such party's officers, agents, employees or subcontractors ("Claims"). It is the specific intention of the Parties that OEM shall, in all instances, except for Claims arising solely from the negligent or willful acts or omissions of OEM, be indemnified by the other party to Subrecipient's subagreement(s) from and against any and all Claims.

Any such indemnification shall also provide that neither Subrecipient's contractor(s) nor any attorney engaged by Subrecipient's contractor(s) shall defend any claim in the name of OEM or any agency of the State of Oregon (collectively "State"), nor purport to act as legal representative of the State or any of its agencies, without the prior written consent of the Oregon Attorney General. The State may, at any time at its election, assume its own defense and settlement in the event that it determines that Subrecipient's contractor is prohibited from defending State or that Subrecipient's contractor is not adequately defending State's interests, or that an important governmental principle is at issue or that it is in the best interests of State to do so. State reserves all rights to pursue claims it may have against Subrecipient's contractor if State elects to assume its own defense.

Subrecipient shall require the other party, or parties, to each of its subagreements that are not units of local government as defined in ORS 190.003 to obtain and maintain insurance of the types and in the amounts provided in Exhibit C to this Agreement.

10. Termination

- a. Termination by OEM.** OEM may terminate this Agreement effective upon delivery of written notice of termination to Subrecipient, or at such later date as may be established by OEM in such written notice, if:
- i. Subrecipient fails to perform the Project within the time specified herein or any extension thereof or commencement, continuation, or timely completion of the Project by Subrecipient is, for any reason, rendered improbable, impossible, or illegal; or
 - ii. OEM fails to receive funding, appropriations, limitations, or other expenditure authority sufficient to allow OEM, in the exercise of its reasonable administrative discretion, to continue to make payments for performance of this Agreement; or
 - iii. Federal or state laws, rules, regulations, or guidelines are modified or interpreted in such a way that the Project is no longer allowable or no longer eligible for funding under this Agreement; or
 - iv. The Project would not produce results commensurate with the further expenditure of funds; or
 - v. Subrecipient takes any action pertaining to this Agreement without the approval of OEM and which under the provisions of this Agreement would have required the approval of OEM.
 - vi. OEM determines there is a material misrepresentation, error, or inaccuracy in Subrecipient's application.
- b. Termination by Subrecipient.** Subrecipient may terminate this Agreement effective upon delivery of written notice of termination to OEM, or at such later date as may be established by Subrecipient in such written notice, if:
- i. The requisite local funding to continue the Project becomes unavailable to Subrecipient; or
 - ii. Federal or state laws, rules, regulations, or guidelines are modified or interpreted in such a way that the Project is no longer allowable or no longer eligible for funding under this Agreement.
- c. Termination by Either Party.** Either Party may terminate this Agreement upon at least ten days' notice to the other Party and failure of the other Party to cure within the period provided in the notice, if the other Party fails to comply with any of the terms of this Agreement.
- d. Settlement upon Termination.** Immediately upon termination under Sections 10.a.i., v. or vi., no Grant Funds shall be disbursed by OEM, and Subrecipient shall return to OEM Grant Funds previously disbursed to Subrecipient by OEM in accordance with Section 6.c and the terminating party may pursue additional remedies in law or equity. Upon termination pursuant to any other provision in this Section 10, no further Grant Funds shall be disbursed by OEM and Subrecipient shall return funds to OEM in accordance with Section 6.c, except that Subrecipient may pay, and OEM shall disburse, funds for obligations incurred and approved by OEM up to the day that the non-terminating party receives the notice of termination. Termination of this Agreement does not relieve Subrecipient of any other term of this Agreement that may survive termination, including without limitation Sections 11.a and c.

11. GENERAL PROVISIONS

- a. Indemnity.** To the extent authorized by law, Recipient shall defend (subject to ORS chapter 180), indemnify, save, and hold harmless OEM and its officers, employees, and agents from and against any and all claims, suits, actions, proceedings, losses, damages, liability, and court awards including costs, expenses, and attorneys' fees incurred related to any actual or alleged act or

omission by Recipient, or its employees, agents, or contractors. This Section shall survive expiration or termination of this Agreement.

- b. **Dispute Resolution.** The Parties shall attempt in good faith to resolve any dispute arising out of this Agreement. In addition, the Parties may agree to utilize a jointly selected mediator or arbitrator (for non-binding arbitration) to resolve the dispute short of litigation. Each party shall bear its own costs incurred under this Section 11.b.
- c. **Responsibility for Grant Funds.** Any recipient of Grant Funds, pursuant to this Agreement with OEM, shall assume sole liability for that recipient's breach of the conditions of this Agreement, and shall, upon such recipient's breach of conditions that requires OEM to return funds to the FEMA, hold harmless and indemnify OEM for an amount equal to the funds received under this Agreement; or if legal limitations apply to the recipient's indemnification ability, the indemnification amount shall be the maximum amount of funds available for expenditure, including any available contingency funds or other available non-appropriated funds, up to the amount received under this Agreement.
- d. **Amendments.** This Agreement may be amended or extended only by a written instrument signed by both Parties and approved as required by applicable law.
- e. **Duplicate Payment.** Subrecipient is not entitled to compensation or any other form of duplicate, overlapping or multiple payments for the same work performed under this Agreement from any agency of the State of Oregon or the United States of America or any other party, organization or individual.
- f. **No Third Party Beneficiaries.** OEM and Subrecipient are the only Parties to this Agreement and are the only Parties entitled to enforce its terms. Nothing in this Agreement gives, is intended to give, or shall be construed to give or provide any benefit or right, whether directly or indirectly, to a third person unless such a third person is individually identified by name herein and expressly described as an intended beneficiary of the terms of this Agreement.

Subrecipient acknowledges and agrees that the Federal Government, absent express written consent by the Federal Government, is not a party to this Agreement and shall not be subject to any obligations or liabilities to Subrecipient, contractor or any other party (whether or not a party to the Agreement) pertaining to any matter resulting from this Agreement.

- g. **Notices.** Except as otherwise expressly provided in this Section, any communications between the parties hereto or notice to be given hereunder shall be given in writing by personal delivery, facsimile, email or mailing the same by registered or certified mail, postage prepaid to Subrecipient or OEM at the appropriate address or number set forth on the signature page of this Agreement, or to such other addresses or numbers as either party may hereafter indicate pursuant to this Section. Any communication or notice so addressed and sent by registered or certified mail shall be deemed delivered upon receipt or refusal of receipt. Any communication or notice delivered by facsimile shall be deemed to be given when receipt of the transmission is generated by the transmitting machine. Any communication or notice by personal delivery shall be deemed to be given when actually delivered. Any communication by email shall be deemed to be given when the recipient of the email acknowledges receipt of the email. The parties also may communicate by telephone, regular mail, or other means, but such communications shall not be deemed Notices under this Section unless receipt by the other party is expressly acknowledged in writing by the receiving party.

- h. Governing Law, Consent to Jurisdiction.** This Agreement shall be governed by, construed in accordance with, and enforced under the laws of the State of Oregon without regard to principles of conflicts of law. Any claim, action, suit or proceeding (collectively, "Claim") between OEM (or any other agency or department of the State of Oregon) and Subrecipient that arises from or relates to this Agreement shall be brought and conducted solely and exclusively within the Circuit Court of Marion County in the State of Oregon. In no event shall this section be construed as a waiver by the State of Oregon of any form of defense or immunity, whether sovereign immunity, governmental immunity, immunity based on the eleventh amendment to the Constitution of the United States or otherwise, from any Claim or from the jurisdiction of any court. Each party hereby consents to the exclusive jurisdiction of the Circuit Court of Marion County in the State of Oregon, waives any objection to venue, and waives any claim that such forum is an inconvenient forum.
- i. Compliance with Law.** Subrecipient shall comply with all federal, state, and local laws, regulations, executive orders, and ordinances applicable to the Agreement or to the implementation of the Project, including without limitation as described in Exhibit B. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, Subrecipient expressly agrees to comply with (i) Title VI of Civil Rights Act of 1964; (ii) Title V and Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973; (iii) the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 and ORS 659A.142; (iv) all regulations and administrative rules established pursuant to the foregoing laws; and (v) all other applicable requirements of federal and state civil rights and rehabilitation statutes, rules, and regulations.
- j. Insurance; Workers' Compensation.** All employers, including Subrecipient, that employ subject workers who provide services in the State of Oregon shall comply with ORS 656.017 and provide the required Workers' Compensation coverage, unless such employers are exempt under ORS 656.126. Employer's liability insurance with coverage limits of not less than \$500,000 must be included. Subrecipient shall ensure that each of its subrecipient(s), contractor(s), and subcontractor(s) complies with these requirements.
- k. Independent Contractor.** Subrecipient shall perform the Project as an independent contractor and not as an agent or employee of OEM. Subrecipient has no right or authority to incur or create any obligation for or legally bind OEM in any way. OEM cannot and will not control the means or manner by which Subrecipient performs the Project, except as specifically set forth in this Agreement. Subrecipient is responsible for determining the appropriate means and manner of performing the Project. Subrecipient acknowledges and agrees that Subrecipient is not an "officer", "employee", or "agent" of OEM, as those terms are used in ORS 30.265, and shall not make representations to third parties to the contrary.
- l. Severability.** If any term or provision of this Agreement is declared by a court of competent jurisdiction to be illegal or in conflict with any law, the validity of the remaining terms and provisions shall not be affected, and the rights and obligations of the Parties shall be construed and enforced as if this Agreement did not contain the particular term or provision held to be invalid.
- m. Counterparts.** This Agreement may be executed in two or more counterparts (by facsimile or otherwise), each of which is an original and all of which together are deemed one agreement binding on all Parties, notwithstanding that all Parties are not signatories to the same counterpart.
- n. Integration and Waiver.** This Agreement, including all Exhibits and referenced documents, constitutes the entire agreement between the Parties on the subject matter hereof. There are no understandings, agreements, or representations, oral or written, not specified herein regarding this

Agreement. The delay or failure of either Party to enforce any provision of this Agreement shall not constitute a waiver by that Party of that or any other provision. Subrecipient, by the signature below of its authorized representative, hereby acknowledges that it has read this Agreement, understands it, and agrees to be bound by its terms and conditions.

THE PARTIES, by execution of this Agreement, hereby acknowledge that each Party has read this Agreement, understands it, and agrees to be bound by its terms and conditions.

SIGNATURE PAGE TO FOLLOW

MORROW COUNTY

By _____

Name _____
(printed)

Date _____

APPROVED AS TO LEGAL SUFFICIENCY
(If required for Subrecipient)

By _____
Subrecipient's Legal Counsel

Date _____

Subrecipient Program Contact:

Darrell Green
County Manager
Morrow County
110 N Court St.
PO Box 788
Heppner, OR 97836
541-676-2529
dgreen@co.morrow.or.us

Subrecipient Fiscal Contact:

Katherine Knop
Finance Director
Morrow County
PO Box 867
Heppner, OR 97836
541-676-5615
kknop@co.morrow.or.us

STATE OF OREGON, acting by through its Oregon
Military Department, Office of Emergency Management

By _____

Stephen Richardson
Mitigation and Individual Assistance Section Manager,
OEM

Date _____

APPROVAL FOR LEGAL SUFFICIENCY

By Samuel B. Zeigler via email
Senior Assistant Attorney General

Date: November 18, 2021

OEM Program Contact:

Jim Jungling
Program Coordinator, OEM
Oregon Military Department
Office of Emergency Management
PO Box 14370
Salem, OR 97309-5062
503-378-3552
jim.jungling@state.or.us

OEM Fiscal Contact:

Nicki Powers
Grants Accountant, OEM
Oregon Military Department
Office of Emergency Management
PO Box 14370
Salem, OR 97309-5062
503-378-3734
nicki.powers@state.or.us

EXHIBIT A

Project Description and Budget

I. Project Description

The FY2021 EMPG Program focuses on the development and sustainment of core capabilities as outlined in the National Preparedness Strategy. Particular emphasis is placed on building and sustaining capabilities that address high consequence events that pose the greatest risk to the security and resilience of the United States. Capabilities are the means to accomplish a mission, function, or objective based on the performance of related tasks, under specified conditions, to target levels of performance. The FY2021 EMPG Work Plan identifies the specific tasks to be performed towards the development and sustainment of core capabilities in Subrecipient's jurisdiction. The funds from this agreement are meant to supplement a portion of Subrecipient's day-to-day operational costs for Emergency Management, as outlined in Subrecipient's approved Work Plan. The Work Plan may be updated upon approval by OEM.

II. Budget

There is a 50% cash match requirement on this grant.

Grant Funds:	\$62,333
Match Funds:	\$62,333
Total Budget:	\$124,666

Personnel Services – Herbert Paul Gray	\$90,836
General Office Supplies	\$5,500
Other Supplies	\$4,000
Rent	\$
Phone	\$1,500
Other Utilities	\$
Contractual/Professional Services	\$2,000
Maintenance Costs	\$7,000
Travel/Vehicle Expenses/Mileage	\$7,000
Training/Workshops/Conferences	\$6,830
Cost Allocations/De Minimis	\$
Other	\$
Equipment	\$
Total (Grant plus Match)	\$124,666

EXHIBIT B

Federal Requirements and Certifications

I. General. Subrecipient agrees to comply with all federal requirements applicable to this Agreement. Those federal requirements include, without limitation, financial management and procurement requirements; requirements for maintaining accounting and financial records in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP); and all other financial, administrative, and audit requirements as set forth in the most recent versions of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), Department of Homeland Security (DHS) program legislation, and DHS/Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) regulations.

II. Specific Requirements and Certifications

- A. Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion.** Subrecipient certifies by accepting funds under this Agreement that neither it nor its principals are presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, nor voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction by any Federal department or agency (2 CFR 200.214).
- B. Standard Assurances and Certifications Regarding Lobbying.** Subrecipient is required to comply with 2 CFR 200.450 and the authorities cited therein, including 31 USC § 1352 and *New Restrictions on Lobbying* published at 55 Federal Register 6736 (February 26, 1990.)
- C. Compliance with Applicable Law.** Subrecipient agrees to comply with all applicable laws, regulations, program guidance, and guidelines of the State of Oregon, the Federal Government and OEM in the performance of this Agreement, including but not limited to:
1. Administrative Requirements set forth in 2 CFR Part 200, including without limitation:
 - a. Using Grant Funds only in accordance with applicable cost principles described in 2 CFR Subpart E, including that costs allocable to this Grant may not be charged to other Federal awards to overcome fund deficiencies, to avoid restrictions imposed by federal statutes, regulations or the terms of federal awards or other reasons;
 - b. Subrecipient must establish a Conflict of Interest policy applicable to any procurement contract or subawards made under this Agreement in accordance with 2 CFR 200.112. Conflicts of Interest must be disclosed in writing to the OEM within 5 calendar days of discovery including any information regarding measures to eliminate, neutralize, mitigate, or otherwise resolve the conflict of interest.
 2. USA Patriot Act of 2001, which amends 18 USC §§ 175-175c.
 3. Section 6 of the Hotel and Motel Fire Safety Act of 1990, 15 USC 2225(a).
 4. 31 USC 3729, prohibiting recipients of federal payments from submitting a false claim for payment. *See* 38 USC 3801-3812 detailing administrative remedies for false claims and statements made.
 5. 10 USC §§ 2409 and 2324 and 41 USC §§ 4712, 4304 and 4310 requiring compliance with whistleblower protections, as applicable.
 6. No supplanting. Grant Funds under this Agreement shall not replace funds that have been budgeted for the same purposes through non-Federal sources. Subrecipient may be required to

demonstrate and document that a reduction in non-Federal resources occurred for reasons other than receipt or expected receipt of Federal funds.

D. Non-discrimination and Civil Rights Compliance, Equal Employment Opportunity Program, and Services to Limited English Proficient (LEP) Persons.

- 1. Non-discrimination and Civil Rights Compliance.** Subrecipient, and all its contractors and subcontractors, assures compliance with all applicable nondiscrimination laws, including but not limited to:
 - a. Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, 42 USC § 2000d et seq., as amended, and related nondiscrimination regulations in 6 CFR Part 21 and 44 CFR Part 7.
 - b. Title VIII of the Civil Rights Act of 1968, 42 USC § 3601, as amended, and implementing regulations at 6 CFR Part 21 and 44 CFR Part 7.
 - c. Titles I, II, and III of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, as amended, 42 USC §§ 12101 – 12213.
 - d. Age Discrimination Act of 1975, 42 USC § 6101 et seq.
 - e. Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, as amended, 20 USC § 1681 et seq.
 - f. Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended, 29 USC § 794, as amended.
- 2. Equal Employment Opportunity Program.** Subrecipient, and any of its contractors and subcontractors, certifies that an equal employment opportunity program will be in effect on or before the effective date of this Agreement. Subrecipient must maintain a current copy on file.
- 3. Services to Limited English Proficient (LEP) Persons.** Subrecipient, and any of its contractors and subcontractors agrees to comply with the requirements Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 and Executive Order 13166, improving Access to Services for Persons with Limited English Proficiency, and resulting agency guidance, national origin and resulting agency guidance, national origin discrimination includes discrimination on the basis of LEP. To ensure compliance with Title VI, Subrecipient must take reasonable steps to ensure that LEP persons have meaningful access to your programs. Meaningful access may entail providing language assistance services, including oral and written translation, where necessary. Subrecipient is encouraged to consider the need for language services for LEP persons served or encountered both in developing budgets and in conducting programs and activities. For assistance additional information regarding LEP obligations, please see <http://www.lep.gov>.

E. Environmental and Historic Preservation.

- 1.** Subrecipient shall comply with all applicable Federal, State, and local environmental and historic preservation (EHP) requirements and shall provide any information requested by FEMA to ensure compliance with applicable environmental and historic preservation laws including but not limited to:
 - a. National Environmental Policy Act of 1969, as amended, 42 USC § 4321, and related FEMA regulations, 44 CFR Part 10.
 - b. National Historic Preservation Act, 16 USC § 470 et seq.
 - c. Endangered Species Act, 16 USC § 1531 et seq.

- d. Executive Orders on Floodplains (11988), Wetlands (11990) and Environmental Justice (12898).

Failure of Subrecipient to meet Federal, State, and local EHP requirements and obtain applicable permits may jeopardize Federal funding.

2. Subrecipient shall not undertake any project without prior EHP approval by FEMA, including but not limited to communications towers, physical security enhancements, new construction, and modifications to buildings, structures, and objects that are 50 years old or greater. Subrecipient must comply with all conditions placed on the project as the result of the EHP review. Any change to the approved project scope of work will require re-evaluation for compliance with these EHP requirements. If ground disturbing activities occur during project implementation, Subrecipient must ensure monitoring of ground disturbance and if any potential archeological resources are discovered, Subrecipient will immediately cease construction in that area and notify FEMA and the appropriate State Historic Preservation Office. Any construction activities that have been initiated without the necessary EHP review and approval will result in a non-compliance finding and will not be eligible for FEMA funding.
 3. For any of Subrecipient's or its contractors' or subcontractors' existing programs or activities that will be funded by these grant funds, Subrecipient, upon specific request from the U.S. DHS, agrees to cooperate with the U.S. DHS in any preparation by the U.S. DHS of a national or program environmental assessment of that funded program or activity.
- F. PROCUREMENT OF RECOVERED MATERIALS.** Subrecipient must comply with Section 6002 of the Solid Waste Disposal Act, as amended by the Resource Recovery and Conservation Act and in accordance with Environmental Protection Agency guidelines at 40 CFR Part 247.
- G. SAFECOM.** If the Grant Funds are for emergency communication equipment and related activities, Subrecipient must comply with SAFECOM Guidance for Emergency Communication Grants, including provisions on technical standards that ensure and enhance interoperable communications.
- H. Drug Free Workplace Requirements.** Subrecipient agrees to comply with the requirements of the Drug-Free Workplace Act of 1988, 41 USC § 701 et seq., as amended, and implementing regulations at 2 CFR Part 3001 which require that all organizations receiving grants (or subgrants) from any Federal agency agree to maintain a drug-free workplace. Subrecipient must notify this office if an employee of Subrecipient is convicted of violating a criminal drug statute. Failure to comply with these requirements may be cause for debarment.
- I. Human Trafficking (2 CFR Part 175).** Subrecipient must comply with requirements of Section 106(g) of the Trafficking Victims Protection Act of 2000, 22 USC § 7104, as amended and 2 CFR § 175.15.
- J. Fly America Act of 1974.** Subrecipient agrees to comply with the requirements of the Preference for U.S. Flag Air Carriers: (air carriers holding certificates under 49 USC § 41102) for international air transportation of people and property to the extent that such service is available, in accordance with the International Air Transportation Fair Competitive Practices Act of 1974, as amended, (49 USC § 40118) and the interpretative guidelines issued by the Comptroller General of the United States in the March 31, 1981, amendment to the Comptroller General Decision B138942.

- K. Activities Conducted Abroad.** Subrecipient agrees to comply with the requirements that project activities carried on outside the United States are coordinated as necessary with appropriate government authorities and that appropriate licenses, permits, or approvals are obtained.
- L. Acknowledgement of Federal Funding from DHS.** Subrecipient agrees to comply with requirements to acknowledge Federal funding when issuing statements, press releases, requests for proposals, bid invitations, and other documents describing projects or programs funded in whole or in part with Federal funds.
- M. Copyright.** Subrecipient shall affix the applicable copyright notices of 17 USC § 401 or 402 and an acknowledgement of Government sponsorship (including subgrant number) to any work first produced under an award unless the work includes any information that is otherwise controlled by the Government (e.g., classified information or other information subject to national security or export control laws or regulations). For any scientific, technical, or other copyright work based on or containing data first produced under this Agreement, including those works published in academic, technical or professional journals, symposia proceedings, or similar works, Subrecipient grants the Government a royalty-free, nonexclusive and irrevocable license to reproduce, display, distribute copies, perform, disseminate, or prepare derivative works, and to authorize others to do so, for Government purposes in all such copyrighted works.
- N. Patents and Intellectual Property Rights.** Unless otherwise provided by law, Subrecipient is subject the Bayh-Dole Act, 35 USC § 200 et seq., as amended, including requirements governing the development, reporting and disposition of rights to inventions and patents resulting from financial assistance awards, 37 CFR Part 401, and the standard patent rights clause in 37 CFR § 401.14.
- O. Use of DHS Seal, Logo, and Flags.** Subrecipient agrees to obtain DHS's approval prior to using the DHS seal(s), logos, crests or reproductions of flags or likenesses of DHS agency officials, including use of the United States Coast Guard seal, logo, crests or reproductions of flags or likenesses of Coast Guard officials.
- P. Personally Identifiable Information (PII).** Subrecipient, if it collects PII, is required to have a publicly available privacy policy that described what PII they collect, how they use it, whether they share it with third parties and how individuals may have their PII corrected where appropriate.
- Q. Federal Debt Status.** Subrecipient shall be non-delinquent in its repayment of any federal debt. Examples of relevant debt include delinquent payroll and other taxes, audit disallowances, benefit overpayments and any amounts due under Section 11.c of this Agreement. See OMB Circular A-129 for additional information and guidance.
- R. Construction Contracts.**
1. Except as otherwise provided under 41 CFR Part 60, all contracts that meet the definition of "federally assisted construction contract" in 41 CFR Part 60-1.3 must include the equal opportunity clause provided under 41 CFR 60-1.4(b), in accordance with Executive Order 11246, "Equal Employment Opportunity" (30 FR 12319, 12935, 3 CFR Part, 1964-1965 Comp., p. 339), as amended by Executive Order 11375, "Amending Executive Order 11246 Relating to Equal Employment Opportunity," and implementing regulations at 41 CFR part 60,

“Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs, Equal Employment Opportunity, Department of Labor.”

2. When required by Federal program legislation, all prime construction contracts in excess of \$2,000 awarded by non-Federal entities must include a provision for compliance with the Davis-Bacon Act (40 U.S.C. 3141–3144, and 3146–3148) as supplemented by Department of Labor regulations (29 CFR Part 5, “Labor Standards Provisions Applicable to Contracts Covering Federally Financed and Assisted Construction”).
 3. Contracts awarded by Grantee in excess of \$100,000 that involve the employment of mechanics or laborers must include a provision for compliance with 40 U.S.C. 3702 and 3704, as supplemented by Department of Labor regulations (29 CFR Part 5).
 4. Contracts and subgrants of amounts in excess of \$150,000 must contain a provision that requires the non-Federal award to agree to comply with all applicable standards, orders or regulations issued pursuant to the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7401–7671q) and the Federal Water Pollution Control Act as amended (33 U.S.C. 1251–1387).
- S. Funding Agreements.** If the Federal award meets the definition of “funding agreement” under 37 CFR § 401.2 (a) and Grantee wishes to enter into a contract with a small business firm or nonprofit organization regarding the substitution of parties, assignment or performance of experimental, developmental, or research work under that “funding agreement,” Grantee must comply with the requirements of 37 CFR Part 401, “Rights to Inventions Made by Nonprofit Organizations and Small Business Firms Under Government Grants, Contracts and Cooperative Agreements,” and any implementing regulations issued by the awarding agency.
- T. Terrorist Financing.** Subrecipient must comply with US Executive Order 13224 and US law that prohibits transactions with, and the provisions of resources and support to, individuals and organizations associated with terrorism. It is the legal responsibility of subrecipients to ensure compliance with the EO and laws.
- U. Federal Leadership on Reducing Text Messaging while Driving.** Subrecipient is encouraged to adopt and enforce policies that ban text messaging while driving as described in E.O. 13513, including conducting initiatives described in Section 3(a) of the Order when on official government business or when performing any work for or on behalf of the federal government.
- V. Energy Policy and Conservation Act.** Subrecipient must comply with the requirements of 42 USC § 6201 which contains policies relating to energy efficiency that are defined in the state energy conservation plan issues in compliance with the Act.
- W. DHS Specific Acknowledgements and Assurances.** All recipients, subrecipients, successors, transferees, and assignees must acknowledge and agree to comply with applicable provisions governing DHS access to records, accounts, documents, information, facilities, and staff.
1. Recipients must cooperate with any compliance reviews or compliance investigations conducted by DHS.
 2. Recipients must give DHS access to, and the right to examine and copy, records, accounts, and other documents and sources of information related to the federal financial assistance award and permit access to facilities, personnel, and other individuals and information as may be necessary, as required by DHS regulations and other applicable laws or program guidance.

3. Recipients must submit timely, complete, and accurate reports to the appropriate DHS officials and maintain appropriate backup documentation to support the reports.
4. Recipients must comply with all other special reporting, data collection, and evaluation requirements, as prescribed by law, or detailed in program guidance.
5. Recipients of federal financial assistance from DHS must complete the *DHS Civil Rights Evaluation Tool* within thirty (30) days of receipt of the Notice of Award or, for State Administrative Agencies, thirty (30) days from receipt of the DHS Civil Rights Evaluation Tool from DHS or its awarding component agency. After the initial submission for the first award under which this term applies, recipients are required to provide this information once every two (2) years if they have an active award, not every time an award is made. Recipients should submit the completed tool, including supporting materials, to CivilRightsEvaluation@hq.dhs.gov. This tool clarifies the civil rights obligations and related reporting requirements contained in the DHS Standard Terms and Conditions. Subrecipients are not required to complete and submit this tool to DHS. The evaluation tool can be found at <https://www.dhs.gov/publication/dhs-civil-rights-evaluation-tool>.

The DHS Office for Civil Rights and Civil Liberties will consider, in its discretion, granting an extension if the recipient identifies steps and a timeline for completing the tool. Recipients should request extensions by emailing the request to CivilRightsEvaluation@hq.dhs.gov prior to expiration of the 30-day deadline.

X. Nondiscrimination in Matters Pertaining to Faith-Based Organizations. It is DHS policy to ensure the equal treatment of faith-based organizations in social service programs administered or supported by DHS or its component agencies, enabling those organizations to participate in providing important social services to beneficiaries. Subrecipient must comply with the equal treatment policies and requirements contained in 6 C.F.R. Part 19 and other applicable statutes, regulations, and guidance governing the participations of faith-based organizations in individual DHS programs.

EXHIBIT C

Subagreement Insurance Requirements

GENERAL.

Subrecipient shall require in its first tier subagreements with entities that are not units of local government as defined in ORS 190.003, if any, to: i) obtain insurance specified under TYPES AND AMOUNTS and meeting the requirements under ADDITIONAL INSURED, "TAIL" COVERAGE, NOTICE OF CANCELLATION OR CHANGE, and CERTIFICATES OF INSURANCE before performance under the subagreement commences, and ii) maintain the insurance in full force throughout the duration of the subagreement. The insurance must be provided by insurance companies or entities that are authorized to transact the business of insurance and issue coverage in the State of Oregon and that are acceptable to OEM. Subrecipient shall not authorize work to begin under subagreements until the insurance is in full force. Thereafter, Subrecipient shall monitor continued compliance with the insurance requirements on an annual or more frequent basis. Subrecipient shall incorporate appropriate provisions in the subagreement permitting it to enforce compliance with the insurance requirements and shall take all reasonable steps to enforce such compliance. In no event shall Subrecipient permit work under a subagreement when Subrecipient is aware that the contractor is not in compliance with the insurance requirements. As used in this section, "first tier" means a subagreement in which Subrecipient is a Party.

TYPES AND AMOUNTS.

i. WORKERS COMPENSATION. Insurance in compliance with ORS 656.017, which requires all employers that employ subject workers, as defined in ORS 656.027, to provide workers' compensation coverage for those workers, unless they meet the requirement for an exemption under ORS 656.126(2). Employers' liability insurance with coverage limits of not less than \$500,000 must be included.

ii. COMMERCIAL GENERAL LIABILITY.

Commercial General Liability Insurance covering bodily injury, death, and property damage in a form and with coverages that are satisfactory to State. This insurance shall include personal injury liability, products and completed operations. Coverage shall be written on an occurrence form basis, with not less than the following amounts as determined by OEM:

Bodily Injury, Death and Property Damage:

\$1,000,000 per occurrence for all claimants for claims arising out of a single accident or occurrence and \$2,000,000 annual aggregate.

iii. AUTOMOBILE Liability Insurance: Automobile Liability.

Automobile Liability Insurance covering all owned, non-owned and hired vehicles. This coverage may be written in combination with the Commercial General Liability Insurance (with separate limits for "Commercial General Liability" and "Automobile Liability"). Automobile Liability Insurance must be in not less than the following amounts as determined by OEM:

Bodily Injury, Death and Property Damage:

\$500,000 per occurrence (for all claimants for claims arising out of a single accident or occurrence).

ADDITIONAL INSURED. The Commercial General Liability Insurance and Automobile Liability insurance must include OEM, its officers, employees, and agents as Additional Insureds but only with respect to the contractor's activities to be performed under the Subcontract. Coverage must be primary and non-contributory with any other insurance and self-insurance.

"TAIL" COVERAGE. If any of the required insurance policies is on a "claims made" basis, such as professional liability insurance, the contractor shall maintain either "tail" coverage or continuous "claims made" liability coverage, provided the effective date of the continuous "claims made" coverage is on or before the effective date of the Subcontract, for a minimum of 24 months following the later of : (i) the contractor's completion and Subrecipient's acceptance of all Services required under the Subcontract or, (ii) the expiration of all warranty periods provided under the Subcontract. Notwithstanding the foregoing 24-month requirement, if the contractor elects to maintain "tail" coverage and if the maximum time period "tail" coverage reasonably available in the marketplace is less than the 24-month period described above, then the contractor may request and OEM may grant approval of the maximum "tail " coverage period reasonably available in the marketplace. If OEM approval is granted, the contractor shall maintain "tail" coverage for the maximum time period that "tail" coverage is reasonably available in the marketplace.

NOTICE OF CANCELLATION OR CHANGE. The contractor or its insurer must provide 30 days' written notice to Subrecipient before cancellation of, material change to, potential exhaustion of aggregate limits of, or non-renewal of the required insurance coverage(s).

CERTIFICATE(S) OF INSURANCE. Subrecipient shall obtain from the contractor a certificate(s) of insurance for all required insurance before the contractor performs under the Subcontract. The certificate(s) or an attached endorsement must specify: i) all entities and individuals who are endorsed on the policy as Additional Insured and ii) for insurance on a "claims made" basis, the extended reporting period applicable to "tail" or continuous "claims made" coverage.

INSURANCE REQUIREMENT REVIEW. Recipient agrees to periodic review of insurance requirements by OEM under this Agreement and to provide updated requirements as mutually agreed upon by OEM and Recipient.

OEM ACCEPTANCE. All insurance providers are subject to OEM acceptance. If requested by OEM, Recipient shall provide complete copies of its Contractors' insurance policies, endorsements, self-insurance documents and related insurance documents to OEM's representatives responsible for verification of the insurance coverages required under this Exhibit C.

Exhibit D

Information required by 2 CFR 200.332(a)

1. Federal Award Identification:
 - (i) Sub-recipient name (which must match the name associated with its unique entity identifier):
Morrow County (DUNS)
 - (ii) Sub-recipient's unique entity identifier: 010741189 (DUNS)
 - (iii) Federal Award Identification Number (FAIN): EMS-2021-EP-00002-S01
 - (iv) Federal Award Date: October 1, 2020
 - (v) Sub-award Period of Performance Start and End Date: From July 1, 2021 to June 30, 2022
 - (vi) Sub-award Budget Period Start and End Date: July 1, 2021 to June 30, 2022
 - (vii) Amount of Federal Funds Obligated by this Agreement: \$62,333
 - (viii) Total Amount of Federal Funds Obligated to the Subrecipient by the pass-through entity including this Agreement: * \$62,333
 - (ix) Total Amount of Federal Award committed to the subrecipient by the pass-through entity: \$62,333
 - (x) Federal award project description: Emergency Management Performance Grant (EMPG) Program provides resources to assist state, local, tribal, and territorial governments in preparing for all hazards, as authorized by the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act (Stafford Act) (42 U.S.C. 5121 et seq.).
 - (xi) (a) Name of Federal awarding agency: U.S. Department of Homeland Security, Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA)
(b) Name of pass-through entity: Oregon Military Department, Office of Emergency Management
(c) Contact information for awarding official of the pass-through entity: Andrew Phelps, Director, PO Box 14370, Salem, OR 97309-5062
 - (xii) CFDA Number and Name: 97.042, Emergency Management Performance Grants
Amount: \$5,375,140
 - (xiii) Is Award R&D? No
 - (xiv) Indirect cost rate for the Federal award: 9.5%
2. Subrecipient's indirect cost rate: 0%

*The Total amount of Federal Funds Obligated to the Subrecipient by the pass-through entity is the Total Amount of Federal Funds Obligated to the Subrecipient by the pass-through entity during the current Federal fiscal year.



AGENDA ITEM COVER SHEET
Morrow County Board of Commissioners
 (Page 1 of 2)

(For BOC Use)
 Item #
 5h

Please complete for each agenda item submitted for consideration by the Board of Commissioners
(See notations at bottom of form)

Presenter at BOC: Darrell Green
 Department: Administration
 Short Title of Agenda Item:
(No acronyms please)

Date submitted to reviewers:
 Requested Agenda Date: 1/19/2022

Courthouse Feasibility Study Options for Association of Oregon Counties - Oregon Judicial Department Task Force Presentation

This Item Involves: (Check all that apply for this meeting.)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Order or Resolution	<input type="checkbox"/> Appointments
<input type="checkbox"/> Ordinance/Public Hearing:	<input type="checkbox"/> Update on Project/Committee
<input type="checkbox"/> 1st Reading <input type="checkbox"/> 2nd Reading	<input type="checkbox"/> Consent Agenda Eligible
<input type="checkbox"/> Public Comment Anticipated:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Discussion & Action
Estimated Time:	Estimated Time: 10 Minutes
<input type="checkbox"/> Document Recording Required	<input type="checkbox"/> Purchase Pre-Authorization
<input type="checkbox"/> Contract/Agreement	<input type="checkbox"/> Other

<input type="checkbox"/> N/A	<u>Purchase Pre-Authorizations, Contracts & Agreements</u>
Contractor/Entity:	
Contractor/Entity Address:	
Effective Dates – From:	Through:
Total Contract Amount:	Budget Line:
Does the contract amount exceed \$5,000? <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	

Reviewed By:

_____	DATE	Department Director	Required for all BOC meetings
Darrell Green	1-14-22	Administrator	Required for all BOC meetings
_____	DATE	County Counsel	*Required for all legal documents
_____	DATE	Finance Office	*Required for all contracts; other items as appropriate.
_____	DATE	Human Resources	*If appropriate

*Allow 1 week for review (submit to all simultaneously). When each office has notified the submitting department of approval, then submit the request to the BOC for placement on the agenda.

Note: All other entities must sign contracts/agreements before they are presented to the Board of Commissioners (originals preferred). Agendas are published each Friday afternoon, so requests must be received in the BOC Office by 1:00 p.m. on the Friday prior to the Board's Wednesday meeting. Once this form is completed, including County Counsel, Finance and HR review/sign-off (if appropriate), then submit it to the Board of Commissioners Office.

AGENDA ITEM COVER SHEET
Morrow County Board of Commissioners
(Page 2 of 2)

1. ISSUES, BACKGROUND, DISCUSSION AND OPTIONS (IF ANY):

The DLR Group conducted a feasibility study of Morrow County's Historic Courthouse and provided us with four options to consider.

We convened a committee comprised of Commissioner Lindsay, Trial Court Administrator Roy Blaine, Deputy Trial Court Administrator Irma Solis, District Attorney Justin Nelson, Assessor Mike Gorman, Finance Director Kate Knop, Maintenance Supervisor Tony Clement and myself.

The committee reviewed the options and would recommend to the Board of Commissioners to pursue Option 4. Option 4 is to build a new building or purchase an existing building for Circuit Court. The committee believes this is the best option for the long-term future of both the County's Historic Courthouse and Circuit Court to be able to provide the necessary functions and services to the citizens of Morrow County.

A cost analysis is attached to provide the potential financial impact of both Option 3 and 4.

2. FISCAL IMPACT:

3. SUGGESTED ACTION(S)/MOTION(S):

Make a recommendation of what option Morrow County should present to the AOC-OJD Court Facilities Task Force.

Attach additional background documentation as needed.

MORROW COUNTY
 Courthouse Renovation Options

Bundled Cost Options

OPTION 3	OPTION 4
Substantial Courthouse Reno, Addition & Seismic Upgrade	Courthouse Reno & Seismic Upgrade PLUS New Building

Project Costs:

Construction Cost Estimate	\$ 16,054,000	\$ 17,931,000
Additional Project Cost Estimate	<u>\$ 6,421,000</u>	<u>\$ 7,173,000</u>
Total Cost Estimate	\$ 22,475,000	\$ 25,104,000
Grant Match Estimate 50%	\$ 11,237,500	\$ 12,552,000

Funding Available:

#227 - Capital Improvement Projects		
Allocated to Courthouse Repairs	\$ 1,500,000	\$ 1,500,000
Remaining Match Needed	\$ 9,737,500	\$ 11,052,000

Other Possible Sources:

#227 - Capital Improvement Projects		
Allocated to Additional Space	\$ 248,000	\$ 248,000
#241 - Building Improvement Fund		
Appropriated FY2021-2022	\$ 500,000	\$ 500,000
Unappropriated FY2021-2022	<u>\$ 338,623</u>	<u>\$ 338,623</u>
Additional Funding Needed	\$ 8,650,877	\$ 9,965,377

6a

Juvenile Department Quarterly Report to the Board of County Commissioners

Director: Christy Kenny

Report Date: January 14, 2022

Updates/Notes

On January 1, 2022 SB 575 began and our office has now had three cases that have been deemed eligible for expunction under this new bill. Crystal Jaeger, our Office Support Specialist has been working on updating all of our forms and has created a process to complete the expungement on these cases. I have provided documentation to the DA's Office, Circuit Court, Sheriff's Office and Boardman PD explaining the changes that has taken place with this new bill. Legislation also approved a budget note with SB 575 that will allow all juvenile departments in the State to submit a reimbursement request to Oregon Youth Authority (OYA) for each case that has been expunged. This was to help provide monetary support to those counties that had to hire additional staff to complete the expungement process. From the time a youth is eligible for expungement, the juvenile department has 90 days to complete the process.

We have moved into our new offices in the Irrigon building and excited to be working more closely with the Sheriff's Office, Veterans Department, Justice Court and Planning Department.

Sherry Wright, our Juvenile Probation Counselor unfortunately will be leaving our office at the end of January. She will be missed and we wish her the best in her new endeavors.

Christy is participating in the High Performance Leadership Academy, which is a 12-week program running from January through April. We are currently in our first week of the program and I can say that I am excited to be a part of this program and eager to learn more so that I can grow personally and professionally. I have shared some of my experiences with my staff and we continue to have great conversations about leadership and a positive mindset.

Respectfully submitted by:



Christy Kenny, Juvenile Department Director

Youth Report by Referral Received Date

Most severe offense per youth in referral date range, grouped by Crime Group, ORS Chapter Rollup and Offense Category Rollup

Original Referral County: **Morrow**
 Start Date: **10/1/2021**
 End Date: **12/31/2021**

Crime Group	Total		Gender			Age at Referral			Race/Ethnicity					
	#	% of Grand	F	M	U	< 13	13 to 15	> 15	Afr Amer	Asian	Hisp	Native Amer	Other	White
<u>Criminal Person</u>														
Assault	1		1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
Sex Offense	1		0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Total Person	2		1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2
<u>Property</u>														
Burglary	1		0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Criminal Mischief	2		1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1
Total Property	3		1	2	0	1	1	1	0	0	2	0	0	1
<u>Criminal Other</u>														
Criminal Other	1		1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0
Total Criminal Other	1		1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0
<u>Total Criminal</u>	6	100.0%	3	3	0	2	1	3	0	0	3	0	0	3
% of Demographic	100%		50.0%	50.0%	0.0%	33.3%	16.7%	50.0%	0.0%	0.0%	50.0%	0.0%	0.0%	50.0%
Total Youth	6	100%	3	3	0	2	1	3	0	0	3	0	0	3
% of Demographic	100%		50.0%	50.0%	0.0%	33.3%	16.7%	50.0%	0.0%	0.0%	50.0%	0.0%	0.0%	50.0%

ORS Type by ORS Class Code

ORS Type	A	C	Total Youth
Felony	1	1	2
Misdemeanor	4	0	4
Total Youth	5	1	6



AGENDA ITEM COVER SHEET
Morrow County Board of Commissioners
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(For BOC Use)
Item #
6b

Please complete for each agenda item submitted for consideration by the Board of Commissioners
(See notations at bottom of form)

Presenter at BOC: Katie Imes
Department: The Loop - Public Transit
Short Title of Agenda Item: Quarterly Update
(No acronyms please)

Date submitted to reviewers: 1/13/22
Requested Agenda Date: 1/19/22

This Item Involves: (Check all that apply for this meeting.)
Order or Resolution
Ordinance/Public Hearing:
1st Reading 2nd Reading
Public Comment Anticipated:
Estimated Time:
Document Recording Required
Contract/Agreement
Appointments
Update on Project/Committee
Consent Agenda Eligible
Discussion & Action
Estimated Time:
Purchase Pre-Authorization
Other

N/A
Purchase Pre-Authorizations, Contracts & Agreements
Contractor/Entity:
Contractor/Entity Address:
Effective Dates - From: Through:
Total Contract Amount: Budget Line:
Does the contract amount exceed \$5,000? Yes No

Reviewed By:

Department Director Required for all BOC meetings
Administrator Required for all BOC meetings
County Counsel *Required for all legal documents
Finance Office *Required for all contracts; other items as appropriate.
Human Resources *If appropriate

Note: All other entities must sign contracts/agreements before they are presented to the Board of Commissioners (originals preferred). Agendas are published each Friday afternoon, so requests must be received in the BOC Office by 1:00 p.m. on the Friday prior to the Board's Wednesday meeting. Once this form is completed, including County Counsel, Finance and HR review/sign-off (if appropriate), then submit it to the Board of Commissioners Office.

AGENDA ITEM COVER SHEET
Morrow County Board of Commissioners
(Page 2 of 2)

1. ISSUES, BACKGROUND, DISCUSSION AND OPTIONS (IF ANY):

Quarterly update attached

2. FISCAL IMPACT:

N/A

3. SUGGESTED ACTION(S)/MOTION(S):

N/A

Attach additional background documentation as needed.



THE LOOP - MORROW CO. TRANSPORTATION

P.O. Box 495 · Heppner, Oregon 97836 · (541) 676-5667 · 1-855-644-4560

The Loop
 Quarterly Update
 January 19th, 2022

Driver Status and Ridership

TOTAL QUARTERLY RIDES, CANCELLATIONS & DENIALS
 October to December 2021

October 2021					
City	Rides	Cancellations		Denied	
		All	Vet	All	Vet
Boardman	70				
Irrigon	127	14	0	3	3
Heppner	99				
Total	296				

November 2021					
City	Rides	Cancellations		Denied	
		All	Vet	All	Vet
Boardman	66				
Irrigon	99	19	6	17	4
Heppner	128				
Total	293				

December 2021					
City	Rides	Cancellations		Denied	
		All	Vet	All	Vet
Boardman	36				
Irrigon	88	21	3	5	1
Heppner	107				
Total	231				

Quarterly Totals	Rides	Cancellations		Denials	
	820	54	9	25	8
		All	Vets	All	Vets

CURRENT DRIVERS

HEPPNER

Jesse Husband

IRRIGON

Connie Shultz

Brenda Aliangan

Ron Aliangan

Bobbie Veatch

BOARDMAN

Phyllis Gilbertson

John Blazer

CONTRACTED SERVICES

Kayak
 Irrigon Riders
 Service Days

70

Good Shepard
 Carevan
 Trips

N/A

- Part-time Driver Positions
We are continuing to advertise this position but only for Heppner, Lexington and Ione communities. We currently have one application pending.
- Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act
Implications for Oregon – see attachment, highlights specific to public transit listed.
 - \$8M increase in FTA funding
 - \$700M increase to Capital Investment Grant for urban infrastructure
 - \$43% increase in funding for Buses, Bus Facilities and Low/No Emissions
 - Fleet and workforce transition planning eligible under FTA 5339
- Upcoming Grant Opportunities
ODOT has released several grant applications, we plan on applying for all these grants.
 - 5310 Discretionary – DR Operations
 - 5339 – DR Vehicle Replacement
 - 5339 – Bus Facility A/E fees
 - Covid Relief – Hazard Pay
 - Rural Veterans Healthcare Transportation – DR Operations
- Weekly Shopper
The weekly shopper has been in service since September 2021, the Heppner, Lexington and Ione Shopper has had a successful ridership response, while the Boardman/Irrigon Shopper has been slow to receive ridership. We continue to advertise the service in our local newspapers, online and with brochures.
- POM-Boardman Circular and the Hermiston-Boardman Connector

Bus delivery for this route is still unknown due to supply chain issues. The Loop, Kayak and Umatilla County’s Transit Coordinator’s continue to evaluate progress toward implementing these routes.
- Current Projects

Bus/Transit Facility planning project is underway with Pivot Architecture. Pivot will assist with site selection and design schematics.

RFP- Coordinated Human Services Transportation Plan update was released January 13th, 2022. Proposals are due February 10th, 2022.

iTransit Hardware has been installed in our two buses, we are in the process of training.

Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act Implications for Oregon

Presentation to the Public Transportation Advisory Committee
December 2021

Background: Infrastructure, Investment and Jobs Act Headlines

- \$1tn investment over 5 years of which
- \$567bn is for transportation related projects
- New programs for resilience and climate change
- Special funding for bridges and EV charging
- **\$100m** in discretionary grants

However...only **about half** of the \$567bn is new money, the rest is a reauthorization of existing programs.

Background: What's in it for Oregon?



\$200m for Public and Active Transportation (a 35% increase)

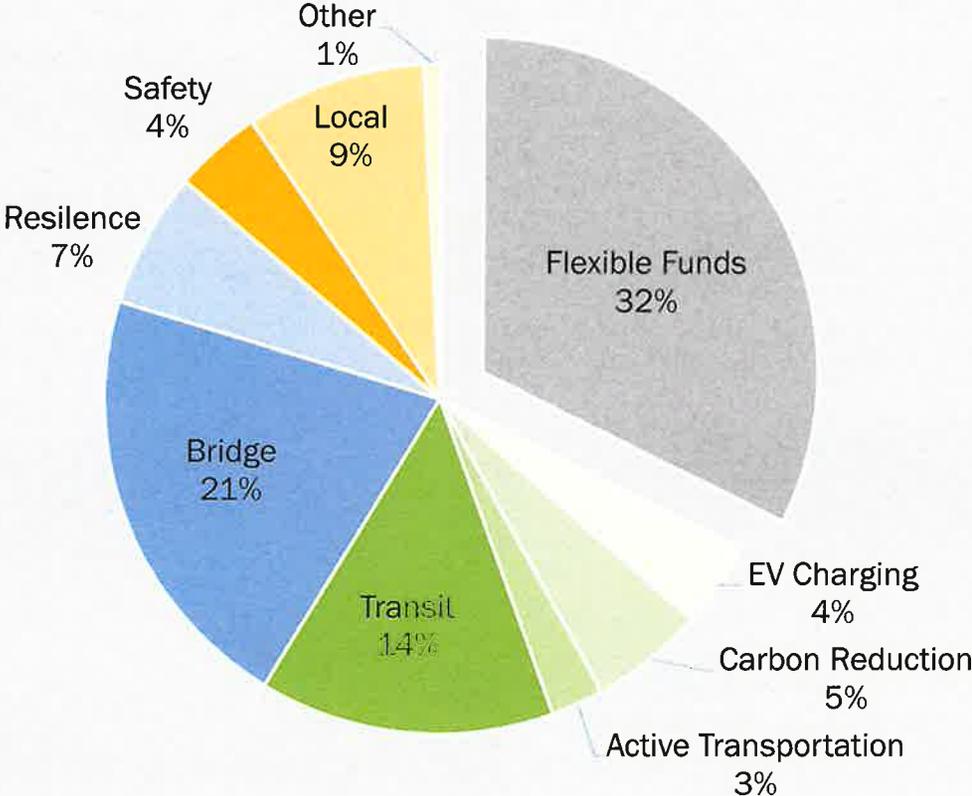


\$1bn for highways & special programs (a 38% increase)



Competitive Grants from a **\$36bn** nationwide fund

Background: What's in it for Oregon?



Background: IJA Funding Compared to HB 2017

In millions of dollars in state and federal FY 2026



IJA
■ Highways ■ Transit/Other

HB 2017

What does the IIJA mean for Public and Active Transportation?

- Nearly \$200 million in additional formula funding through the IIJA.
- \$30 million in additional direct funding for pedestrian and bicycle programs.
- Grants for GHG reduction and climate resilience.



Highlights: Active Transportation

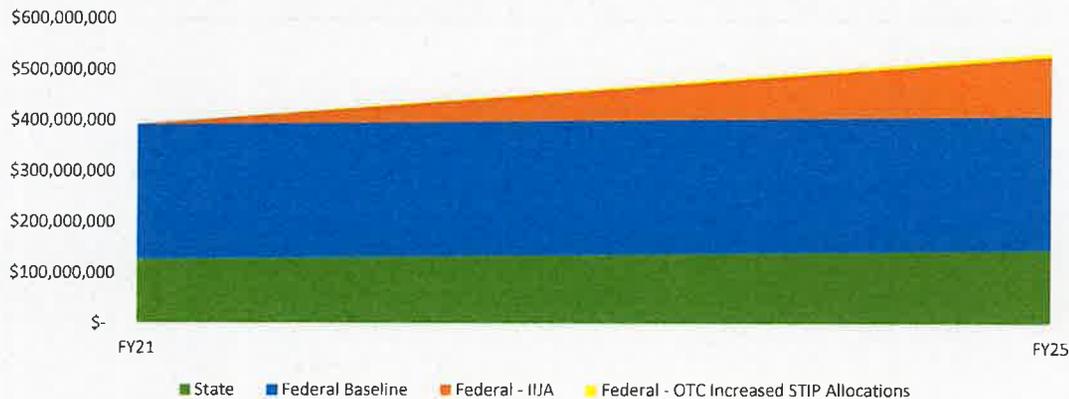
- New Transportation Alternatives 59/41 split between local and statewide allocations
- Safe Streets for All Grants
- Active Transportation Infrastructure Investment Program Grants
- Reconnecting Communities Pilot Program Grants



Public Transportation

Nearly \$200 million in additional funding for public transportation in rural and urban communities

Oregon Federal and State Public Transit Funding
FY 21 vs FY 25 (projected) excluding COVID Stimulus



Highlights: Public Transit

\$8M increase in FTA funding administered by ODOT

\$700M increase to Capital Investment Grant for urban infrastructure

43% increase in funding for Buses, Bus Facilities and Low/No Emissions Vehicles

Fleet and workforce transition planning eligible under FTA 5339



Highlights: GHG Reduction & Climate Resilience

- New Carbon Reduction Program will have \$82m for Oregon
- Bike, ped, transit and electrification all eligible
- About 1/3 will go to Portland, Salem and Eugene
- PROTECT Program has \$93.8m in formula funding for adaption and resilience
- AND \$250-300m/year in nationwide competitive grants



A worker in a high-visibility vest is positioned on a scissor lift at a construction site. The background shows a dense forest of trees under a clear sky. The overall scene is dimly lit, suggesting either early morning or late afternoon.

Our Strategy:

**Updating and Enhancing the 24-27 Statewide
Transportation Improvement Program (STIP)**

What is the STIP and what are our existing priorities?

- ODOT's primary discretionary fund
- Decided by the Oregon Transportation Commission on a 5 year basis
- 24-27 STIP decided by OTC in 2020
- IIJA crosses over the \$21-24 and 24-27 STIP cycles
- 24-27 STIP will go from about \$2.5bn to \$2.95bn if all other funding decisions remain fixed.



OTC/ODOT Strategic Action Plan Priorities



Equity

Prioritize diversity, equity, and inclusion by identifying and addressing systemic barriers to ensure all Oregonians benefit from transportation services and investments.



Modern Transportation System

Build, maintain, and operate a modern, multimodal transportation system to serve all Oregonians, address climate change, and help Oregon communities and economies thrive.

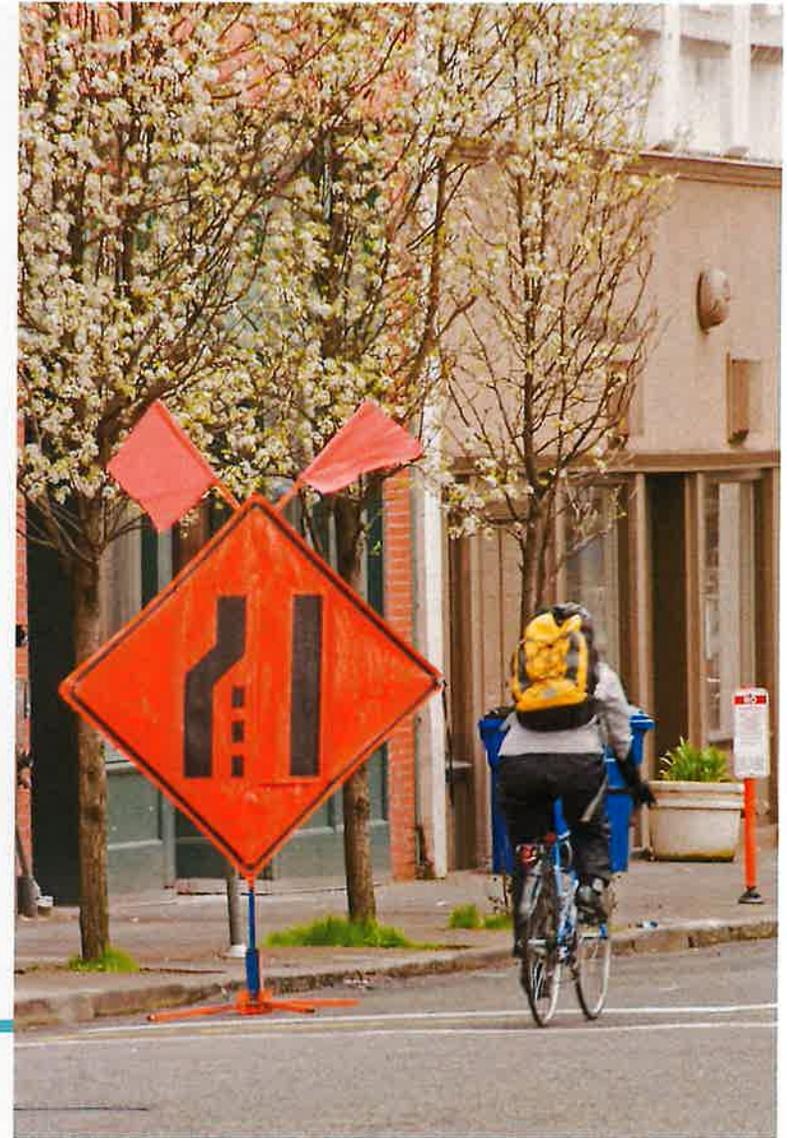


Sufficient and Reliable Funding

Seek sufficient and reliable funding to support a modern transportation system and a fiscally sound ODOT.

Themes of Public Input on the 2024-2027 STIP

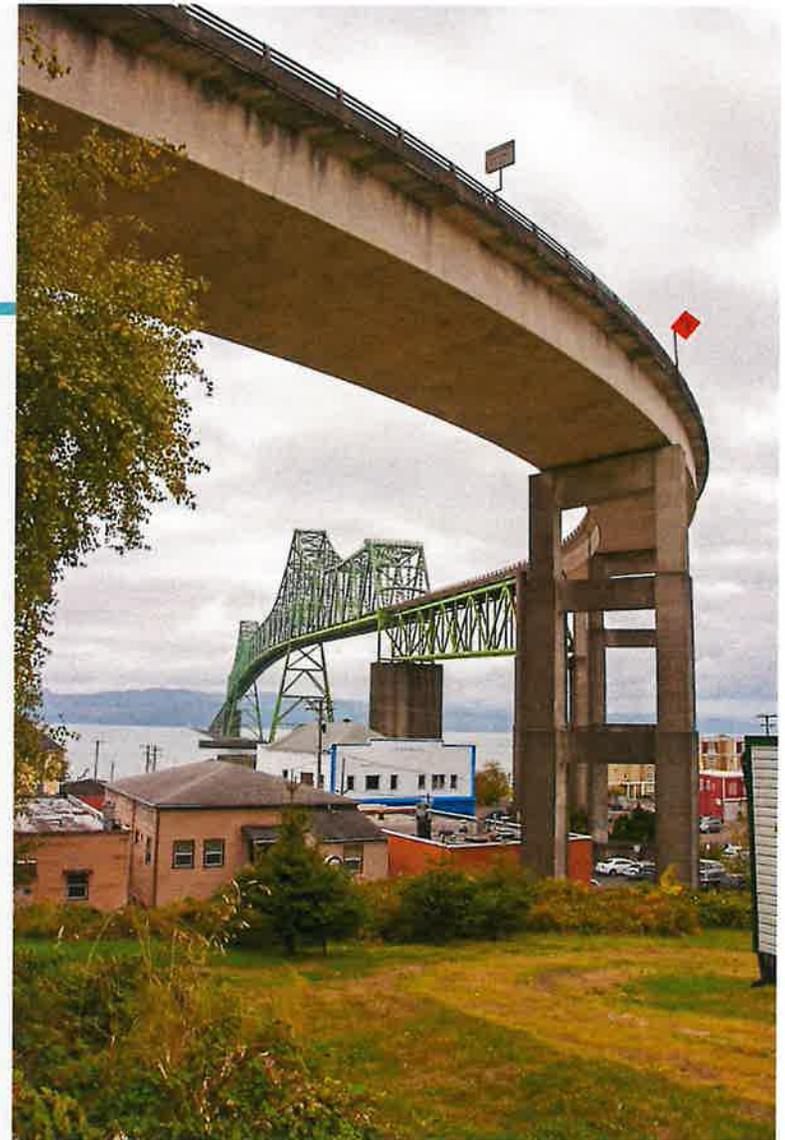
- Support to increase funding for Public and Active Transportation to advance equity, address climate, and enhance accessibility and mobility for all
- Support for Fix-It investments and reluctance to cut spending on bridge and pavement preservation to avoid accelerating system deterioration
- Support for Enhance Highway investments to reduce congestion and facilitate economic development



STIP Funding Allocations

Selected Funding Categories

Category	21-24 STIP	24-27 STIP
Fix-It	\$850m	\$800m
Public and Active Transportation	\$158m	\$255m
Enhance Highway	\$687m	\$175m
Safety	\$147m	\$147m
Local Programs	\$406m	\$405m
ADA Curb Ramps	\$316m	\$170m

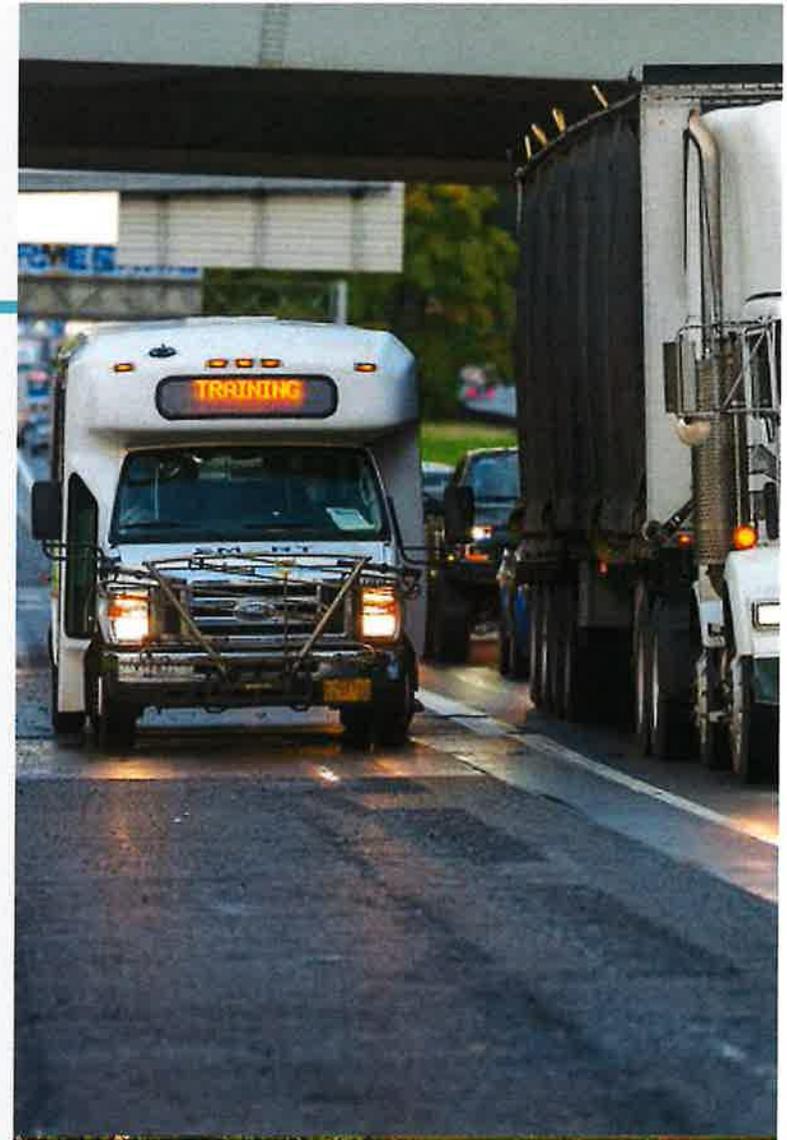


Timeline & Public Engagement Approach

	November	December	January	February	March
Stakeholder Engagement	Seek feedback on priorities for allocation of flexible funds		Public comment period on scenarios		
OTC	Briefing at November meeting		Feedback on draft scenarios	General discussion	Approve final funding allocation

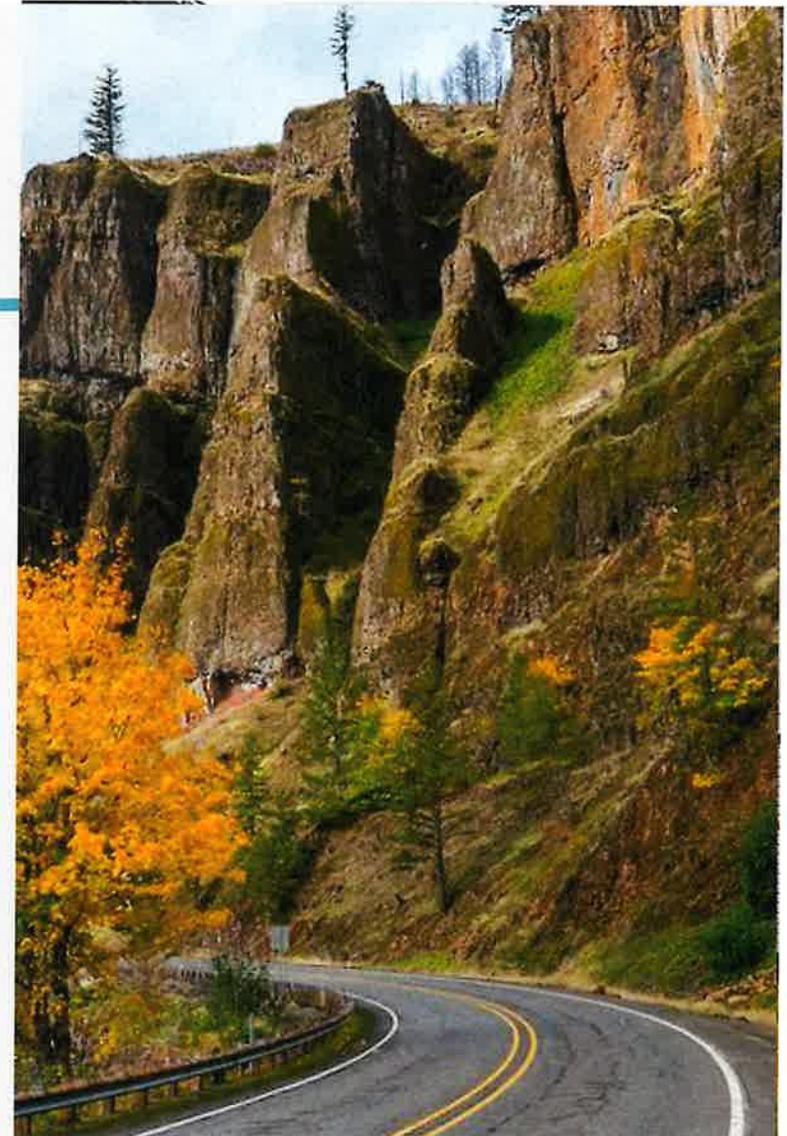
Our Questions for You:

- How should the OTC allocate flexible funding to build on 24-27 STIP investments and advance Oregon's transportation goals?
- Do the priorities expressed in 2020 remain or have these priorities changed in some ways?
- What are the specific priorities for investment of funds in public and active transportation?
- What can ODOT do to help local jurisdictions secure grants – especially Carbon Reduction and PROTECT?



How to Follow IIJA

- Subscribe to ODOT's STIP update list at public.govdelivery.com/accounts/ORDOT/subscriber/topics
- Visit ODOT's IIJA website at www.oregon.gov/odot/Pages/IIJA.aspx



How to Provide Feedback

- Submit comments and letters through OTC website at www.oregon.gov/odot/Get-Involved/Pages/OTC-Comments.aspx
- Watch for online open house in February
- Provide public comment at OTC meetings
 - January 20
 - February 17 (special meeting on IJA)
 - March 10
 - March 30 (special meeting on IJA)





MORROW COUNTY EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT

110 N Court St
Heppner, OR 97836
Phone: (541)676-5605

H Paul Gray
Emergency Manager

19 January 2022

Second Quarter activities within Emergency Management

1. On the continuation of the Emergency Operations Plan update: I have rewritten the Emergency Support Functions up to ESF 11 – Agriculture, Animals, and Natural Resources. I have finished reviewing ESF 1 – Transportation and ESF 3 – Public Works with past Director Matt Scrivner and Katie Imes with The Loop. I have sent out ESF 4 – Firefighting to the Fire Board and to all of the Morrow County Fire Departments. I am currently waiting to hear back from them to schedule a date to meet in person or virtually to go over the document.
2. In the second quarter I have completed 41.5 hours of training through FEMA and other organizations. I have received my Professional Continuity Practitioner Certification through FEMA.
3. I have completed Oregon Emergency Management's National Incident Management System Assessment and the County Capability Assessment Tool.
4. During December we had a real-world event that counted towards Oregon Emergency Management's Exercise requirement. This event was brought to my attention through an outside security firm that received an email from the US Coast Guard about a bomb threat. After finding out what I could about this threat, it was located in the Portland area and nowhere near Morrow County. After talking with the US Coast Guard, they let me know that we were not to be involved in the email thread that was emailed out and should never have known about the threat. I am working on being included somehow in future e-mailings.
5. I closed down the EOC meetings as of November 15, 2021. Near the end, we were having only one outside agency committing to attending. I changed the EOC operations to virtual and all agencies were instructed to send me any requests that they should have.
6. I met with the Ione City Council on October 13, 2021, for an introduction meeting. I went over what I could do to help their city and other aspects of my position.
7. I had a meeting up in Boardman with Umatilla County's Emergency Manager, Harney County's Emergency Manager, and our local Oregon Emergency Management Regional Coordinator.
8. On the evening of October 25, 2021, we had a virtual meeting of the Gilliam, Morrow, Umatilla Fire Defense Board.

9. On October 28, 2021, we had an Eastern Oregon Emergency Manager meeting at the Sheriff's Office in Umatilla County.
10. On November 9, 2021, I started joining the Morrow County Safety Committee Meetings.
11. The second week of December, I attended the Oregon State Sheriff's Association Conference with Sheriff Matlack and Undersheriff Bowles.
12. On December 28, 2021, I had a meeting with Dan Sharp as the temporary Director for Emergency Medical Services for Pioneer Hospital.

H Paul Gray



City of Boardman

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PUBLIC NOTICE

**The City of Boardman Planning Commission will hold a
Type III Public Hearing of the Appeal of a Type II
Land Use Decision ZP21-066
Wednesday, February 2, 2022 at 7:00 PM**

**This meeting is available to the public using:
<https://zoom.us/j/2860039400>**

The Boardman Planning Commission will meet on February 2, 2022, to consider an APPEAL of the December 22, 2021, Type II staff decision of ZP 21-066. The application was submitted by Umatilla Electric Co-op and seeks a zoning permit for a 230 kV transmission line in the Service Center Zone. The application is subject to the Boardman Development Code, Sections 2.2, 3.4 and 4.1. The subject site is tax lots #3205 and #3302 of Morrow County Tax Map 4N 25E 10. The application and related materials can be reviewed online or at Boardman City Hall. Copies are available at cost.

This hearing will be conducted in accordance with Boardman Development Code Section 4.1.500. Failure to raise an issue at the hearing either in person or in writing prohibits an appeal to the Land Use Board of Appeals on that basis. A copy of the staff report will be available seven days in advance of the hearing. For more information, contact Barry C. Beyeler, Community Development Director at (541) 481-9252.

Notice to mortgagee, lienholder, vendor, or seller: The City of Boardman Development Code requires that if you receive this notice it shall be promptly forwarded to the purchaser.

POSTED: January 7, 2022
PUBLISHED: January 8, 2022